THE DIGVIJAY
INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED
1948—HIGHLIGHTS

| | |
|---|---|
| New Business Received | Rs. 37,43,500 |
| Business Paid-for | Rs. 33,15,000 |
| Total Assets exceed | Rs. 14,00,000 |
| Paid-up Capital | Rs. 6,50,000 |

We invite you to join our COUNTRYWIDE ORGANISATION
Please contact:— H. N. ASHAR, Managing Director,
Dhan-Nur, Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

Regd. No. B. 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 104 | BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1949 | Price: 2 ANNAS

'FOREIGN LOVE' Saturated

Since last many years I suffered from High Blood Pressure; andI due to that I was severely pained with headache now and then. Sometimes I lost my conciousness. My eyesight also became slurred. I lost my temper over insignificant matters. Hair complains went on increasing (such as Hair falling, Hair becoming short, Hair becoming Grey prematurely). My sleep was disturbed by the nightmares late at night. The most outstanding complaint was that of mind and hair. All these complaints were removed by the use of "RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL" (Special No. 1). of Ramtirth Yogashram, Bombay 4. Before using this oil, I very much relied on Foreign Oils But lately I have develop liking for Indian oils, solely because my experiences as Foreign Oils have proved worthless. It is my genuine opinion that the "RAMTIRTH BRAHMI OIL" is advantageous in many respects.
(Sd). Miss Premlata Harshadkumar Diwan, Madras

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

# India No Party To Atlantic Pact

## COMPLETE NONSENSE, SAYS NEHRU

## Commonwealth Tie Merely To Avoid Isolation

LONDON, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Indian Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru denied suggestions which, he said, had been made that India had secretly agreed to become a party to the Atlantic Pact, when he addressed Indian students here tonight.

*NO SECRET AGREEMENTS*

"MUCH HAS BEEN SAID ABOUT THE AGREEMENT FOR INDIA TO STAY IN THE COMMONWEALTH," PANDIT NEHRU TOLD A GATHERING COMPOSED OF TWO REPRESENTATIVES EACH OF THE 23 INDIAN STUDENT'S ORGANISATIONS HERE.

"SOME MISINFORMED PEOPLE HAVE SUGGESTED THAT THERE HAVE BEEN SECRET AGREEMENTS AND THAT INDIA HAS BECOME A PARTY TO THE ATLANTIC PACT.

"In support of this it is suggested that the military mission has been sent to consult defence organisations here.

**"I categorically state that this is complete nonsense. We have no secret agreements and have joined no political bloc.**

"The decision to send the military mission had been made several months ago and it was purely for the purpose of purchase of stores and to study the possibility of setting up factories in India.

IN COMMONWEALTH

"We have chosen to stay in the Commonwealth because we did not want to live in isloation and because it confers on us benefits which do not take away our sovereign status.

"We could only contribute to the maintenance of peace in the world by being independent, and that is why we have decided to be independent."

Earlier, Pandit Nehru had spoken of India's role in Asia. With the disappearance of the European powers there had been a tremendous resurgence of nationalism all over Asia, he said.

This resurgence had both good and bad effect. In India the latter had expressed itself in the communal movement which resulted in the division of India.

After the partition, the Indian Prime Minister added, communalism had begun to express itself in Hindu and Sikh communalist organisations like the R.S.S. and the Akali Party.

COMMUNISTS

Pandit Nehru said another movement which had come up in the last 18 months in opposition was the Communists.

"Up to the time when we were struggling for independence they were with us," he said. "But now, for reasons best known to themselves, their methods of opposition have gone to the extent of breaking the peace."

**The Indian Government did not oppose criticism or expression of opinion, but when the security of the state itself was threatened, the Government could not tolerate that kind of opposition. "We have an example in Burma to warn us," Pandit Nehru said.**

One problem constantly facing the Government with regard to students was a peculiar attitude of opposition to all kinds of authority. Pandit Nehru gave as an example the desire of students to strike if more than the usual percentage of students failed in their examinations.

He thought there was an unhealthy respect for degrees both because they were required to get into the service and because of the price put on degrees in the marriage market — a remark which brought loud laughter from his audience.

TALKS WITH SHAW

Pandit Nehru said he discussed this subject when he saw the veteran playwright George Bernard Shaw last Friday. Shaw's Secretary then said she had no university degree, whereupon Shaw remarked that if she had one she would not have been working as his Secretary.

Pandit Nehru spoke of the recent visit to Hyderabad of Sardar Patel when students at Osmania University proposed his visit should be honoured by granting passes to all students who had failed in their examinations (laughter).

Some demands made by students had become unreasonable, the Indian Prime Minister said. The Government had recently formed a University Commission and the Students' Union had demanded representation on it. Taken to its logical conclusion, Pandit Nehru said, there would be a case for having representatives of high schools and even kindergarten on such bodies. This was trying to carry democracy to absurd lengths.

REPLIES TO QUESTIONS

Pandit Nehru spent fifteen minutes replying to questions. Of Indians in South Africa, he remarked that the question was complicated by their being South African nations. India could

(Continued on page 7)

## *Three Lakhs Damage Caused By Fire*

**LAHORE, May 2. (U.P.I.): A serious fire broke out this morning in the premises of the Dunlop Rubber Company on the Mall Road.**

**The city fire brigades fought the flames for over three hours and eventually brought the fire under control.**

**The extent of damage is not yet known but it is estimated at over Rs. 3 lakhs.**

## *Extra Powers For Uganda Police*

### *EFFORTS TO BREAK UP DISSIDENTS*

NAIROBI, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Police and administrative officers in Buganda province of Uganda and the chief of the Provincial Government are authorised to disperse any assembly of two or more persons under a new regulation promulgated today by Sir John Hall, Governor of Uganda.

Police officers may use such force as they consider necessary including the use of firearms in this latest determined effort to break up the remnants of dissident groups who are still resisting in some outlaying areas and to deal promptly with any further attempts at organised violence.

Last Thursday, Governor Hall declared the whole Province of Buganda a "disturbed area" and imposed a temporary press censorship. He proscribed contacts overseas and the African Farmers Union.

Armoured cars of the King's African Rifles were transferred from Kenya to Uganda the same day to help local forces control threatened demonstrations against the first meeting of the East African Central Assembly at Kampala.

Two days previously, police dispersed demonstrators after a Magistrate reading the Riot Act was hit by pieces of wood thrown from a crowd.

Nationalist groups have been demanding permission to elect their chiefs and have demanded permission for the people's 60 representatives to take seats in Parliament in accordance with the 1900 Uganda Agreement with Britain.

## *SCINDIA SHIP LIMPS TO SAFE ANCHORAGE*

### *Collision In Fog Near New York Harbour*

**NEW YORK, May 2. (PTI-Reuter): The 7,180-ton Indian cargo ship "Jalaketu" limped to a safe anchorage in port early today after being in collision in fog last night with 10,172-ton American tanker "Marine Leader".**

The "Jalaketu" had one of her holds flooded.

The "Marine Leader" which suffered damage above the water line, limped in under her own power and anchored off the quarantine station on Staten Island, in New York harbour.

Neither ship reported any casualties in the collision, which occurred seven miles south-east of the narrows between Brooklyn and Staten Island, the entrance to the upper bay.

The Indian ship reported it was at anchor when struck by the tanker according to the coast guard.

Fog had tied up shipping in the harbour.

The coast guard had ordered an inquiry into the accident to start today.

The "Jalaketu" was waiting for tugs to be sent out to tow her to New York where she was bound from Calcutta with an assorted cargo. It is owned by the Scindia Steam Navigation Company of Bombay.

Formerly named the "Daulton Mann", the "Jalaketu" was built in 1944.

The "Marine Leader", operated by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and carrying a crew of 44, was bound with cargo from Bayonne, New Jersey, to Baytown, Texas.

## BY-ELECTION—ATTITUDES AND LATITUDES

## *COMMUNISTS ATTEMPT TO FLATTEN SHANGHAI'S DEFENCES*

### *Heavy Guns In Action: Advance Held Up At Kunchan*

**HONGKONG, MAY 2 (PTI-REUTER). — CHINESE COMMUNISTS SENT HEAVY GUNS INTO ACTION TODAY FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE CROSSING THE YANGTSE TO FLATTEN NATIONALIST DEFENCES BLOCKING THEIR DIRECT EASTWARD ADVANCE ON SHANGHAI, CHINA'S COMMERCIAL NERVE CENTRE.**

Communist Drive Held Up

The latest communique from Shanghai Garrison Headquarters claimed that despite the bombardment, Government defenders were still holding up the Communist drive along the Shanghai—Nanking Railway at Kunchan, 35 miles west of the threatened Metropolis. A communist outflanking move was thrown back a 100 miles to the south.

Panicky refugees streamed out of the city of Hangchow now abandoned by Government forces and awaiting the first patrols of advancing Communists reported only 12 miles away. Trains were said to be still running normally on the Hangchow-Shanghai Railway.

Communist General, Chen Yi's 31st Army massed 50 miles north-west of Shanghai was reported to have sent out a small reconnaissance column to test Government defences near Chihtangcheng, about 20 miles nearer the threatened city.

"REDS" OUT TO LIQUIDATE SHANGHAI

General Chen Tai Hsiang, Shanghai Military spokesman, today ridiculed suggestions that the Communists would not attack the city. He said the Communists had announced their intention of liquidating Shanghai and would never give it up.

He said Government forces defending the city would shortly regain the initiative and deal decisive blows to the Communists.

The Garrison Censorship Office today began to censor all news published by local papers and reports filled by correspondents regardless of nationality.

EVACUATION PLANS

In spite of rumours in well-informed circles that Shanghai was safe for at least another month, foreign communities continued their hasty evacuation plans. Every ship leaving the port for the next few weeks is said to be fully booked.

About 250 Britons and 600 Americans in the South China Canton Consulate District were told today that it would be wise for them to evacuate. Letters from the British and American Consulates suggested they should return to their home countries rather than collect in already overcrowded Hongkong and Canton.

British naval headquarters in Hongkong issued a statement expressing appreciation for the generous gifts and assistance of Hongkong residents to wounded from British warships shelled in the Yangtse who arrived here yesterday in an American hospital ship The statement was issued to answer reports that the Colony had shown coolness towards the wounded.

DIRECTIONS TO "AMETHYST"

In Singapore a naval spokesman said Chinese envoys had told the Commander of the British sloop "Amethyst" still stranded in the Yangtse after Communist shelling that she should stay where she is because of continued warline activity on the river. The spokesman presumed the envoys were Communists. He added that the navy would not move the "Amethyst" until both sides in the civil war guaranteed her peaceful passage.

British naval authorities had not yet been able to contact any Central Chinese Communist authority to request safe passage, he added.

## *Workers Ask For Cheaper Liquor!*

(From Our Own Correspondent)
INDORE, May 2.

**About fifty labourers of Indore staged a demonstration yesterday before the Malwa Assembly (now in session) demanding that country liquor be sold to them at controlled rates. They alleged that it was now being sold at blackmarket prices by contractors.**

**In a move to pacify the workers, the Speaker of the Assembly made arrangements for an interview with the Excise Minister.**

**It was complained that the contractors are selling locally made liquor at profits ranging up to 300 per cent.**

## *Insurance And Bank Disputes*

### *NEW ORDINANCE*

NEW DELHI, May 2. (A.P.I.): An Ordinance giving powers to the Government of India to refer all industrial disputes concerning banking and insurance companies having branches or other establishments in more than one province in India to an industrial tribunal constituted under the Industrial Tribunal Act was promulgated by the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, today. The Ordinance comes into force at once.

The Ordinance, which is called the Industrial Disputes (Banking and Insurance companies) Ordinance, 1949, also prohibits references by provincial Governments of industrial disputes concerning banking and insurance companies to any tribunal or other authority for adjudication, inquiry or settlement.

Industrial disputes relating to banking and insurance companies pending before provincial tribunals till the commencement of the operation of the Ordinance will abate and they will be referred to tribunals constituted by the Central Government.

The Central Government has, under the Ordinance, powers to refer for re-adjudication to industrial tribunals constituted by it under the Industrial Tribunal Act all disputes which have been decided upon by tribunals constituted by provincial Governments. After such re-adjudication, the Central Government has, under the Ordinance, powers to declare that previous awards of the provincial tribunals or parts of them shall cease to be operative.

## INDO-SWISS TREATY

BERNE, May 2. (U.P.A.): The Indo-Swiss Treaty of Friendship and Commerce signed in August, 1946, will go into effect formally Thursday with the exchange of ratifications during the official visit of Indian Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru, it was officially announced today.

## Hochi Minh To Be In Vietnam Govt.?

PARIS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Gen. Nguyen Van Xuan, head of the Vietnam provisional Government, said in Dalat (Cochin China) today that it was not impossible for Ho Chi Minh, leader of the Vietminh Indo-Chinese autonomy movement to be included in the future Government of Vietnam, France Presse Agency reported:

Ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam has been in Dalat since last week. He and general Xuan are awaiting French Parliamentary approval of a constitution for Vietnam,

# BHOPAL TO BE TAKEN OVER

## Nawab Agrees And Signs Papers

**NEW DELHI, May 2 (A.P.I.): The Nawab of Bhopal has agreed to hand over the administration of Bhopal to the Government of India, it is learnt. The fifty-five-year-old Nawab has signed the necessary papers.**

**A CHIEF COMMISSIONER WILL BE APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SHORTLY TO TAKE OVER THE ADMINISTRATION. BHOPAL, SITUATED ON THE MALWA PLATEAU TO THE NORTH OF THE VINDHYAS, HAS AN AREA OF 7,000 SQUARE MILES AND A A POPULATION OF ABOUT EIGHT LAKHS.**

## Ending Berlin Blockade

### COMMUNIQUE SOON

**PARIS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—American roving Ambassador Philip Jessup and Jacob Malik, Russian negotiator, are drafting a communique on the lifting of the Berlin blockade and the holding of a four-power meeting, it was learned from usually well-informed quarters here tonight.**

NEW YORK, May 2 (UPA): Philip Jessuj, American Ambassador-at-large, will confer with British and French United Nations delegates here this afternoon on the East-West negotiations for lifting the Berlin blockade and summoning a Big Four Foreign Ministers' meeting, the American United Nations spokesman announced today.

Jessup, who has talked with Soviet delegate Malik seven times on the German question, left Washington for New York this morning after consultations with Secretary of State Dean Acheson and other State Department officials.

The announcement raised the prospect of another meeting soon possibly tomorrow—between Jessup and Malik and the chance that Cadogan and Chauvel might join the talks for the first time.

## GOVT. TO REPAY LOAN

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API): The Government of India have decided to repay the whole of the Three per Cent Rupee Loan 1949/52, at par on August 1, 1949, with all interest due up-to-date, according to a notification issued by the Finance Ministry. Interest will not accrue on the loan after August 1.

The notice of repayment applies to this loan issued either as counterpart of the Three Per Cent Sterling Loan 1949/52 in accordance with the Government of India notification of February 22 1940 or in terms of the notification of January 25, 1941.

The latter notification said that the Government would not make repayment of the loan before August 1, 1949, and not later than August 1, 1952.

## ATTLEE ON USE OF "COMMONWEALTH"

### No Agreement To Adopt Or Exclude Term

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee said in a parliamentary reply today that there was no agreement to adopt or exclude the use of any of the terms "Commonwealth", "British Commonwealth" or "Empire" "Terminology if is to be useful keeps step with development without becoming rigid and doctrinaire", he said 'All consttutional developments in the Commonwealth, the British Commonwealth and the Empire—and I use the 3 terms deliberately—have been the subject of consultation between His Majesty's Governments and there has been no agreement to adopt or exclude the use of any one of these terms nor any decision in the United Kingdom to do so".

Mr. Walter Fletcher (Conservative) had asked what the Governments had done to secure the agreement of Governments in other parts of the British Commonwealth and Empire to the progressive substitution in official usage of the term "Commonwealth" for the ter "Empire". How far was it the British Government's intention to put an end to the official use of the expression" British Empire, he asked. Dr. Fletcher further asked if it was appreciated that the words "British Empire" were held in high respect by many throughout the empire. Would the Prime Minister see that by daily use they were "not pushed out of the picture."

Mr. Attlee replied: "Opinions differ in different parts of the Commonwealth and Empire and it is better to allow people to use what they like best".

## *Pak Troops Take 30 Villages*

SRINAGAR, May 2. (A.P.I.): About thirty villages in Karnal Tehsil, North of Tithwal, have been occupied by Pakistan troops since cease-fire, it is authoritatively stated here.

During winter months following cease-fire, Pakistan troops infiltrated into these areas and have settled large numbers of non-nationals there.

The authorities here are understood to have brought this matter to the notice of the United Nations Kashmir Commission.

### Timber Stolen

SRINAGAR, May 2. (A.P.I.): Nearly fourteen and half lakhs of cubic feet of timber valued at Rs. 75,00,000 have been floated down to Pakistan through Jhelum river from Karnal area, north of Tithwal it is officially stated here.

## DELHI OFFER TO REVIVE CUSTOMS UNION WITH FRENCH INDIA

### But No Modifications In Agreement To Be Considered

**NEW DELHI, MAY 2 (API).—THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA HAVE OFFERED TO REVIVE THE CUSTOMS UNION AGREEMENT WITH THE FRENCH SETTLEMENTS IN INDIA IN RESPONSE TO FRENCH REPRESENTATIONS THAT THE TERMINATION ON MARCH 31 OF THE EIGHT-YEAR-OLD AGREEMENT WAS CAUSING HARDSHIP TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SETTLEMENTS, IT WAS RELIABLY LEARNED HERE TODAY.**

While the Government of India, with a view to avoiding inconvenience to the people of the settlements, are willing to revert to the position existing before April 1 until the referendum is held to settle the future of the settlements, they would not, it is understood, be prepared to consider any modifications in the agreement.

Whether the French Government are prepared to accept the Government of India's offer is not yet known.

LAST MINUTE SUGGESTION

In March last year, when the Government of India gave notice of the termination of the agreement on March 31, 1949, they offered to the French Government to continue the agreement pending the holding of the referendum. The French Government, it is stated, made no approach in this regard except a last-minute suggestion for a fresh Customs Agreement. The Government of India were unable to accept the proposal at that late stage, particularly as it was felt that a new agreement for the few months remaining before the referendum would not be worthwhile. The agreement came to an end on March 31 and a customs cordon was established round the French settlements.

The agreement was first entered into 1941 in order to meet special circumstances created by the war. Under the Agreement the French settlements were exempted from export and import regulations in force against foreign countries. Customs duties on imports into and exports from French India to territories other than India were collected by Government of India officials in return of which the French settlements received an annual subsidy of Rs. 6,50,000.

## U. N. ASSEMBLY TO END BY MAY 14

FLUSHING MEADOWS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—The United Nations General Assembly's Steering Committee today approved a target date of May 14 for completion of the present Assembly session.

It rejected a Russian proposal to transfer the Indian complaint against South Africa from the agenda of the regular Political Committee to the Minor Political Committee.

Voting on the target proposal made by the President of the Assembly, Dr. Herbert Evatt of Australia, was 14 to two with one abstention. Russia and Poland voted against.

Soviet delegate Jacob Malik had said that if the Assembly were to consider all the items on its agenda the nearest date on which it could finish its work would be May 18.

His proposal to transfer the Indian complaint to the Minor Political Committee was defeated by six votes to four with three abstentions. Dr. Evatt appealed to the various committees to co-operate to meet the target and the Committee then adjourned to allow the Assembly to deal with its proposals.

## OUR TABULATED ADLETS

**2 ANNAS PER WORD**

**PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee**

**MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-**

***To be paid in advance***

**SITUATION VACANT**

**Factory Manager**—A vacancy occurs in a Modern Oil Refinery and Vanaspati Factory, situated in the Madras Province, for an experienced Factory Manager and for a fully qualified Analytical Chief Chemist. Applicants should furnish full details of their experience and qualifications and salary required. Apply Box No. 4263, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted good experienced mechanic-cum-drivers.** Apply with copies of testimonials etc., to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 661A

**Wanted an M.B., B.S., Doctor for** the Ayurveda College of Gurukul Kangri University (Hardwar) to teach Allopathic medicine and Pathology, etc., through Hindi medium. Pay according to qualifications. Applications should reach the Principal as soon as possible. 4261

**Wanted an experienced Stenographer**, able to handle independent Correspondence. Apply with testimonials to Box No. R. 101, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted an influential and experienced Canvasser** for a daily Newspaper in Bombay, particularly having contact with Cinemas and Film Companies. Apply with testimonials to Box No. T 35 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted a person to look after** the advertising Dept. of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No. 200, "Bombay Chronicle".

**ACCOMMODATION WANTED**

**Wanted residential rooms for our** workers. Please forward full details of rent, locality, etc., to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40 B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 661

**EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.**

**A Batch for Vacation—Davar's** College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for all Specialisation and Professional Diploma Courses for training throughout vacation for next year's examinations. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. 665

**Admission in the Gurukul Ayurveda Mahavidyalya**— The Government has recognised the Ayurvedalankar degree of the Gurukula Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya. Students seeking admission in the Ayurveda Mahavidyalaya of the Gurukula University, should send their applications in the office of the Gurukula University, P. O. Guukula Kangri (Saharanpur) by the 15th of June, 1949. Applicants should satisfy the Principal that they have knowledge of English, Sanskrit, Hindi and Science upto the Matriculation Standard. They should not be under 15 or above 19 years of age and should be unmarried. 4262

**Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence** Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

**MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE**

**Apples—Immediate Shipment from** Australia. Inquire Singh, 12, Wodehouse Road. 659


## PUBLIC NOTICES

**STATE TRANSPORT—BOMBAY**

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed tenders in B-2 (Item rate) form for carrying out the follwing Works in connection with construction of a Central Workshop at Poona, for the State Transport, will be received by the Provincial Motor Transport Controller, Bombay, in his office at Worli, Bombay 18, on the dates shown below and will be opened by him on the dates indicated in the subjoined statement.

| Item No. | Name of work | Estimated cost Rs. | Earnest Money Rs. | Date from which tenders will be issued | Last date for issuing tenders | Last date for receiving tenders |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 1. | Development of plot and constructing compound wall | 60,000 | 600/- | 7-5-49 | 18-5-49 | 25-5-49 |
| 2. | Constructing workshop of 200 ft. length & 100 ft. span. First Unit. | 1,80,000 | 1,800/- | 7-5-49 | 18-5-49 | 25-5-49 |
| 3. | Constructing workshop of 200 ft. length & 100 ft. span. Second Unit. | 1,80,000 | 1,800/- | 7-5-49 | 18-5-49 | 25-5-49 |
| 4. | Constructing administrative block. | 1,80,000 | 1,800/- | 10-5-49 | 21-5-49 | 26-5-49 |
| 5. | Constructing Hot Shop and a store. | 1,00,000 | 1,000/- | 10-5-49 | 21-5-49 | 26-5-49 |
| 6. | Asphalting Roads & Parking Areas. | 80,000 | 800/- | 14-5-49 | 25-5-49 | 27-5-49 |
| 7. | Water supply & sanitary arrangements. | 80,000 | 800/- | 14-5-49 | 25-5-49 | 27-5-49 |

Earnest money as mentioned above should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or the nearest Government Treasury and receipted chalan attached to the tender which should also be accompanied by a solvency certificate of financial stability without which tender shall not be considered. Earnest money in cash or cheque will not be accepted.

Blank tender forms can be obtained from the Ex. Engineer Building Projects Division, Poona, on payment of Rs. 8/- per copy per work, with whom plans and contract documents could be seen and other particulars obtained.

The contractor shall quote the rates in words and figures and work out the amount for each item and the total given at the end. No alteration in the form of the tender or in the schedule of quantities and no addition in the shape of special stipulation shall be permitted.

Tenders which do not fulfil any of the above conditions or those in the printed tender or are incomplete in any respect will be rejected.

D. D. SATHE, I.C.S.
Provincial Motor Transport Controller.

S.T.O./EE(7073) 28-4-49. (4263)

**BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

RESIDENT MAGISTRATES

APPLICATIONS are invited IMMEDIATELY and not later than 10th May from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and from displaced persons from Pakistan for 15 posts of RESIDENT MAGISTRATE. PAY: Rs. 300-650. AGE: Not more than 35 years on 30-4-1949. QUALIFICATIONS: LL.B. or Barrister or Pleader or Advocate, with at least five years' practice on 30-4-1949 in Civil and/or Criminal Courts and, except in the case of displaced persons from Pakistan, knowledge of Marathi, Gujarati or Kannada. Candidates should apply on PLAIN PAPER giving full name, age and date of birth, domicile, educational qualifications, duration of practice and the courts in which practising, the number of civil and criminal cases conducted year by year, language known, etc. Copy of the application with copies of certificates should be sent to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, P.W.D. Secretariat, Bombay, and the original should be submitted through the Sessions Judge, the District Magistrate or the Chief Presidency Magistrate, in whose Court the candidate has been practising. THOSE WHO HAVE APPLIED FOR THE POSTS OF CIVIL JUDGES RECENTLY ADVERTISED BY THE COMMISSION SHOULD NOT APPLY AGAIN. 4266

**INDUSTRIAL FINANCE CORPORATION OF INDIA, COUNCIL HOUSE, NEW DELHI**

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Share Register of the Corporation will be CLOSED and the registration of transfers suspended from 16th June, 1949 to 30th June, 1949, (both days inclusive).

R. NATH.
Managing Director.

Dated 28th April, 1949. 4260

**G. I. P. RAILWAY**

SPECIAL NOTICE

WITH IMMEDIATE EFFECT there will be two Class I Women's compartments exclusively reserved for women passengers on Suburban Trains of 8 coaches instead of only one as heretofore. In future there will be two Class I and two Class III women's compartments available for use of women passengers on 8 coach suburban trains. 4269

**G. I. P. RAILWAY**

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THE SPECIAL station-to-station rates for Oranges, Plantains and other fresh fruits in wagon loads now in force on the G. I. P. will be enhanced approximately to the level of the quarter parcels rate from 1-6-1949.

Full particulars will be available in a Rate Circular that will be issued shortly. 4259

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDER**

AS AUTHORISED by the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta, the Controller of Stores invites tenders for the purchase of condemned wagon body plate pieces available at Jhansi Depot. Forms obtainable from his office at Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, or from the Depot Superintendent, Stores Sub-Depot, Jhansi, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 30-5-1949 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 4264

**NOTICE**

One share No. 78341 of the Sara-Sirajganj Railway Co. Ltd. (in voluntary liquidation) registered in the name of Jatindra Mohan Roy in the books of the said Company and the Certificate of title thereto has been LOST.

The public are hereby cautioned against accepting or dealing with the said certificate.

Application has been made to the Liquidator of the Company for the issue of a fresh certificate and meanwhile the holder or finder of the lost certificate is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

JATINDRA MOHAN ROY.
15, Jamini Kaviraj Row.
Calcutta—4,

Dated, the 25th April, 1949.

## LEGAL NOTICES

**NOTICE**

IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER TIRUNELVELI
I.P. No. 4 of 1948
In the matter of the IMSOLVENCY OF S.T.M.T. S.T.M.R. Poopalarayer of Tuticorin.

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the sale of 1460 fully paid up shares of Rs. 100/- each in the South India Enamel works, Ltd. Dindigul. These shares standing in the name of the above insolvents have vested in the OR Tinnevelly.

The said company is said to be a going concern and these represent roughly about half the total shares issued.

Intending purchasers will make their own enquiries about the position and state of the company. No further or other information regarding the Coy. except the share scrips is available in this office.

Since it is easier to deal through recognised brokers intending purchasers may make their offers through recognised brokers and such brokers will be paid their usual brokerage commission.

The offers must reach the undersigned on or before 23-5-49.

OFFICIAL RECEIVER
Official Receivers
Court Tirunelveli
28-4-49 4265

## LEGAL NOTICES

**NOTICE**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI ABDUL KADIR SHAIKH AHMED PATEL by his constituted attorney Abdul Latif Baray has contracted to sell to my client the below mentioned property at Cadell Road, Mahim.

All persons having any right, title, interest or claim against the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are required hereby to make the same known to the undersigned in writing at his Office at Maharaj Building, Girgaon, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such right, title, interest or claim and the same shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

All that piece of perpetual Fazandari land with buildings thereon, situate at the western side of Cadell Road, Mahim, with an area of 279 sq. yards and bearing New Survey No. 38 part, Cadestral Survey No. 1020 of Mahim Division and Municipal G Ward No. 5184, 5186 and 5187 and Street Nos. 1704, 34 and 9 and bounded on the North by Juma Sheriff's property, on the South by a passage to sea, on the East by Cadell Road and on the West by Hirabai's temple.

Dated this 2nd May, 1949.

DATTATRAYA VASUDEO DHARAP,
Purchaser's Advocate. 4258

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, Wadi Bunder, including sugar sweeping, cotton seeds, G. N. Seeds, Till, Hirda, empty tins, tea cases, shoes, chappals, slates, cycle parts, electric goods, empty iron barrels and casks, hair oil, pipe fittings, machinery parts, pickaxes, screws, Gas cylinders, iron scrap, etc., on 24|25|26-5-49 at 11 a.m. (S.T.) each day, under instructions from G. I. P. Railway and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms: 50 per cent cash deposit, balance and delivery by 2-6-49.

GANDHI & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT 5TH KAMATIPURA STREET, UPPER DUNCAN ROAD:

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. under instructions from Messrs. Ghandhy & Co. Attorneys for the owner Seth Mahomedbhoy Alibhoy Rungwalla & others will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday 17th May, 1949, at 4-30 p.m. on the premises the following:—

All that piece of Government land together with dwelling range of buildings, shops standing thereon situate at Kamathipura 5th Street, Upper Duncan Road, Bombay admeasuring 389 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the collector of Land Revenue, New Survey No. 5684 and Cadastral Survey No. 1033 of Byculla Division, and Municipal E Ward Nos. 538 and 539 and Street Nos. 208-210-212.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained frlom Messrs. Ghandhy & Co., 76, Medows St. or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows St.

# *GOT SUPPLIES OF FOOD BUT REFUSE TO PAY*

## *Hindu Zamindars' Complaint Against Sind Government*

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

**KARACHI, MAY 1.—ON THE GROUND THAT THEY HAVE MIGRATED TO INDIA, THE GOVERNMENT OF SIND IS REPORTED TO BE REFUSING TO PAY THE SUM OF ABOUT RS. 25 LAKHS DUE SINCE 1947 TO A NUMBER OF HINDU ZAMINDARS AND MERCHANTS AGAINST THE DELIVERY OF FOODGRAINS.**

In Sind, the Government have set-up since some time a Central Food Procuring Agency by the name of 'Sind Purchasing Board' and all the surplus foodgrains have to be sold to this body at a rate fixed by the Government from time to time.

The complaining Hindu merchants and zamindars, mostly belonigng to Upper Sind, had delivered foodgrains valued at about Rs. 25 lakhs during the year 1947 to this agency but uptil now have not received their payment although a number of representations have been made and every effort has been made for the recovery of the amount.

## FIRE CAUSES FOUR LAKHS DAMAGE

BARODA, May 2 (API): Damage to the extent of rupees four lakhs was caused in Panvad, a village in Chota Udaipur taluka, as the result of a fire which raged for twelve hours on Friday last, according to a report received here.

Some of the details of the losses available are: Rs. 25,000 in currency notes belonging to a goldsmith were burnt; forty houses in the eastern part of the village were completely gutted, one merchan alone incurring a loss of rupees two lakhs, his three houses and godowns laden with goods being burnt.

### Union Office Burnt Down

CUTTACK MAY 2 (UPI).—The office of the Talcher Coalfields Workers' Union was burnt down to ashes, according to information from Talcher. It is alleged that miscreants, belonging to the rival group, were responsible for setting fire to the office of the Union, which is under the influence of the Socialists.

BANGALORE, May 2 (UPI).—The possibility of Bangalore being developed as a first class radio station in view of its importance of location, was envisaged by Mr. R. R. Diwakar, India's Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, while replying to a memorandum presented by the Mysore Chamber of Commerce yesterday.

## *ABDUCTION WAVE IN PAKISTAN*

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, May 1.—Pakistan to-day is faced with yet another crimewave of abduction of girls, both married and unmarried.

**It is reported, during the past few months, about a thousand such cases have been reported from Sind's Nawabshah district alone. Most of these abducted women were refugees from East Punjab and some more Sindhi Hindu girls. The abductors too are said to be mostly outsiders, who came to take shelter here since the establishment of Pakistan Dominion.**

Police have been vigorously persuing the absconders but in most of the cases they have not been able to recover the girls, although some of the culprits have been brought to book.

This sort of crime is said to be on increase as the days roll-by and prevalent all over the Dominion. District officials, therefore, have been instructed to take stringent measures to check it as early as possible.

# *No Star Of Prosperity Will Be Born Out Of Chaos*

## *BIHAR PREMIER ON MEANS TO BRING "SWARAJ" TO WORKERS*

PATNA, May 1 (UPI).—Inaugurating the Dinapur branch of the E.I. Railwaymen's Congress last evening, Dr. Srikrishna Sinha, Premier of Bihar, congratulated the Railway workers on the formation of their Union. Pandit Harihar Nath Shastri, President of the I.N.T.U.C., presided.

The Premier added that when, after centuries of struggle, the common man had come into his own it was natural and proper that the slogans of the Labour movement should insist upon his right to a decent living.

India's dream of 'Swaraj', the Premier pointed out, was essentially the dream of better living conditions for the toilers of the country. He, however, warned the workers not to be misled by organisations seeking to spread chaos in the land, and said that the world of the toilers, which India was now building, could only be achieved if the country was united to wipe out the parasitic elements.

**It was naive to believe, he added, that out of chaos, the star of prosperity would, by some miracle, be born to scintillate on our national horizon.**

Referring to strikes, Dr. Sinha said that at this critical period, strikes would only lead to a paralysis of economic and social life of the country. He appealed to the audience to refrain from strikes so that the "newly won freedom might be nourished through this critical phase, and enable us to emerge as a strong and prosperous people capable of guarding ourselves against all aggressors in this atomic age.

Pandit Shastri, in his presidential address, stated that it had been decided by the Constituent Assembly to set up a tribunal to remove the anomalies and grievances inherent in the recommendations of the Central Pay Committee's report.

Pointing out that the Communist Party had used the Labour movement as an instrument of political intimidation, Pandit Shastri said that it was for this reason that the Labour movement, even though it was thirty years old, had been unable to do much to raise the living standard of the workers. He, therefore, asked the workers to avoid political factions and rally together, under the banner of the INTUC.

DACCA, May 2 (UPI).—A two-day session of the Trade Union Federation was held at Narayanganj. The Conference was inaugurated by Shri Jogendra Nath Mandal, Labour Minister, Central Pakistan Government and presided over by Dr. A. M. Malek, Labour Minister, Government of East Bengal.

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 326 GAS CYLINDERS, by order of the Regional Disposals Commissioner, on 4-5-49, at 10-30 a.m., at I. C. I. godown, opp. Phoenix Mill, Tulsi Pipe Road, Lower Parel. For particulars apply to:—

CRAWFORD & CO.
Ph. 20521.


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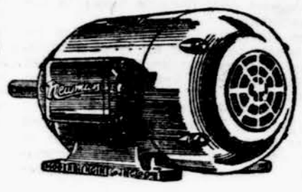

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STOPS SCABIES, ITCHES, ULCERS, BURNS, CUTS, WOUNDS, ERUPTIONS, CRACKED SKIN CHILDREN'S WEEPING ECZEMA, SCRATCHING.
**BHAWSAR CHEMICAL WORKS.** T.V. RLY.


# JOURNALISM STILL A MISSION

## Diwakar On Task Before "Fourth Estate" In India

BANGALORE, May 2, (U.P.I.): "If the press stands for democracy and democratic methods it must also see that no violence is preached directly or indirectly and no writing leads to violence instantly or remotely", observed Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting, Government of India speaking here, yesterday.

Mr. Diwakar was delivering the Venkatakrishnayya Memorial lecture under the auspices of the Mysore Journalists' Association and the subject he had chosen was "Free Press in Free India". Mr. Venkatakrishnayya was a pioneer journalist in the State.

Mr. Diwakar said that no Government could tolerate violence or subversive activities. At the same time, he added, every democratic Government must tolerate peaceful organisations and discussions as "the very essence of democracy is decision by peaceful discussion and action according to major.ty decision".

YELLOW JOURNALISM

Referring to yellow journalism, Mr. Diwakar felt that no Government could take effective action unless it chose to be arbitrary. He wanted the press and the public to condemn such writings and cultivate positive attitude and thus become leaders of good taste.

Urging for objective dissemination of news and comment, Mr. Diwakar said that proprietors and financiers, who guided the policy of the press, for political power and parochial interests, had denied editorial freedom and truth had suffered thereby. The power of the press also was being concentrated in a few hands which went against fair and free comment. There was also the control exercised by advertisers. The press of the country had to share the burden of defending the newly won freedom of the country and consolidating its internal and external position. It had also to revitalise cultural and other aspects of the nation's life and help solving problems of world peace. Then only could it deserve the name of the 'fourth estate'. "Journalism is a mission in life rather than a mere profession", he concluded.

## ARAB PROTEST IN U. N.

### Questions Of Israel Admission In Organisation

FLUSHING MEADOWS, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Arab delegates were expected to protest in the United Nations General Assembly today against the proposal to pass the question of Israel's admission to the organisation to the Minor Political Committee.

As Israel's application for admission has been delayed, along with other items, by the long drawn out debate on the Italian colonies in the Main Political Committee, the Steering Committee recommended it be sent to the minor body to help speed up the session.

## *'DAILY EXPRESS' CRITICISES BOYD-ORR*

LONDON, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Lord Boyd-Orr, President of the Council of the World Movement for World Federal Government was criticised for his warnings on the world food situation by the widely read "Daily Express" today.

"Lord Boyd-Orr holds forth in Delhi", the 'Daily Express' said. "What nonsense is all this gloomy talk. Lord Boyd-Orr was always obsessed by impending famine. But now he is months behind the times.

"For the problem confronting the whole world today is not one of scarcity but of abundance. The prospect before the world is of more food and cheaper food."

### First Swiss Air Flight

NEW YORK, April 30 (UPA): The first Swiss air flight of the 1949 season landed today at the International airport from Zurich with 29 passengers, among them Louis Casai, President of the Public Works Department of the canton of Geneva, who supervised the building of the Geneva airport.

### Rs. 30,000 Presented At Tanjore

TANJORE, April 30 (API)—A purse for Rs 30,000 was presented to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Gandhi National Memorial Fund when he arrived here this morning from Madras.

Sri Pandarasannadhi of Tiruvaduthurai Mutt who made this contribution to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund requested that the amount might be earmarked for the construction of a hospital.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad also visited Kumbakonam "enroute" where he addressed a public meeting.

# Companionate Association, Not Sacramental Marriage

## PATTABHI ON NEW RELATION BETWEEN INDIA & COMMONWEALTH

BANGALORE, May 1, (A.P.I.): The new relation between India and the Commonwealth is not a sacramental marriage but only a companionate association, said Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian National Congress, addressing a public meeting here this evening.

The British had a peaceful departure from India and India's relations with Britain continued very cordial. Britain felt she had lost the best jewel in her crown and desired some sort of association with India.

This was a matter of prestige. But India had decided to be a Sovereign Republic and was not prepared to be part of the Dominion, Pandit Nehru was fully instructed about these matters when he went to attend the Prime Minister Conference. The new relation was the result.

But India wanted some connection with some country for her own benefit. Naturally, a known devil was preferable to an unknown angel.

The crown had no more any significance. It had been removed from the publications and from the chair of the President of the Legislature and replaced by the Asoka pillar. The crown remained a mere symbol. "Only", said Dr. Pattabhi, "I would have liked this head to go by rotation.

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# CITY & SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu: Vaishakh Shud 5, 2005
Muslim: Rajjab 4, 1368
Parsi: Adar 3, 1318
Sunrise 6-10 a.m. Sunset 7-1 p.m.
Hightide 02-20, 15-40
Lowtide 08-28, 21-35

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

## Domestic Occurrence

UTTHAMNA

THAKOR Wamanrao Ishwarlal, nephew of Govindlal N. Thakor and brother-in-law of Jayantilal K. Thakor expired Sunday morning. Utthamna Tuesday 3rd May at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Champa Nivas Juhu Road, Santa Cruz.

## To-day's Engagements

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION: Bombay Provincial Branch: By courtesy of Messrs. Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd., a film show on short technical topics, including that of Penicillin, has been arranged for the members of the Indian Pharmaceutical Association, at 6 p.m. today Tuesday in the Department of Chemical Technology, Matunga Road, Bombay 19.

SOOR-JAYANTI: A function to commemorate Soor-Jayanti in honour of the great master poet and musician Sant Soordas will be held in the local Marwari Commercial High School, Chira Bazar (Gazdar St., Girgaon) today at 8-30 p.m. Dr. D. G. VYAS will preside. Pandit Bhishmadeo Vedi, Pt. Lakshman Prasad Choubey, P. Madhukar and Madhavlalji will entertain the audience in the style of the great Master.

WOMEN'S COUNCIL: "At Home" at the Y.W.C.A. Hall, Mayo Road, at 5-30 p.m. to meet Mrs. Maclean, when she will give a short talk of her work in India.

MUNICIPAL "C" WARD LOCAL COMMITTEE:—At the annual meeting of the above Committee in the Corporation Hall on the 30th April, Mr. Ganpati Shankar Desai and Mr. J. H. Trivedi were elected its president and Hon. Secretary respectively for the year 1949-1950.

ASSOCIATION OF MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF TEXTILE STORES AND MACHINERY (INDIA)

First quarterly general meeting at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Bombay Presidency Radio Club, 175, Arthur Bunder Road, Colaba.

### MAHARASHTRA LIBRARY CONFERENCE

The Maharashtra Library Conference will be held in Poona on 13th May, 1949. Mr. B. S. Hirey, the President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, will inaugurate the proceedings, which will be presided over by Mr. T. D. Waknis, the wellknown Curator to State Libraries, Baroda.

A good number of select exhibits expounding the technical and popular side of library organization will be a special attraction and Mr. A. K. Priolkar, the wellknown scholar of Bombay, has consented to declare the Library Exhibition open. The conference will be held in the Lady Ramabai Hall (Sir S. P. College Poona and the delegates will be quartered in the College Residency near by. The delegates fees are fixed at Rs. 3|- for delegates of libraries and Re. 1|- for individual delegates. Lodging and Boarding charges Rs. 3|- per day. Delegates should communicate with the Secretary, Maharashtra Library Conference c|o Poona Nagar Wachan Mandir, 181, Budhawar Peth, Poona 2, before 5th May, 1949.

### MARINA MODERN EDUCATION SCHOOL, CHOWPATTY

The 10th annual function of the above school and the celebration of the Bhumi Pooja of the plot of the Sion-Matunga School was performed under the presidenship of Mr. Popatlal Shah, M.L.A., on Sunday last in the C.V.O. Jain Boarding Hall.

5TH Crowded WEEK

RAJKAMAL'S

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Directed by: V. SHANTARAM

AT

NEW WEST END

Daily: 3, 6-15, 9-30

Advance Booking as usual

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CHOUBEJI

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Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.

MAJESTIC

Booking 9 to 11-30 & 5 to 6.

CAPITOL

Booking 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7

RADHESHYAM

(Villa Parla)

# RECORD PERFORMANCE FOR GANDHI FUND

Srimathi M. S. Subbalakshmi giving a recital at the Race Course ground Mahalakshmi, in aid of the Gandhi Memorial Fund. The performance yielded a record sum of Rs. 1,25,000.

# BANK CLOSES OFFICES IN CITY AND OUTSIDE

## Unable To Meet Obligations At Present

BOMBAY, MONDAY.

**THE EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA AND AFRICA LTD. CLOSED ITS HEAD OFFICE AT THE GROUND FLOOR OF THE BOMBAY CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY'S BUILDING AT SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA ROAD, BOMBAY AND ALL ITS BRANCHES ALL OVER INDIA AND AFRICA.**

**A notice was put up by the management in front of the closed and shuttered premises of the bank stating that "the bank is temporarily unable to meet its obligations and is making an application to the High Court under Section 7 of the Bankng Companies Act for an order in commencement or continuation and for staying all proceedings or action against the Bank."**

The Exchange Bank is a scheduled bank with branches at Ahmedabad, Amritsar, Amraoti, Bangalore, Calcutta Cochin, Delhi, Karachi, Khamgaon, Kolhapur, Madras, Madura, Nagpur Rajkot, Tinnevelly, Tuticorin, Wadhwan and Bhavnagar in India. It had overseas branches at Aden, Colombo, Dar-es-Salam, Jaffna, Jinja, Kamjala, London, Mombasa and Nairobi.

**Large number of depositors stormed the premises of the bank and clamoured to see the managing director. But the Bank doors were shut and the staff remained indoors.**

It is stated that the clearing department of the Reserve Bank of India honoured cheques forwarded by the Exchange till Saturday, till it was found that the balance in the credit of the bank had been exhausted and overdrawn.

Some cheques were refused on Saturday itself and all cheques sent this morning were returned without being honoured. The bank, thereafter, put up a notice of suspension of business.

# Radio

BOMBAY, Tuesday, May 3.

2-4 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Prabha Phadke 7-45 Lakshmikant S. Kudalkar (Mandolin recital) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Rasiklal Trivedi 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7240 kc/s)

12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Rasiklal Trivedi 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Unfinished Symphony 2-5 Violin Concerto.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

5-0 p.m. V. V. Dhopate 5-15 Laxmikant S. Kudalkar (Mandolin recital) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-30 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcement 7-15 Gulabbai Bijapurkar 7-30 Laxmikant S. Kudalkar (Mandolin recital) 7-45 Madhur Geeto 8-0 Bashiklal Trivedi 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 Instrumental Music 10-0 There's Something in the Air Arranged and presented by Adi Marzaban 10-30 John Mchugh 10-45 Ena Fonseca.

VARIATIONS.

353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)

7-45 a.m. News (K) 8-0 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Shailesh Kumar.

353 m. (9,550 kc/s)

12-50 p.m. News (M) 1-0 Prabhu Phadke 1-10 Laker 1-30 Shellesh Kumar 1-50 News (H) 1-50 Akashwanine Chotare.

353 m. (85 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 5-30 to 7-15 p.m.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

5-30 p.m. Jantar Mantar Children's programme in Hindi Urdu and Hindustani 6-0 Prabha Phadke 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 7-40 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 V. V. Dhopate 8-30 Talk (M) 8-40 Musical Journey 9-0 Sarangi Par Hameer Aur Thumri By Mohammad Ismail 9-25 Manikrao Raichurkar (Kannada Bhajan) 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Books on My Shelf 10-0 Buddhiwardhank-Mandal Programme of Brains Trust in Gujarati 10-30 Jagannath Buwa Pandharpurkar.

BARODA: AHMEDABAD, Tuesday, May 3.

250 m. (1,200 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. God Gani 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Bansilal M. Shah 8-30 N. T. Puntambekar (Violin) 8-45 News (G) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 N. T. Puntambekar (Violin) 6-25 Harendra B. Dasaundi (Gujarati Ghazal) 6-35 Gramjano Mate Geet; "Uttam khatar". Talk; Geet; Havaman ane Samachar (from Baroda only) 6-35 Music (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 Music 7-15 Bhutkalna Avasheh Talk in Gujarati on Vadnagar Relics 7-30 Bansilal Shah (Vocal music) 7-35 Topical Item from Ahmedabad) 7-45 Amralata Trivedi (Gujarati Geet) (From Baroda only).

326.1 m. (920 kc/s)

8-0 p.m. (Instrumental Music 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Diwakar N. Joshi (Vocal music) 8-45 Amralata Trivedi (Gujarati Geeto) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Story with Songs 9-45 Diwakar N. Joshi 10-15 Harendra B. Dasaundi.

# WEATHER

## WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, May 2 (API): Following is the weather summary for Monday, the 2nd May, 1949:—

Thundershowers have been widespread in Mysore and occurred locally in Malabar. A few thundershowers have also been reported from the Khasi hills and the hills of the West United Provinces.

Day temperatures were appreciably above normal in the East Punjab, Rajputana, the East Central Provinces and East Hyderabad while the night temperatures were appreciably above normal in the west United Provinces, the East Punjab, East Rajputana and Vindhya Pradesh.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 3RD:— Thundershowers will occur locally in Malabar and Mysore and at a few stations in Assam, West Bengal, Chota Nagpur and along the Orissa coast. Scattered dust or thunderstorms are possible in and near the hills of the East Punjab and the northern districts of the United Provinces.

### *Weather Chart*

following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the last 24 hours from 1st April 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T.) on 2nd May 1949:—

Ambala 103 84 0 minus 0.6 Bangalore 94 73 0.5 2.0 plus 0.2 Baroda 107 79 0 0 0 Banaras 101 79 0 0 minus 0.2 Bhopal 106 77 0 0 minus 0.2 Bhuj 101 78 0 0 minus 0.1 BOMBAY 92 80 0 0 0 Calcutta 90 76 0 6.0 plus 4.0 Cochin 89 80 0.2 6.4 plus 1.1 Colombo 87 — — — — Cuttack 102 — — — — Dehradun 94 70 0 0.8 plus 0.1 Delhi 104 — — — — Gwalior — — 0 0 — Gaya 99 83 0 0.1 mius 0.2 Hyderabad (Dn) 103 85 0 0.4 minus 0.8 Indore 104 75 0 0 minus 0.1 Jaipur 108 80 0 0 minus 0.2 Karachi 101 — — — — Kolhapur 97 72 0 .5 — Lahore 110 81 0 0 — 0.5 Lucknow 101 80 0.0 minus 0.3 Madras 105 82 0 0.9 plus 0.3 Mussorie 73 60 0 0.1 minus 1.3 Mysore 94 65 0.4 2.5 minus 0.2 Ootacamund 75 53 0.7 4.2 plus 0.9 Pachmarhi 97 — — — — Patna 93 79 0 0.8 plus 0.5 Peshwar 101 73 0 2.2 plus 0.4 Poona 99 69 0 0 minus 0.6 Quetta 80 51 0 0.2 minus 0.8 Rajkot 108 75 0 0 minus 0.1 Ranchi 89 72 0 2.1 plus 1.1 Rawalpindi 103 70 0 0.2 minus 1.8 Shillong 72 54 0.3 13.4 plus 7.6 Sholapur 108 78 0 0 minus 0.5 Simla 78 60 0 1.9 0 Surat 94 80 0 0 0.

# PRABHAVATI RAJE ON HINDU CODE BILL

BOMBAY, Monday.

Princess Prabhavati Raje addressing a meeting under the auspices of the Progressive Group at the Greens Hotel this evening on the subject of "Hindu culture and the Hindu Code Bill" said, that the fandamental principles of the Sanatan Dharma were unalterable, even though the nation's political phases changed every now and then. Religion was a matter of personal belief and in fairness to individual freedom, people should be allowed to follow their own way of approach.

Speaking about the functions of the legislature, Princess Parabhavati said, that the duty of legislature was to protect the ancient religion and culture and not to destroy it. The present Hindu Code Bill proposed in the Indian Parliament was nothing but tampering with the ancient culture and heritage of the Hindu society and therefore, could not be called a step towards progress.

MADRAS, May 2 (API): The Steamer, "Benorlich" carrying 4,034 tons of rice from Siam arrived at the Cochin port on April 28.

# WATER SCARCITY CAUSES MURDEROUS QUARREL

BOMBAY, Monday.

Efforts at collecting water, due to its scarcity in a city's chawl, led to a fight and a subsequent arrest for alleged murder recently.

The alleged murderer ran away, from the city and buried himself in the obscurity of his village near Ratnagiri, from whence the Bombay Police brought him to the city yesterday and produced him today before Rao Sahib C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court.

It would appear that on April 14, Damodardas Hemchand, a resident of Jagjiwan Mansion, Fanaswadi, got up early in the morning and rushed to the common tap of the chawl, filled some vessels with water and was going back to his room. Some water, while being conveyed, was spilt on Hanumant Dhondu Patere the accused who was sleeping in the passage. The accused whose sleep was thus abruptly interrupted, shot up from his mattress and gave a bit of his mind to the water spiller. The wordy episode gathered tempo and culminated in Hemchand administering a slap to the accused.

Sometime later on the same day, the accused waylaid Hemchand and assaulted him with a wooden "Danda". Hemchand struggled with the assailant and tried to take him to the police station, when three friends of the accused were learnt to have intervened and prevented his being taken.

Hemchand went home, and took sick, the assault showing delayed effects. He was then removed to the hospital, where he succumbed to his injuries, shortly after.

The accused was apprehended by the Ratnagiri Police, who handed him over to the Bombay Police.

The Magistrate remanded him in custody.

# SUSPECTS IN SERIES OF THEFTS ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Alleged to be involved in a series of thefts from the city docks in respect of cycle and motor spare parts valued at Rs. 20,000 Kondiba Gopal, Edward Phillips, Joseph Paul and Abidalli Hassanalli were arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. during the week-end and produced at the Esplanade Court today. The police stated that they had arrested these men on the statement of other under-trials in similar cases.

Rao Sahib C. B Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, ordered their remand in custody.

## Futile Attempt To Escape From Custody

BOMBAY Monday.

Siddiq Abdul Rajab who was arrested by the Dongri Police in connection with a gambling case while being taken to Police Station is reported to have made an attempt to escape from the Police lorry. He was overpowered and rearrested immediately.

## GIRLS KIDNAPPED FROM CALCUTTA

BOMBAY, Monday

Two young girls who are reported to have been kidnapped from Calcutta were rescued by the Bombay Police when they arrested their alleged kidnappers, two Bengali youths, at Kennedy Bridge on Saturday night.

The girls who are aged 15 and 17 years old, according to the police, are sisters and were living with their parents at Calcutta. The youths, after kidnapping brought them to Bombay and while all the four were moving near the Kennedy Bridge at 8-30 p.m. on Saturday, were arrested. A telegram has been sent to the Calcutta Police and pending further details from there all of them were remanded to custody at the Mazagaon Police Court today.

## PERMANENT COTTAGE HOSPITALS

The conversion of the five municipal dispensaries, one each at Dhanduka (Ahmedabad district), Sangamner (Ahmednagar district), Dapoli (Ratnagiri district), Junnar (Poona district) and Sirsi (North Kanara district) into cottage hospitals which the Government of Bombay effected in 1943, as an experimental measure, has now been made permanent. These hospitals serve as a co-ordinating link between the Government subsidised medical practitioners in the rural areas and the Civil Hospitals at district headquarters. They also take from the general practitioners such cases as cannot be treated at home and pass on to the large hospitals at district headquarters those which require special treatment.

### *Food Rationing In Murud And Ramdurg*

Statutory rationing of foodgrains, namely, rice, wheat, bajri, barley, jowar, maize, overseas millets, including milo, and their products is introduced from May 1, 1949, in the small towns of Murud and Ramdurg (merged areas).

An order has also been issued under the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act, 1948, restricting the acquisition and possession by various persons of rationed articles in these towns.

## Maintenance Cost Of Lunatics In Hospitals

In view of the considerable increase in the cost of maintaining patients in Government Mental Hospitals, the rate of maintenance charges for lunatics payable by Municipalities and other local bodies has been increased from eight to twelve annas a patient a day. The rates for other lunatics have been increased by 50 per cent.

## Bombay Life Underwriters Association

BOMBAY, Monday:

The fourth annual general meeting of the Bombay Life Underwriters' Association was held this evening at the Cama Hall. Major S. M. Bamji President of the Association presided. Addressing the gathering he appealed to all life underwriters to join the Association.

The meeting accepted the annual report and the accounts of the year. Mr. B. N. Chinimini was elected as President for the forthcoming year. Mr. K. Apparao was elected Vice-President, Mr. S. J. Antia and Mr. M. S. M Pavri joint, secretaries, and Mr. R. M. Kilawalla, Treasurer of the Association.

# RESULTS OF M.D.,M.S. AND D.O. EXAMS.

## Bombay University

The following are the results of the M.D., M.S., and D.O. examinations held by the Bombay University in April, 1949.

**M.D.**

The following candidates have passed the Examination:—

Nos.: 1 10 12 15 27 29 31 45 46 50 55 59 60 61 63 64 70

**M.S.**

The following candidates have passed the Examination:—

Nos.: 1 9 18 19 21 23 26 27 29 30 33 34 35 36.

**D.O.**

Both the candidates have failed to pass the Examination

## *KHER AND MORARJI LEAVE FOR NAVSARI*

BARODA, May 1. (A.P.I.): Mr B. G. Kher, Bombay Premier, and Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, left here tonight for Navsari by the Meerut Express. From Navasari they will both proceed tomorrow on a tour of the Bansda and the Dang areas.

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KOHINOOR

4TH WEEK

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# Clashes Mark May Day Celebrations In London

## POLLITT URGES BRITAIN TO ESTABLISH TRADE RELATIONS WITH NEW CHINA

**LONDON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Nine young demonstrators, shouting anti-American slogans, chained themselves to the railings of the United States Embassy here tonight after a series of May Day incidents in the capital during which 21 people were arrested.**

Earlier, police and demonstrators clashed in the two-hour battle as Communists and their supporters tried to form processions in defiance of an official ban on political marches. At one stage anti-Communists attacked marchers trying to reach Trafalgar Square, traditional centre for public meetings, close to Whitehall, the Government quarter.

A crowd estimated at 6,000 watched demonstrators, including many girls and women, engaged in hand-to-hand scuffles as mounted a foot police charged and destroyed banners.

During the day Mr. Harry Pollitt, Secretary of the British Communist Party, addressed two Communist-organised meetings in London.

He called for "immediate recognition of the Chinese democratic Government, the withdrawal of all British warships from Chinese waters and the sending of special ambassadors to Najnking to open trade negotiations with the new China."

Police controlled a crowd of several thousands in East London's Ridley Road, scene of several previous clashes while Sir Oswald Mosley addressed a "social evening" of his supporters.

Boos and hisses mingled with the cheers of the ex-Fascist Leaders' supporters.

War Minister Emanuel Shinwell said at a rally in the Coliseum Theatre that he sent greetings to the workers of all countries, including Soviet Russia.

"We cannot fail to recall their (the Russians) gallant exploits during the war, their terrific struggle over the past 30 years since the time of the revolution, imperilled by external fears, menaced by capitalism", he said.

**CLASHES IN COIMBATORE**

COIMBATORE, May 1, (API): Police arrested 19 textile workers folowing a clash yesterday here between supporters of rival unions of textile workers over the celebration of May Day.

It was stated that those involved in the clash belonged to the Socialist-led Coimbatore Textile Workers' Union and a rival body led by Mr. Kuppuswamy.

About 28 persons were slightly injured.

## S. K. PATIL CONTRADICTS PRESS REPORTS

BOMBAY, May 2 (API): Mr. S. K. Patil President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement today said there was no difference of opinion between himself and the Bombay Government on the question of prohibition.

The statement was occasioned by what Mr. Patil called an "incomplete and inaccurate report" of his speech at a reception given to him by the City Adult Education Committee, in a section of the local press, which quoted Mr. Patil as saying that the Government of Bombay could have profitably given education priority over prohibition.

Mr. Patil stated today that his brief speech was mainly confined to ways and means of liquidating mass illiteracy, and he had observed that most of the schemes of reform failed to achieve the desired results because of mass illiteracy and consequent ignorance.

Mr. Patil added, "I said that even prohibition would succeed earlier if the people were made literate first. From this standpoint it was essential to give topmost priority to the solution of the problem of illiteracy.

"By no stretch of imagination an infererence can be drawn from this that I differ from Government on the subject of prohibition. I had to make this explanation to avoid a misunderstanding which was bound to be created by an inaccurate report of my speech".

## Labour Workers' Training Classes

Under the auspices of the Bombay Board of the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh a labour workers' training centre will be started in Bombay from 2nd week of June, 1949. Practical and theoretical instructions in Trade Union Work, Union Management, Labour laws, Industrial Welfare etc., will be given and the whole course will be of nearly six months' duration. A nominal admission fee of Rs. 10 per head for the whole course will be charged. Particulars can be had from the office of the Sangh at Congress House, Vithabhai Patel Road, Grant Road.

## HANSRAJ MORARJI SCHOOL

### Mr. Saiyyidain's Address To Students

(From Our Correspondent)
VILE PARLE, May 2.

Presiding over the seventh annual sports of the Hansraj Morarji Public School, Andheri, on Saturday last, Mr. K. G. Saiyyidain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, expressed his appreciation of the fine work done by the school in imparting sound education to the students and for providing excellent facilities to them in all spheres of activities. He urged that such facilities should be made available to all students in the country. The speaker laid great stress on the need of discipline amongst students and respect for teachers. In his opinion, teachers and students should consider themselves as members of one family. He urged the parents to appreciate the work of the teachers and to respect them.

Earlier Principal Dhirubhai Desai, reviewing the activities of the school during the last year, thanked the parents and the general public for their co-operation and expressed satisfaction at the progress made by the school in all directions. The students presented an interesting programme of sports.

## CHEMICAL 'BOMB' IN WAR AGAINST MOSQUITO

**LONDON, May 1, (UPI): Chemical "bombs" are being used in and around London in the fight against the malaria-carrying mosquito.**

**The "bombs", which are made by sanitary squads, are thrown into the middle of large lakes which cannot be adequately sprayed.**

**A list of every pool, stream or ditch, which is believed to be the breeding-place of mosquitoes, is being prepared.**

## PROHIBITORY ORDER ON POONA WEEKLY

The Government of Bombay has served an order, under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947, on Mr. R. A. Joshi, editor, printer and publisher of Akhand Bharat, a Marathi weekly of Poona, prohibiting him from printing and publishing in his weekly, till May 12, 1949, any matter including any visible representation in connection with, arising from, or in relation to, or bearing directly or indirectly on the trial of Nathuram Godse and others, accused in the Gandhi Murder Case, or the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh.

A similar order was served on Mr. A. D Inamdar, keeper of the Shree Sharada Mudranalaya, where the "Akhand Bharat" is being printed.

The Provincial Press Advisory Committee was consulted before taking this action.

## Asoka Mehta On United T. U. C.

Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, in the course of a statement, says:

The organisation of a new central body of trade unions, called the United Trades Union Congress, in Calcutta, will be widely deplored. The differences that divide the sponsors of the new organisation from the Hind Mazdoor Sabha are of a minor character. My colleagues Mr. R. S. Ruiker and I made every effort to remove the differences and made the suggestion that unresolved differences be referred to the arbitration of the veteran labour leader, Mr. N. M. Joshi. Mr. Joshi is the recognised and acknowledged guide and philosopher of all trade unionists and his arbitration could have been accepted by his old friends like Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose. We hope even now wiser counsels will prevail and our efforts for unity in labour ranks will not remain unresponded.

## Kalyan Municipal President

(From Our Correspondent)
KALYAN, May 2.

Mr. K. L. Bhide, leader of the majority party (known as Bhide party) in the Kalyan Borough Municipality was elected as a president of the Municipality for the year 1949-50, defeating his rival candidate Mr. G. G. Gharpure. Mr. K. B. Bhalerao, also from the same party, was elected as Vice-President, defeating Mr. G. U. Pardeshi. The party position in the Kalyan Municipality is 19 members belongs to the Bhide Party and 8 members from the opposition

**DROWNING TRAGEDY**

A drowning tragedy occurred yesterday in the river Ullas about five miles from here. It is understood that a picnic party at Ramnarayan Ruia College students were enjoying a bath in the river, when all of a sudden a member of the party cried for help. Another member immediately went to help the drowning man, but he was also entangled in the current and both the persons were drowned in midstream.

## Training Camp Of N.C.C. At Deolali

The annual training camp of the 1st Bombay Battalion National Cadet Corps, will be held at Deolali from May 11 to 25. All the cadets enrolled in the battalion will report to their respective company offices in Bombay on May 10 for issue of kit.

KARACHI, May 2 (UPI).—The inaugural meeting of the Pakistan-Iran Cultural Association is proposed to be held on May 7. H.E. M. Ali Nasir, the Iranian Ambassador, the Governor of Sind, Mr. Din Mohammad, and other Pakistani friends of Iran are expected to attend the meeting.

## PEASANT CHECKS UP NEW PLOUGH

**A peasant checks up for himself the new plough evolved by the Indian Agricultural Research Institute of the Central Ministry of Agriculture. The plough consists of the bottoms only of two standard ploughs now in use, suitably coupled by means of aniron framework and pulled by a single central beam. Weighing and costing only fifty per cent more than the plough now in use, the new implement does twice the work and is also less tiresome to operate due to its stability when in work.**

# Need For Social Revolution In Fundamental Values

## KRIPALANI ADVOCATES PLAN BASED ON TRUTH AND NON-VIOLENCE

GANDHIGRAM (Madura), April 30 (API).—Acharya Kripalani, former President of the Congress, said here today that the constructive programme of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress was not an end in itself but only the means of establishing a society based on justice and equality.

Acharya Kripalani was delivering the valedictory address to students of the Training Camp for Constructive Workers conducted by the Tamilnad Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Trust.

**'BOLSHEVIK WAY UNSUITED'**

Though they had achieved political independence, Acharya Kripalani said, they had yet to achieve social revolution. There were two ways of doing it. In the ultimate analysis, the Bolshevik way was not a revolution in values. It resulted in a dictatorship in the internal field, and in the external field in a greater imperialism than that of the countries professedly imperialist.

Acharya Kripalani added that in winning the freedom of the country by Gandhian methods they had accomplished only a minor revolution. They had yet to accomplish the major revolution of creating a new social order based on fundamental values. For that they must have a revolutionary programme based on truth and non-violence. They could not implement their revolutionary programme by doing work in 'Ashrams' and training classes. They had to go to the political field and capture power for the purpose.

# Strength Of Tamil Literature

BOMBAY, Monday.

The continuing strength of Tamil literature was attributed to its "eclectic" spirit, which imbibed everything worthy and new, by Prof. A. Srinivasa Raghavan of Madras when he addressed the P. E. N. this evening. He held as remarkable that the Tamil language in its 2,500 years of evolution and growth had consistently maintained its dominant characteristics of individuality and flexibility in spite of influential contact with ancient Sanskrit literature and modern English trends.

Mr. Raghavan noted that old Tamil literature was not primitive but simplicity and directness of approach were its key-notes. It was essentially secular in outlook and even the ancient poems showed a high degree of sophistication and indicated that their authors chose the most flexible methods of expression after experiment and research.

He expressed the view that the great Tamil poet Kamban, author of the "Kamba Ramayana", did not merely translate Valmiki's Sanskrit work but really recreated the great epic, providing a magnificent example of the successful fusion of Tamil and Sanskrit cultures.

Mr. Raghavan praised Subramanya Bharati, the 20th Century Tamil poet, for having directed modern Tamil literature along secular paths and given an impetus to the freedom movement by his vibrant songs and poems.

## FORMING NEW TRADE UNION INTERNATIONAL

### World Labour Organisations' Help To Be Sought

LONDON, May 1. (PTI-Reuter): Britain's 8,000,000-strong Trade Union Congress is to approach Trade Union Movements in other countries throughout the world to invite their help in forming a new Trade Union International.

The General Council of the T.U.C. has decided on this first positive action since British, United States and Dutch members of the World Federation of Trades Unions walked out of that Organisation in January.

**26 ARRESTED**

TRICHINOPOLY, May 2 (API): Twenty-six persons, including an office bearer of the Trichy Junction Branch of the S.I.R. Labour Union were taken into custody yesterday for taking out a May Day procession in defiance of the prohibitory orders already in force.

It is stated that the members of the procession ran away after throwing some country made bombs at the police party. They left a Megaphone and a few Communist flags behind them.

It is reported that two policemen received injuries from the bombs.

## Arrests In Calcutta

CALCUTTA May 2. (A. P. I.): A police officer and a constable were injured last night in Central Calcutta when a cracker was thrown at a police vehicle. Three arrests were made.

There were a couple of other cases of cracker throwing also last night but no injuries have been reported.

## PROBLEMS AFTER FREIGHT WAR

### London Talks Today

LONDON, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The whole position of Indian shipping in the India-United Kingdom and India-Continental carrying trades will be raised by Mr. M. A. Master, General Manager of the Scindia Steamship Company at a conference of Karma Shipping lines here tomorrow.

British, Indian and Continental lines (except the Dutch lines) will be represented. The conference will take stock of the position of shipping lines on these trades arising out of the recent freight war.

Mr. Master told a P.T.I. representative in London that he would press for a fair deal for Indian shipping lines in the carrying of trades on the Continental-India trade.

He said that in pre-war days, over sixty per cent. of the 300,000 tons was carried by the German Hansa line, which was not functioning now. This tonnage would increase considerably in the years to come, on account of heavy purchases to be made by the Indian Government in Continental countries. It was legitimate, he said, that Indian shipping should claim the carrying trade originating and terminating in India.

He said that before coming to London he had had discussions with the Indian Government on the position of Indian shipping lines following the 92 per cent. reduction in freight rates brought about by the freight war. The Government, he added, had promised sympathetic consideration of their problems.

**CAIRO MARTIAL LAW EXTENDED**

**CAIRO, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): The Egyptian Cabinet tonight decided to extend martial law for a further year. It was introduced last May in view of the Palestine fighting. Press censorship will end on May 15.**

## MANUFACTURE OF ASAVAS

### Concessions To Medical Practitioners

BOMBAY, Monday.

From April 1 last, restrictions have been placed on the manufacture and sale of Drakshasavas, Arishtas and Asavas and licences are required for the manufacture under bond of these products by pharmacies and for their sale. However, in order to remove the difficulties experienced by registered medical practitioners desiring to dispense the restricted medicinal preparations, the Government of Bombay has decided to give them licences, on a nominal fee of Re. 1, permitting them to possess and use these preparations as ingredients in their prescriptions.

Licences will also be given to Vaidyas, again on a nominal fee of Re. 1, to manufacture Drakshasavas, Arishtas and Asavas required by them for dispensing to their patients. However, they will have to manufacture them either at their own premises or at Government warehouses under excise supervision. As the sale of sealed bottles cannot be made under this licence, no duty will be leviable on such manufactures.

A separate licence, on a reduced fee of Rs. 25/- in larger cities and Rs. 15/- elsewhere will be given for the sale of Arishtas and Asavas, excluding Drakshasava.

# ENSURING INDEPENDENCE FROM EXECUTIVE

## Move For Amendment In India's Constitution Regarding Speakers Of Legislatures

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API): The Constituent Assembly is likely to accept an amendment to the draft constitution, ensuring the independence of the presiding authorities in Legislatures and freedom from Executive interference. The Secretariat of the Central and Provincial Legislatures, it is expected will be placed on the same independent footing as the Secretariat of the future Supreme Court.

Presidents and Speakers of Legislatures all over India meeting here last month under the Chairmanship of Mr. G. V. Mavalankar, speaker of the Indian Parliament, had recommended unanimously the incorporation of a specific provision in the constitution to this effect. A draft amendment has been prepared to implement the recommendation and it is expected to be sponsored in the Constituent Assembly either by the Drafting Committee itself or by a Provincial Speaker, who is a member of the Constituent Assembly.

## I. L. O. Field Office For India

GENEVA, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The International Labour Office today announced the early establishment in India of a field office on technical training.

It will be the first regional office to be set-up under the I.L.O. programme designed to ensure more efficient use of the world's manpower.

It will be directed by Mr. Svend Pederson, formerly an official of Lockhead Aircraft Corporation and recently Professor and Vocational Director at Chaffey College, Ontario, California, United States.

The office will on request give direct technical aid to the Asian and Far Eastern countires on how to improve their technical training programmes. It will also serve as a regional Reserach Information centre on technical training in carrying out these functions.

It will co-operate with the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and Far East.

Mr. Pedersen will leave Geneva on May 12 for New Delhi, The temporary operating headquarters of the office.

## Indo-French Settlements Customs Pact Renewed

NEW DELHI, May 2. (U.P.I.): The Government of India, it is reliably understood, have renewed their offer to French Government to continue the Customs Union Agreement of 1941 with the French settlements in India, in reply to French representations that the termination of the agreement w as causing great hardship to the people of the French settlements.

It is also understood that while the Government of India are willing to revert to the position existing before 31st March, this year, till the referendum is held, in order to avoid any inconvenience to the people of the settlements, the Government of India would not be prepared to consider any modified agreement.

It is not yet known whether the French Government are prepared to accept the Government of India's offer which is solely motivated by a desire to help the neighbouring people of the French Indian settlements, who have such close economic and cultural ties with people in the Indian Union.

KARACHI, May 2 (UPI).—One thousand destitute refugee children in Karachi are to be nourished from May 15 with a quarter of a seer of "pasteurised" milk daily for a year under a scheme, subsidised from the Qaid-i-Azam's Relief Fund, which Mr. A. U. Choudry, the Superintendent of Refugee Camps in Karachi, is now finalising.

## FLOODS SWEEP DOWN ARAB VILLAGES

### Loss Expected To Be 100,000,000 Francs

CASABLANCA, May 1. (PTI-Reuter): Floodwaters swept down the eastern slopes of the Atlas mountains today, destroying Arab villages, cattle heads and crops.

The swollen Moulaya river carried away several of its bridges and waterside buildings. At Missour, a town between the middle and upper Atlas Rangers, six Arabs were drowned Damage in the desert region of Marrakesh was estimated at about 100,000,000 francs.

## Mystery Around Sidney Stanley

**TEL AVIV, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): A small yacht from Ramsgate Kent, carried Sidney Stanley—Lynskey tribunal key wianess—to Dunkirk, on his way to Paris, according to a British Jew here, who claims to be his personal friend.**

**He wished to remain anonymous.**

**He said that after reporting to the police on March 31 Stanley left for the south coast in a waiting car and was rowed to a small yacht which had left Ramsgate the previous night. After a 12 hour crossing, Stanley landed near Dunkirk and went by road.**

**Stanley had little British money on him when he left, but obtained plenty of dollars in Paris from an American publishing house as advance payment for his memoirs.**

**The man claimed he was instructed to go to await Stanley's arrival and confessed he was puzzled by Stanley's non-appearance.**

## Jail Delivery Of R.S.S. Men In East Punjab

SIMLA, May 1. (A.P.I.): Fourhundred thirty-two out of 743 R.S.S. detenus in the East Punjab jails have been released so far, it was officially announced here today.

Threehundred fifty out of 1,700 R.S.S. prisoners have also been released.

KARACHI, April 30 (PTI-Reuter).—Pakistan is likely to recognise Col. Husni Zaim's Government in Syria set up after a bloodless coup in March last according to well informed sources here.


GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

# DISPOSALS

## TEXTILES SPECIAL TENDER No. 7

Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase of the following Textile Stores:

(1) 14,78,800 pairs Shorts Khaki Drill in various sizes—14,75,000 pairs, located at Ordnance Depot, Dehu (Bombay) and 3,800 pairs, located at Retail shop, Regional Commissioner (Disposals) Kanpur. Reserve price Rs. 2/8/- per pair. Bids for a minimum of 50,000 pairs for Dehu lot and for the whole quantity at Kanpur.

Export for this item only will be allowed under the following conditions:

(a) That the exporter produces to the Ministry of Commerce, a certificate to the effect that the Shorts have been purchased from D.G.D.

(b) That the export should be preferably to hard currency destinations.

(c) That the exporter should satisfy the C. C. Exports that the Shorts will not be re-exported to South Africa.

(d) Each application will be decided by C.C. Exports on merits.

(2) 26,000 Nos. of 'Gowns White', located at Ordnance Depot, Muttra, Reserve price Rs. 2/8/- each.

(3) 12,900 Nos. Sport Shirts white, located at Central Provision Depot, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 2/- each.

(4) 2,677 pairs Trousers Drill Bleached white, located at Ordnance Returned Stores, Sub Depot, Ghorepuri, Poona. Reserve price Rs. 3/8/- per pair.

(5) 3,603 Nos. Hats Pith, located at No 3 E.D.R.I.A.F., Avadi, Madras. Reserve price Rs. 2/8/- each.

(6) 10,130 pairs Khaki Drill Trousers Special A.I.F. in various sizes, located at Central Provision Depot, Dehu Siding, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 3/- per pair.

(7) 7,074 pairs Khaki Drill Trousers U.S.A. Pattern in various sizes, located at Ordnance Depot, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 3/8/- per pair.

(8) 7,543 pairs Trousers Cotton Khaki U.S.A. Pattern in various sizes, located at Ordnance Depot, Avadi. Reserve price Rs. 3/8/- per pair.

(9) 2,995 pairs Trousers Mazri Hospital, located at Ordnance Depot, Muttra. Reserve Price Rs. 1/8 - per pair.

(10) 4,605 pairs Trousers Mazri Hospital, located at C.O.D., Kanpur. Reserve Price Rs. 1/8/- per pair.

(11) 22,000 Nos. Suits Sleeping Cotton comprising one Jacket & one pair of Trousers, located at Ordnance Depot, Dehu. Reserve price Rs. 3/- per suit.

(12) 1,55,997 Nos. Jackets Sleeping Cotton, located at Ordnance Depot, Dehu. Reserve Price Rs. 1/2/- each.

Tenders should be submitted in prescribed forms, which can be had from Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, and Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Calcutta Kanpur Bombay Madras at Rs. 5/- per set (two forms) in Cash or Money Order.

Tender forms contain full particulars of stores, instructions to tender, conditions of sale, inspection permit and conditions of export of Shorts Khaki Drill.

Tenders should be addressed to the Director General of Disposals, Textile and Leather Directorate, Shahjahan Road, New Delhi and should reach him by 4 P.M. on June 6, 1949.

Issued by
Director General of Disposals
NEW DELHI

AC 14.



# Indian Armed Forces Commissions

APPLICATIONS are invited from unmarried Indian nationals and Gurkha subjects of Nepal for admission to the Military Wing of the Armed Forces Academy and the initial Training Wing of the Royal Indian Air Force for the course commencing in January, 1950. The combined examination for entry to these courses, originally due to take place on June 15, 16 and 17, 1949, will now be held on August 8 and 9, 1949 and the last date for the receipt of completed application forms in the Federal Public Service Commission's Office has been extended from 2nd April to 14th May, 1949. Application forms and full particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission, Council House, Post Box No. 136, New Delhi or nearest Military Sub-Area H.Q Recruiting Office.

AGE LIMITS:—Civilian candidates must have been born (i) NOT earlier than 2nd January, 1929 and NOT later than 1st January 1932 for the Army and (ii) NOT earlier than 2nd January, 1929 and NOT later than 1st July, 1932 for the Royal Indian Air Force.

Personnel serving in the Army who wish to compete for admission to the Military Wing must have been born NOT earlier than 2nd January, 1926 and NOT later than 1st January, 1932

EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION:—Must have passed Matriculation or equivalent Examination. Applications from candidates who have appeared or intend to appear for the Matriculation or equivalent Examination will be accepted provisionally and they will be required to furnish proof of having passed the Examination before the date of commencement of the Federal Public Service Commission Examination.

SELECTION:—Candidates who qualify at the written Examination of the Federal Public Service Commission will be required to appear before the Services Selection Boards.

**NOTE**

**1. FOR ARMY CANDIDATES**

Applicants for admission to the 7th Course (Military Wing) whose results are NOT yet known are advised, if otherwise eligible, to submit their applications for appearing at this examination. If they are successful for the 7th course, their applications will be cancelled.

**2. FOR RIAF CANDIDATES.**

Upto 70% of the candidates selected for admission to the initial Training Wing of the Royal Indian Air Force will, on successful completion of flying training, be given permanent Commissions, and the remainder 30%, short service Commissions in the G. D. (Pilots) Branch of the Royal Indian Air Force.

A. C 11

# HUTTON'S SPARKLING CENTURY

## New Zealanders Lead Narrowly In First Innings But Lose 2 For 7 In Second

**BRADFORD, MAY. 2 (P.T.I.-REUTER): LEN HUTTON, ENGLAND OPENING BAT, AND RONALD ASPINALL, BURELY YORKSHIRE PACE BOWLER, TOOK THE HONOURS ON THE SECOND DAY OF THE MATCH BETWEEN YORKSHIRE AND THE NEW ZEALAND TOURING TEAM HERE.**

**A sparkling 167 by Hutton helped Yorkshire to make 346 in their first innings in reply to the tourists total of 370 for seven declared. In the remaining minutes New Zealand lost two second innings wickets for only seven runs, Aspinall claiming both opening batsmen.**

Hutton gave the New Zealanders a foretaste of the punishment that looks to be in store for their limited attacking resources this season. Making only three false strokes he was at the wicket just over four and half hours and hit 20 fours.

Apart from Lester and Coxon, the other Yorkshire batsmen looked like men struggling to find their early season's from Lester hit one half-volley from Cowie out of the ground in helping Hutton to add 99 for the fifth wicket.

Cowie was the pick of the New Zealand attack but the bowlers were not helped by the placing in the field. A side better able to close the gaps might easily have restricted the Yorkshire total.

Len Hutton was in sparkling form when Yorkshire resumed their first innings here today, 362 runs behind the New Zealanders with all their wickets intact.

Hutton showed he is as hungry for runs as ever after three successive years of continuous cricket, in the first over he scored a four of slow left-hander Burtt and then followed a typical late cut for four again.

In dull and rather cold weather Hutton, who had his left forearm bandaged in two places, and Halliday batted quietly. Halliday appeared uncomfortable and caused no surprise when he gave a low catch to backward shortleg off Cresswell at 22.

The first hour's play produced only 42 runs mainly through steady bowling which was well supported in the field. Hutton reached his 50 in just under two hours. Wilson experienced great difficulty against Cowie's medium-fast bowling, while Cresswell's leg cutters permitted few aggressive strokes. The slow lefthander Burtt was recalled to the attack and took Wilson's wicket at 105 with a flighted good length ball to which the batsman played too late.

**HUTTON COMPLETES HUNDRED**

Hutton when 93 snicked a ball just in front of Scott at first slip but went on to complete his century in just under three hours. Using a wide range of off strokes he added another 50 in an hour and at tea was still undefeated with 161 to his credit. Yorkshire were then 113 runs behind with four wickets down.

Yardley looked far from comfortable after lunch and it was no surprise when he was bowled round his legs at 136. Watson helped Hutton to add 36 for fourth wicket and was then bowled by offspinner Raborne. Close bowled well without luck. None of the batsmen including Hutton were happy against him. The cold wind kept the attendance down to about 7,000.

Hutton held out for further 20 minutes after tea and then gave a tame a catch to fine leg. His 167 included 20 fours and was made in just over four and a half hours. Only on three occasions was the England opening bat tricked into false strokes.

His fifth wicket stand with Lester who made a fine half century realised 99. After Yorkshire had failed by only 25 runs to head New Zealanders on first innings, Ronald Aspinall, big built fast medium bowler, struck a great blow for Yorkshire in the minutes remaining by dismissing both the tourists opening batsmen for only seven runs.

### SCORE-BOARD

**NEW ZEALAND (1st Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| for 7 wkts. decl. | 370 |

**YORKSHIRE (1st Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| L. Hutton c Cresswell b Rabone | 167 |
| Halliday c Cave b Creswell | 14 |
| J. V. Wilson b Burtt | 27 |
| N. W. D. Yardly b Cowie | 4 |
| W. Watson b Babone | 11 |
| E. Lester c Sutcliffe b Burtt | 50 |
| A. Coxon c Cowie b Brutt | 41 |
| R. Aspinal c Donoslif b Burtt | 9 |
| J. Wardle b Cowie | 8 |
| D. Brennan c Mooney b Cowie | 3 |
| E. Robinson not out | 8 |
| Extras | 4 |
| Total | 346 |

**Fall of wickets:**— 1 for 32, 2 for 105, 3 for 136, 4 for 172, 5 for 271, 6 for 279, 7 for 296, 8 for 319 and 9 for 325.

**BOWLING ANALYSIS**

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cowie | 30 | 4 | 87 | 3 |
| Cave | 24 | 6 | 54 | 0 |
| Burtt | 24.5 | 6 | 89 | 4 |
| Cresswell | 20 | 3 | 74 | 1 |
| Rabone | 12 | 1 | 34 | 2 |
| Sutcliffe | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |

**NEW ZEALAND (2nd Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| B. Sutcliffe B. Aspinall | 4 |
| V. Scott l.b.w. B. Aspinall | 0 |
| W. Hadlee not out | 1 |
| W. Wallace not out | 0 |
| Extras | 2 |
| Total (for two wickets) | 7 |

**Fall of wickets:**— 1 for 5, 2 for 7.

## CHARGES AGAINST AMARNATH

### Board Will Announce Them Publicly On Thursday

BOMBAY, Monday:

A letter has been sent today to L. Amanath containing the complete statement of the President submitted to the Board of Control for Cricket in India at its meeting held on the 10th ultimo.

A circular issued by the Board states that a copy of the letter will be sent to the Vice-Presidents of the Board and all Associations affiliated to it.

Consequent upon the Board's decision to make the charges against Amarnath public, a Press Conference has been called by the President of the Board for the purpose.

Allowing for the normal time for the letters to be received by Amarnath and all the Associations, the Press Conference will take place at 4 p.m. on Thursday the 5th instant at the Governor's Pavilion, Cricket Club of India.

## W. I. BILLIARDS

### Durham's Narrow Win Over Adhikari

BOMBAY, Monday.—In an exciting match in the Western India Billiards Championship played this evening at the Islam Gymkhana, H. A. Durham the Islam Gymkhana, H. A. Durham narrowly beat C. H. Adhikari. During the course of the two-hours' play Durham scored 553 as against his opponent's 539.

The winner made two good breaks, one of 30 and the other later on of 59 points. Adhikari too crossed the 50 mark once. His two principle breaks were of 50 and 38.

T. Brewer failed to turn up for his match in the Western India Snooker Championship, and his opponent V. N. Pathare was awarded a walk-over.

## *COUNTY CRICKET IN ENGLAND*

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Cricket close of play scores:

**At Lords: M.C.C. vs. Essex:**
M.C.C. 378 for 8 declared and 108 for 3 (W. J. Edrich not out 52).
Essex 356 (Avery 143, Bailey 82).

**At Oxford: University vs. Gloucestershire**
Oxford 328 and 81 for three.
Gloucestershire 259 (Emmet 76, Allen 133, Chesterton 6 for 71).

**At Taunton: Somerset vs. Glamorgan (Friendly)**
Somerset 204 and 134 for one (Gimblett not out 62).
Glamorgan 215 (Clift 59, W. Jones 51, Lawrence 7 for 89).

**At Portsmouth: Royal Navy vs. Hampshire:**
Royal Navy 241 (Ainsworth 97, May 58).
Hampshire 136 for four (McCorkell 69).

## *In the Day's Sport*

**FOOTBALL**

**St. Xavier's Ground, Parel**
4-40 p.m. Volkart vs. Elphinstone Mills.
5-45 p.m. Globe S. C. vs. Wimco.

**G. I. P. Rly. Ground, Parel**
4-40 p.m. Dockyard 'C' vs. Indian Tools.

**Cooperage**
4-15 p.m. Globe Sports "B" vs. Young Challengers (Summersgill).
5-40 p.m. General Motors vs. Bombay Amateurs (Nadkarni).

**HOCKEY**

**Association Ground**
5-45 p.m. Lusitanians vs. Greys "C".

**BILLIARDS**

**Islam Gymkhana**
4 p.m. M. A. Tybjee vs. S. J. Mugaseth (W. I. Snooker).
6 p.m. to 8 p.m. K. N. Billimoria vs.

## *DAVIS CUP RESULTS*

### *South Africa's Decisive Lead In First Round*

THE HAGUE, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): South Africa won the doubles match here today in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie against Holland and now hold a decisive lead of three match to zero.

The doubles match resulted in Eric Sturgess and Eustace Fannin (South Africa) beating Hans Van Suol and Ivor Rinkel (Holland) by 7-5, 6-3, 6-4. 2 more matches remain to be played but South Africa are now certain to meet Italy in the second round.

### Denmark Beats Israel

COPENHAGEN, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Denmark gained a decisive 3-0 lead over Israel here today when they won the doubles in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie.

In this match Kurt Nielsen and Torben Ulrich (Denmark) beat Ralph Gonitzky and Yehuda Finkelkraut (Israel) by 6-1, 6-2 6-1.

Denmark won the two opening singles yesterday and two more remain to be played tomorrow.

THE HAGUE, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): South Africa today gained a 5-0 victory over the Netherlands in their European Zone first round Davis Cup tie here. In today's two singles matches Cyd Levy beat Nocke Linck 7-4, 6-3, 6-4 and Eric Sturgess defeated R. Van Meegeren 6-2, 6-3, 6-1. South Africa meet Italy in the second round.

LISBON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Britain beat Portugal by five matches to zero here today in their first round European Zone Davis Cup tie.

Britain, who led by three matches to zero yesterday, won the remaining two singles today.

Results : Tim Lewis beat Jose Roquette by 6-2, 1-6, 6-1, 7-5 and Tony Mottram beat Jose DaSilva by 7-5, 3-6, 7-5, 6-0.

Britain will meet Czechoslovakia in the second round.

### Tatas To Play An Exhibition Match In Calcutta

JAMSHEDPUR, May 2. (A.P.I.): Tata Sports Club, Bombay, winners of the Beighton Cup this year, will play an exhibition hockey match here with Tata Sports, Jamshedpur on May 4, at the Keenan Stadium.

### *Victorious Indian Team Leaves Ceylon*

COLOMBO, May 2, (P.T.I-Reuter): The All-India Football Team after a successful tour of Ceylon left for Madras by the Indo-Ceylon Express today.

Officials of the local Football Association saw the Indian Team off at the Fort Railway Station.

## U. P. ENDORSES ACTION AGAINST AMARNATH

### Demand For Commnwealth-East Zone Match To Be Played In U. P.

LUCKNOW, May 2. (API): The United Provinces Cricket Association, at its emergency meeting held here last night, authorised the Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagram to write to the Tour Sub-Committee of the Cricket Control Board that the match of the East Zone against the Commonwealth side should be played in U.P.

The meeting heard Mr. M. Mustafa, Secretary of the U.P. C.A., who represented the U.P. at the Control Board meeting in Bombay and expressed "its approvel of the action of its representative in joining other members of the Board who had authorised the Board's President to frame a charge sheet against Lala Amarnath".

The Association welcome Sir H. P. Mody to the U.P. and offered its felicitations on his assumption of office as Governor of the Province.

# SOCCER TOO HAS ITS TROUBLES WITH THE PITCHES

## Though British Teams Prefer Soft-Wet Grounds, They Should Adapt Themselves To All Conditions

**LONDON, May 1 (PTI-Reuter): Now that soccer is being played in warm sunny weather on bone dry grounds, the question is being raised as to how far pitches should be prepared to meet the situation.**

Should the grounds be liberally watered and a heavier ball introduced or should they be left entirely alone and the players forced to accept the natural conditions?

There are two arguments. Those who want to have the pitches prepared and have a heavier ball used, say that it is only by these means that play can be kept up to the best standard. It is well known that all British teams play a much better game on a soft—wet ground and a cold heavy atmosphere because they are used the these conditions for nine—tenths of the season.

Those who want to leave well alone say that the best performers are those that can adapt themselves to the reigning conditions and that the only way British teams can retain their supremacy over their international rivals is to be efficient, no matter what the ground is like.

It is certainly true that every British team that goes abroad prays for rain and a soft ground because they know that they are at a great disadvantage if the pitch is iron-hard and the ball light. Surely therefore it would be wiser for clubs in Britain to accept the prevailing conditions and learn to control the ball as easily on concrete doing so that they can hope to keep up their present fine record of foreign countries.

Few sporting trophies in the world arouse more interest all over the globe than the English Soccer Cup and few have such a fascinating history. For the first time a book has been written about the F.A. Cup which not only traces the growth of the competition from its foundation in 1871-72 but contains a wealth of reading matter about the romantic happenings in this event.

The book, entitled "the official history of the F.A.Cup" has been compiled from the records of the Football League and Football Association by Geoffrey Green and is an authoritative work which should prove most popular among all those taking an interest in Soccer.

Published by the Naldreet Press of London it costs 15sh., but is full value for its money not only as book of reference but something to read in one's leisure hours.

Even the most enthusiastic soccer fans are somewhat vague about the Cup, how the original trophy was lost and the many incidents which make the competition so romantic. They can now discover the truth and talk with authority if they have scanned this new book.

## PANSIES SURPRISE CITY JUNIORS

### Killedar Cup Women's Hockey Commences

BOMBAY, Monday.

Panchgani Pansies lowered the colours of the more well known hockey side, Bombay City Junior by a solitary goal scored in the first period of extra time. This was the first game in the Killedar Cup Hockey Tournament for Women run on a knock out basis.

Panchgani Pansies were full value for their victory and they have certainly improved the hard way Novices at the game a few months ago, they have now made remarkable progress and will one day be playing in first class circles.

Conspicuous for the Pansies was Freny Dubash, who is the ideal centre half, everywhere and in the right place ready to defend and distribute admirably. Miss Meher Ranji was brilliant at extreme left and was responsible for the only goal scored.

For the City, the defence was well kept by Betty Kellet and John Fisher Miss Schmidt also worked hard as Pivot. The forwards never seemed to impress.

The City Juniors had quite a time to break through the Pansies defence. On the other hand it was the City's defence that was pierced on three occasions and the Pansies should have scored, but had the mortification of seeing their attempts just missing the posts by inches.

Banoo Gazdar and Homai Dubash each missed a chance also Piloo Gimi on one occasion saw a powerful drive just past the post. The first half was a blank one. The City never looked like scoring.

In the second half, Khorshed Desai the Pansies goalie brought-off some remarkable saves, to save the side. The city wasted a glorious chance when their centre forward Joy Pearce missed a positive sitter. At the call of full time no score was regestered, but in the first period of extra time Meher Ravji with a brilliant solo effort from her own half scored the all important goal.

The teams:—

**Panchgani Pansies:** Khorshed Desai: Mithoo Tarapore, Arnavaz Paymaster, Dhun Daruwalla, Freny Dubash, Majoo Dubash; Larin Dhondy, Banoo Gazdar, Piloo Guni; Homai Dubesh, Meher Ravji.

**Bombay City 'B':** Clare Verona; Betty Kellet; Joan Fisher; Phlyiss Pearce, Marie Schmidt, Sheila Osborne; Jean Robb, Phyliss Durham, Joy Pearce, Audrey Rodrigues, Dinoo Darukhanawalla.

**Umpires:** O. Fernandes and F. Fernendes.

## *"Oilmen" In Nadkarni Cup Semi-Final*

BOMBAY, Monday.

Burmah-Shell tussling with Indian Gymkhana for the third time in the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament quarter finals finally succeeded in winning by two goals to nil.

Indian Gymkhana were not their former selves this evening and their performance this evening was far from their previous performances. They lacked combination and their forwards failed miserably in the goal area.

Burmah-Shell made full use of the opportunities that came their way and made definite use by translating them into goals. They scored in the first half through Rego and the score was one nil up to half time.

On resumption Indian Gymkhana made every attempt to reduce the margin and come on terms, but their opponents the Oilmen were full value and went on to increase their lead scoring their second goal through A. Francis. They, now meet S. R. Mills in the semi-finals.

Earlier, in the Summersgill Football Tournament this evening Young Mahomedaus and A. S. I. draw, neither side being able to score.

## PAREL SOCCER

### Junior Division Of Harwood League

BOMBAY, Monday.

The following are the results of the matches played in the Harwood League at Parel:—

**Second Division:—**
Khandoba Vijaya 2 Valkart Sports 0.

**Third Division:—**
G. I. P. Rly "B" 2 Dockyard "B" 0.
Ordnance XI 2 Greater Bombay Police 1.

**Fourth Division:—**
B. B. and C. I. Rly "B" 2 Tata Mills S. C. 1.

## Hockey Season In Calcutta Concludes

CALCUTTA, May 2. (A.P.I.): Bengal versus The Rest (Exhibition Hockey Match) played today on the Calcutta ground ended in a goalless draw.

This marks the closing of the Hockey season in Calcutta.

The match was in aid of the troops Welfare Fund.

The Rest team were skippered by Dhyan Chand and were assisted by several All-India players.

Bengal were the better side in the first half and should have taken the lead before the interval, but Jansen, Glacken and Inderjit Rai missed a sitter each. Exchanges ruled pretty even on crossing over.

During the interval Mr. G. C. Fletcher, the President of the Bengal Hockey Association felicitated Dhyan Chand, and a sterling silver cigarette case was presented to him on behalf of the Association as a memento.

Teams:

BENGAL: W. Scott; D. Bannerjee and Sarwan Singh; L. Claudius, Keshav Datt and R. Da Luz; G. Singh, Inderjit Rai, G. Glacken, P. Jansen and J. Sethi.

THE REST: L. Pinto; G. Carvelho and R. S. Gentle; Perumal Ravi Deo and Jaswant; Kishenlal, K. D. Singh Babu, Dhyan Chand, Rajagopal and L. Fernandes.

# WOMEN UMPIRES FOR WIMBLEDON

## British Davis Cup Team Announced

**Women, it has now been decreed are to be qualified to umpire on the centre and No. 1 Court at Wimbledon—another triumph for the gentler sex.**

**Britain's Davis Cup team for the first round of the European Zone against Portugal in Lisbon on April 29, 30 and May 1 has been announced. It will consist of A. J. Mottram, G. L. Paish and N. R. Lewis.**

Mottram and Paish have been established as Britain's doubles pair and it has not been deemed necessary to take a fourth player. Lewis will be there as a reserve singles player ready to fill the gap if either of the others is not fit. The new non-playing captain is J. C. Gregory, who some years ago in partnership with I. G. Collins was one of the best doubles players Britain ever had.

By their recent performances Mottram and Paish have justified their reputations as Britain's best tennis players and this week Geoffrey Paish inflicted on I. Tloczynaki, the Polish star, the first defeat he had suffered at the hands of an Englishman on the hard court since the war. The success, by 6-3, 6-8, 6-3, took Paish into the final of the Surrey championship at Sutton.

Without decrying this excellent performance it is only fair to add that Paddy Roberts, 19-year-old R.A.F. champion, had taken the edge off Tloczynaki's game when they completed their unfinished match the same day. Roberts gave so fine a display that Tloczynaki did not eventually win the match till 11-9 in the final set.

**BROMLEY'S "HAT TRICK"**

The Amateur Cup final resulted, as had been expected, in a win for Bromley who have now carried off the trophy three times. But their victory was anything but a one-sided affair. For most of the game they were outplayed and outplaced and they owed their success really to the skill and coolness of their defence.

From the financial point of view the change of the venue to Wembley was a great success. The F.A. and the two clubs, Bromley and Romford, will each receive approximately £3,000 as their share of the Amateur Cup final gate. One-third of the total proceeds, £20,250, goes in entertainment tax; Wembley Stadium takes 10 per cent. and the match expenses account for the remainder.

**FOOTBALL LEAGUE CHAMPIONS**

Portsmouth have celebrated their jubilee season by winning the Football League championship. They made certain of this with a 2-1 victory at Bolton while their most dangerous rivals, Newcastle and Manchester United, could only draw. Their championship is some compensation for their unexpected defeat in the semi-final of the F.A. Cup.

They owed their success to consistently fine team work and this success is all the more praiseworthy since it is not due to any competition in the purchase of football "stars." Portsmouth seek one more distinction—that of going through the season with an unbeaten home record. They should succeed here, their last home game on Saturday (April 30) being against lowly-placed Huddersfield.

**RELEGATION PROBLEMS**

The relegation problem for the First Division has been complicated by the fact that the last five clubs each drew their games on Saturday. Leicester City can enter this week's Cup Final more hopeful of retaining their places in the Second Division. They picked up a valuable point at Plymouth, also very much in the danger zone. Nottingham Forest also drew—but on their own ground. With a game in hand Leicester lead Nottingham Forest by two points.

In Division III South Swansea Town needed one more point to be certain of promotion. They obtained two, gaining a splendid victory at Brighton. As it happened, it would not have mattered if Swansea had lost, for Reading, the only club who could have overtaken them, drew at South-end.

Hull and Rotherham continued their winning ways in the Northern Section but the result should be a foregone conclusion. Hull need five points from their last four games to make sure of promotion, a task which ought to be well within their power.

**NEW ZEALANDERS IMPRESS**

We had some slight indication of our New Zealand Test visitors' form in their recent informal match at Eastbourne. They have clearly the makings of a good batting side, but their weak point may be their bowling.

At Eastbourne, B. Sutcliffe, their young left-handed batsman, scored an excellent century a faultless performance of much promise, even if the bowling that had to be mastered was not outstanding and the wicket all that a batsman could want.

**KARIM OUTPLAYS BORRETT**

Those who had hoped that our best amateur, N. F. Borrett, would extend the holder, the Egyptian professional Mahmoud el Karim, in the squash racquets open championship at Lansdowne Club, were doomed to disappointment.

There never was any doubt as to which was the outstanding player and Karim won by a score that speaks for itself: 9-2, 9-4, 9-0. He now meets B. C. Phillips in the final.

## Challenge Cup Football In Ambala

AMBALA, May 1 (API): In the opening match of the National Challenge Cup Football Tournament today, D. A. V. College Ambala beat Shri Gopal Mills Abdullahpur by one goal to nothing.

**SANATAN DHARMA COLLEGE WIN**

AMBALA, May 2 (API).—Sanatan Dharma College, Ambala, defeated Royal Indian Air Force "B" in the National Challenge Cup Football Tournament today by one goal to nil.

## ELLIOT WAS AT HIS BEST ON NIMBUS

### Gordon Richard's Riding On Favourite Criticised

LONDON, May 1, (PTI-Reuter): Backer of the Guineas winner, Nimbus, had to thank charlie Elliott for his success. This great rider, who now performs better in France, where he is retained by Marcel Boussac, than in Britain was seen at his very best in squeezing Nimbus home just ahead of Godon Richads on Abenan.

Elliott, whose fifth 2,000 Guineas success this was, must have today ridden more big race winners than any other jockey in the world. He was quick to spot that Abernant was fading and with one crack of the whip across his mounts back, pushed Nimbus past the "dying" favourite.

Although a photo was examined before the result was announced, the majority of those close to the unison thought Nimbus had caught the favourite and the bookmakers were laying three to one against Abernant getting the race.

Champion jockey Gordon Richards came in for some bitter criticism of his riding of Abernant, especially from the rank and file of racegoers. They took the view that had the champion ridden his mount with his customary vigour when he was leading comfortably a furlong from the finish, then he would have easily won. But that is just where they were wrong.

After all, he was the only one up on the horse's back and they should know that what he did he did for the best. He was just as eager to win the race on Abernant as any of the colt's supporters. But to return once again to a very popular phrase coined by the late champion Steve Donoghue—"You cannot come without the horse".

While on the subject of jockeys there has been eloquent evidence of the popularity of the Australian, Billy Cook. This great rider was upon Barnes Park in the Guineas. A horse that was not given even the remotest possible chance, so much so that the bookmakers laid one hundred to one against his chance and this in a thirteen horse race. (They would not lay more than sixty-six to one against the Grand National outsiders).

Yet, when the totalisator returns on the race were announced, it was seen that Barnes Park was twenty-nine to one for a place against the twenty-five to one, a place offered by the bookmakers.

## *MYSORE TENNIS*

BANGALORE, May 2. (A.P.I.): Mr. and Mrs. Khaliq won the mixed doubles of the Mysore Lawn Tennis Championship today beating B. R. Kapinapathy and Mrs. B. V. K. Iyyengar in the finals played today at Cubbon Court Club, 6—1, 6—4.

The winners were in form and Mrs. Khaliq played fast and accurate tennis. B. R. Kapinapathy and partner rather disappointed their fans playing a shaky game even though they showed improvement in the closing stages of the second set.

B. R. Kapinapathy and A. E. Owen (Mysore) will meet P. S. Seshadri and C. G. Paul (Madras) in the men's doubles finals of the championship tomorrow.

In the match decided today Kapinapathy and partner beat E. Eapen and Madhava Nair (Travancore) in two straight sets, 6—3, 6—3.

P. S. Seshadri and C. G. Paul (Madras) had a walk-over in the semi-finals scheduled for today as Vishnumohan and M. V. Baba of Madras did not play due to Baba's ill-health.

## MACCABI INTER-CLUB SWIMMING ON 21st MAY

BOMBAY, Monday:

The Third Annual Inter-Club Swimming Championship of the Maccabi Association for the Sir Victor Sassoon Challenge Cup will be held at the Pransukhlu Mafatlal Hindu Swimming Bath, Chowpatty on Saturday, the 21st instant at 9 p.m.

It is expected that leading swimmers from the city as well as outside will be able to take part.

Invitations have been sent out to several Calcutta swimmers, and all the leading swimming clubs in Bombay in addition to the Deccan Gymkhana, Poona.

The following events have been included in the programme:—

MEN: 100 Meters Freestyle, 400 Meters Freestyle, 100 Meters Back-Stroke, 200 Meters Breaststroke 150 Meters Medley Plain Diving. 10 x 1 length Relay Race and Water Polo for Teams.

WOMEN: 100 Meters Freestyle, 100 Meters Breaststroke, 100 Meters Back-stroke, and Plain Diving.

Ladies' events will not be counted for the Inter-Club Championship.

## I. C. L. Win Poona Open Volleyball Tournament

POONA, May 2:

The Final of the Open Volleyball Tournament, held under the auspices of the Old Boys' Association, of the Anglo Urdu High School, Poona was decided this evening when a formidable Bombay side, the India Culture League easily accounted for the Belapur Volleyball Club, and another visiting side for the Tournament. The Bombay S'de with the superb game won the trophy in two straight sets.

## FRANCE RELIES ON YOUNG BLOOD

### Bold Bid For Davis Cup

PARIS, (UPA): France is counting on a strong array of junior players to bring back the Davis Cup within the next few years, Rene Mathieu, press chief of the French Tennis Federation said here.

Mathieu said this year's crop of young French players is the best in 10 years. "Since the war we've had trouble developing top-flight players', he said. "We have relied mainly on those veterans who were at their peak in 1939. Now we have a dozen boys between 15 and 18 years old, who we think have the makings of top-notch tennis stars. They should reach maturity within a couple of years".

This year's French tennis season is expected to be the biggest since the war. It will be opened by the Paris International Tournament to be followed by the first two rounds of the Davis Cup.

The French Davis Cup team will be made up of three veterans and two newcomers. France's No. 1 player Marcel Bernard, a sharp shooting southpaw veteran of several Davis Cup squads, again will lead the French team this year.

Old timers Bernard Destremeau and Robert Abdessalam will compete with Jacques Thomas, promising young newcomer, and Paul Remy for the second Singles slot.

The doubles team will be made up of two of these players, or may include doubles-specialist Henri Bolelli, who has among his attacking weapons one of the most deceptive spin services in the world.

France was expected to have an easy time in its first-round Davis Cup encounter against Luxembourg. It will run into more serious opposition when it faces Denmark, in the second round.

If the French team gets by Denmark, it probably will face Czechoslovakia, the strongest Cup contender in Europe, led by European champion Jaroslav Drobny. Experts rated the French underdogs against the Czechs.

The International French Championships on the clay courts at Roland Garros Stadium, will be held from May 18 to May 29, and will be attended by top-flight players from all parts of the world.

Representatives of the United States Argentina, India, South Africa, Australia, Sweden, Denmark, Holland, Belgium, Italy, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, Switzerland, Spain and France were expected to compete.

Later France will sent teams to both Wimbledon and Forest Hills tournaments. France's new junior 'hopes", Mathieu declared, will participate in several junior tournaments, including an international competition to be held at the same time as the Roland Carros championships.

The most promising youngsters at the present time are Gerard Dubuisson 16, Gerard Pillet 15, Alain Lemize 18, and Jean-Claude Molinari 17.

## Sale Of Famous India Art Collection

LONDON (By Cable).—The National Art Collections Fund of Great Britain is likely to benefit considerably from a sale to be held at Christie's. Some hundreds of Oriental drawings and miniatures will come under the hammer, all of them given to the Fund to dispose of as they think fit by an Indian collector who died not long ago.

Of the present lot, constituting the bulk of the collection, some will go to museums and others will be sold. Those offered for sale will include a most interesting assembly of paintings and drawings from 16th century Chinese and Persian decorations down to the productions of the "Company School" in mid-19th century India and even some works by modern Indian artists.

Most fascinating, perhaps, are the large number of exquisitely executed and richly coloured Moghul miniatures.—LPS.

## SAIYIDAIN AT JIVAN BHARATI FUNCTION

SURAT, May 2 (API).—Mr. Saiyidain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, appealed for cooperation among parents, students and teachers in building a "a new India" when he presided over the third annual day function of the Jivan Bharathi, an institution run on the lines of Shantiniketan, yesterday.

Mr. Saiyiddin expressed satisfaction at the progress made by the institution and said that such schools could establish close links between education and life. Such schools which "teach children as they work' would be more more useful for building new India than many of the economic and social plans.

The Principal of Jivan Bharati, Mr. C. C. Shah, stated that there were now 450 children in the school, which began with 175. The school had been running at a loss during the last two years and needed funds.

Many children he said, did not like the method of education and left the school. But Mr. Shah was convinced that the method was correct and he would pursue it at all costs.

**RANGOON CELEBRATIONS**

RANGOON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Several hundred Indian labourers took part in yesterday's May Day celebrations here.

Last night 2,000 workers marched to the city's main square carrying bricks for the workers' monument which is being built there largely by Indian labour.

Thakin Nu the Burmese Prime Minister, laid the monument's foundation stone last year.

The Bombay Chronicle

*War has in all countries caused an accumulation of revolutionary yearnings in the very depths of mankind.*

–TROTSKY.

## WHY REVOLUTION?

Speaking at Gandhinagar, Acharya Kripalani remarked that, though Indians had achieved political independence, they had yet to achieve social revolution, the major revolution of creating a new social order based on fundamental values. He asked for a revolutionary programme based on truth and non-violence. Mr. Kripalani could have put the same ideas across in less belligerent language. The fact that he wanted people to enter the political field and capture power for effecting social changes, indicates that he is proposing a purely constitutional approach. And constitutional change is nothing but reform. In the context of present-day India it is far more desirable and effective to work for reform than for revolution. That in effect was also Mr. Kirpalani's thesis when he declared that the Bolshevik way was not suitable for India. No one can deny that more disturbance to the minds of the orthodox and the near-orthodox has been caused by the Hindu Code Bill than by all the talk of revolution. We are not able incidentally to follow Mr. Rajendra Prasad's objection to any legislative discussion of the Code on the ground that the Constituent Assembly is not competent to consider the matter. It is not normal democratic practice to elect parliaments ad hoc for every issue that has to be legislated on nor is it practicable to do so. It is no use talking of social revolution when the Congress as a party is not able to make its mind up on details of reform Being in power means having the capacity to give effect to social ideas—not in a wholesale way of course but by practical measures. The Congress now it is in office cannot afford to pursue a vague course with one leader calling for revolution and another resisting immediate and possible action. The result will be that neither reform nor revolution will be effected but just confusion with the reactionaries very much in the ascendant. The knowledge that the Congress Government, having the power to carry out reforms, fails to act, will reduce Indian society to anarchic conditions. It is very necessary that this is clearly understood by those responsible for determining Congress policy. A resolute policy of reform will necessarily not bring about peace among the different sections of society. In all probability, it will increase clashes by presenting clear-cut issues. But, unless those in power hesitate midway and attempt to appease the opponents, this policy will consolidate opinion in the country, build national unity and establish democracy on sound and stable foundations.

To talk in these circumstances of social revolution is only to distract attention from the many problems which await attention. Revolution conveys the idea of action in flashes; it conveys nothing of the notion of continuity and sustained effort. Evidently the word is favoured because, as a prominent Congressman remarked the other day, parties in opposition have much advantage over the Government party; leaders of the latter seek to make headway by using strong words. But where is the necessity for a party in power to resort to the spectacular and the transient? What has the Government of India to achieve by revolution which it cannot if it has the will and the determination, effect equally, even better, by constructive means? All this talk of revolution suggests that Congress leaders are not aware of their own powers and the opportunities that have opened out before them. Power without consciousness of it is an inert burden bearing its possessor down. It is not calls to social revolution which are necessary now from Congress leaders but concrete acts towards transforming present-day conditions. It would be well if the difference between Congressmen in office and Congressmen outside it was less apparent. It was strange that Mr. Kripalani should have referred to politics as the sphere in which to advance the Gandhian programme rather than ashrams and training classes because it seems to imply that the men in power today are less devoted to the Gandhian programme than the ashramites. If Mr. Kripalani seriously thought this, then why deride the ashrams and training classes and tempt the devotees into the pitfalls of politics? The Congress has sent its men into office, men whom the country has been taught to look upon as their best men. There should be no attempt on the part of Congressmen to outbid the policy and programme of these men. To say that a social revolution is needed, is to doubt the ability of the Congress leaders and the adaptability of Indian society.

## The Middle Way

In his inaugural address in the Spring Lectures series at Poona, Mr. G. L. Mehta, President of the Indian Tariff Board, advocated the middle path between the two extremes of individualism and collectivism. With characteristic paradoxes, he demanded that private enterprise accept public responsibilities. "We must acknowledge", he observed, "the social implications and obligations of an economic society". He would have been quite correct in talking of the social responsibilities of a free society. A society which is based on private enterprise in modern economic conditions, enjoys freedom from governmental interference to the extent that it recognizes its obligations to society as a whole. Where this is at the lowest, the scope and necessity for state intervention becomes most acute. In the last analysis, the stability of a government depends on its ability to maintain an equilibrium between different sections of society. For all its emphasis on equality, a democracy must keep this balance. The interests of society as a whole as distinct from the interests of its parts are the concern of administrations and every care has to be taken to preserve this broad outlook. That is the real meaning of the much-used word "Sarvodaya".

Mr. Mehta also regretted the tendency to cling to slogans when what was needed was a consideration of issues and policies on their merits and on their applicability to existing conditions. On the current controversies over economic freedom and government controls, Mr. Mehta said much confusion was caused by lack of precision on the objectives. It was largely a question of whether freedom was the only value. Here too, the social content of freedom holds true. The narrow conception of freedom which has been hitherto advocated by the stalwarts of "laissez faire" and free enterprise, is no longer tenable. The accepted right of the State to interest itself in the welfare of the people and the management of social and economic life is based on the acceptance by the State of its own responsibility. It is where private enterprise has failed in discharging its obligations equitably between the different elements that the State comes in to redress the balance. Mr. Mehta touched upon the importance of arriving at some method, without clinging too desperately to either collectivism or freedom, which would meet the need of the country. That today is to intensify production. Where private enterprise is showing itself competent, there would be little point in the State taking a hand and hampering production—as must inevitably be the case where an inexperienced bureaucracy has to turn its hand to business. On the other hand, it is extremely foolish for business to insist, as it does at times, that it would not make its expert knowledge available to the State in any scheme of nationalisation. The obvious reason for this is again that State intervention becomes practical politics only when business has proved inadequate to its tasks. Mr. Mehta warned that free competition is a thing of the past. It has become almost impossible even apart from the new attitude in the Government. And it might well prove that timely intervention by the State now saves private enterprise itself from the consequences of a past where no resources were built up, either material or moral.

## TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

**BUCHAREST, May 1: Most of Rumania was closed to foreign diplomats yesterday by a Government decree. The prohibited area included a 50-kilometre strip adjacent to all borders.**

**The order was announced without explanation in a Note handed yesterday to all foreign legations and embassies. It placed a ban on the provinces of Banat, Bucovina, Dobrogea, Moldavia and other districts.**

*

Addressing a mammoth public meeting at Baroda, Mr. B. G. Kher congratulated the Gaekwad on his act of "uncommon sacrifice and courage."

The wisdom of this "sacrifice" and "courage" is so great that it is worth emulation in the interests of their Highnesses themselves.

*

Speaking at a reception at India House, Pandit Nehru declared "We have entered into no commitments of any kind", and added, "It is fantastic nonsense to say that we are stooges of England".

Jawaharlal evidently forgets who says it.

*

Week-ending in Hampshire, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, reports the U.P.A., paid a surprise visit to a bright little colony of pre-cast houses.

Any hope for us?

*

Eloquently rebuffing the charge that the Attlee Government was liquidating the British Empire, Sir Hartley Shawcross declared in a May Day speech "instead, we are intending to lead colonial territories forward so that in time they too may be able to enjoy the economic, social and political standards of the great independent nations of the Commonwealth"

For instance, South-West Africa which Sir Hartley Shawcross and colleagues are so helpfully leading forward into the sympathetic and beneficent arms of Dr. Malan and General Smuts?

*

Miss Whatelay, a former Labour member of the London County Council, who had been to South Africa to study racial conditions, said in London that if she lived in South Africa she would find it extremely difficult to vote for anybody but the Communist Party which was the only political Party pledged to do away with the colour bar.

Nevertheless, notwithstanding, despite and so on and so on and so forth we still hold that the people responsible for the spread of communism in South Africa as elsewhere are Stalin and those other diabolical mischief-making enemies of democracy and the world, the Men of the Kremlin.

*

According to Washington observers, PTI-Reuter tells us, Spain's inclusion in the Atlantic Pact is ruled out at present because it cannot obtain the necessary two-thirds majority in the United States Senate.

We are very pleased to know that the U.S. Senate still contains about one-third plus one who have not been Franco-ised.

## NO WAR IN THE NEAR FUTURE

OSLO, (IPS)—The belief that there will be no great war between the Soviet Union and the West within a reasonable time was expressed by Mr. Klement Gottonwald, the Czech President of the Norwegian newspaper, Verdens Gang. Gottonwald stated that the horrors of the last war were too fresh in the memory of European nations and the forces of peace too great to overcome the adventurous lusts of Imperialists. He said that Czechoslovakia wished to preserve peace and expand her commerce with the western countries. But he opposed any attempt to interfere with her internal affairs.

# Cultural Conferences

### By The Art Editor

**Following an announcement made by the Education Minister, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in Parliament on March 24 in connection with the National Cultural Trust, the Ministry of Education has now proposed to convene, this year, three conferences one each on art, literature and dramatic activity. The Government of India has the scheme of the Trust, but its establishment, says a notification issued by the Ministry of Education, has been postponed owing to financial difficulties. The Government is, however, desirous of encouraging and promoting cultural activities as far as the present circumstances, permit.**

The conferences will be convened to devise ways and means of developing national culture and of directing its activities into channels of creative thought and effort. The Government should have thought, long ago, of approaching the problem of art on some such lines, but instead it had preferred to relegate art to the position of a departmental concern regardless of the value of consultation with experts. It had even gone to the length of extending patronage to institutions irrespective of their standing, stability or standards. The fulfilment of the Government's desire to promote different arts will depend upon certain conditions. The principal among them will be the strength and outlook of advisory bodies whose constitution is now inescapable, standards which such bodies should set and the method of practical approach to every art. No plan for the reorganisation of arts should be regarded as complete if its scope does not extend to the class of hereditary artistes. What will be the position of such artistes in the official plans for art reorganisation. This question demands an immediate reply from the Government.

#### WHO ARE CALLED?

Nothing is known about the principle which the Government has accepted for guidance in the matter of eligibility for invitations to the conferences; but the probability is that the selection will be left to departmental officials, and the latter are not likely to go beyond the circles known to themselves. The cultural panel of the National Commission has shown that its selection was not above criticism. One seat for art-painting and sculpture—on the Commission was allotted by the Kher Committee in pursuance of its recommendations to the All-India Association of Fine Arts which has been constituted as a federation. The Kher Committee's recommendations were accepted by the Government, but later on an individual society of Delhi was squeezed into the Commission's cultural panel. No such incident should occur in the case of conference or art organisation under the auspices of the Government. The selection of invitees to the conferences will, however, be an indicator of the constitution of advisory bodies which are expected to follow. With respect to painting, sculpture and cognate arts, the notification states that the Conference will be restricted to a small group of artists and art critics. The Provincial and State Governments will also be invited to send their representatives.

#### THE AGENDA

The Government appears to be clear in its mind with regard to the terms of reference to the art conference. It expects the conference to discuss, among other things, the means of encouraging indigenous styles of painting including folk art, and of stimulating aesthetic sensibility and creative effort among artists as well as the common people and the development of commercial art and the use of Indian designs. The consideration of the means of encouraging indigenous styles of painting and the use of Indian designs presupposes the selection mostly of artists and art critics who have upheld the Indian art-traditions, such a conference should be representative of all schools of contemporary Indian art and of the survivors of hereditary schools of which a few are located round about Delhi. It should not be dominated by any aggressive or influential group of revivalists. It should be remembered that the procedure of extending invitations to individuals does not preclude group domination of the conferences. The adoption of such a procedure secure intriguing in the case of the art conference especially when a federation like the All-India Association of Fine Arts and a few well-established art societies are prepared to offer co-operation to the Government. The Conference, which will discuss drama and the development of national stage, will also consider the contribution which dramatic forms like shadowplays, puppetry, dance-dramas, pantomimes and ballet can make to Indian drama. Any serious thought, in the initial stage, on the place of translations and adaptations of foreign plays in the evolution of our national drama will be a contradiction, if the object is to direct cultural activities into channels of creative thought and effort. India has an agelong theatrical tradition and a rich heritage of dramatic classics and treatises on dramaturgy; and these should be the first item on the programme of every dramatic movement and also the basis of national drama. The trend of events at New Delhi encourages an assumption that a few political leaders with a casual interest in drama and dance and influential amateurs and semi-professionals will dominate the conference. The revival of the drama and the development of a national stage are the undertakings to which the association of professional playwright and actors is essential. Will the Government appreciate the contribution made by the professional stage to Indian drama by at least including its representatives in the list of invitees? Music and dance, according to the Indian concepts, are integral parts of the dramatic technique. How are they to be represented in the Conference on dramatic activity?

## PLAY ON PREPARATIONS FOR WORLD WAR III

MOSCOW, (PTI-Reuter)—Preparations, by un-armed but easily identifiable, Western diplomats for World War III "designed to smash Bolshevism and Soviet Russia", are the theme of a new play scheduled to open at the Lenin Komsomol theatre here at the end of April.

Entitled "Behind the Embassy Windows", the scripts of the play states that the scene is the Embassy of "a capitalist power" in Moscow.

Statements that the country concerned has a population of 140,000,000 fought on the side of the Soviet Union during the last war and is one of the powers now occupying Germany leave little doubt in the mind of the audience concerning which power is meant.

But if any doubt does remain, it should be cleared up by reference to a town named Cleveland and to the national monument which holds aloft the torch of freedom.

The play is apparently inspired to a not inconsiderable extent by a book entitled "The Truth about American Diplomats" published here earlier this year and purporting to be a an exposure of the activities of the United States Embassy by Annabelle Bucar, an American and a former Embassy employee who married a Russian.

The principal characters in the play include the Counsellor of the Embassy, an intelligence agent who poses as the correspondent of the Globe News Agency and files anti-Soviet despatches and a starry-eyed young war widow, Mrs. Eve Grant, who has just arrived at the Embassy to work as a translator.

## OUR READERS' VIEWS

### A Landlord's Protest

Sir,—There is a storm brewing in the otherwise placid waters of the little suburb of Khar.

The Bandra Municipal Board have recently revised the assessment of properties. This increase affects only properties which are of high values and are rented to tenants. The landlords have got the right of appeal to the Board against the individual increased assessments on merits.

But instead of doing that, the landlords of Khar propose to hold a meeting on Monday to condemn the Municipal Board. This, we grant, they are within their rights to do. But, we are surprised to find that their meeting is being convened under the auspices of the Khar Residents' Association—a body which is supposed to look after the interests of ALL residents of Khar, whether they are fortunate enough to possess a house or unfortunate enough to live under a rented roof. It is just like a Progressive Group or Social Reform Association leading its name to a meeting of the Sanatanists to protest against the age of Consent!

The folly of such an undemocratic move is but too evident.

I am sorry and pained to see Mrs. Kamala V. Nimbkar, who has done good work in the sphere of education, dragged into this business as President.

We do hope the Managing Committee of the Residents' Association and Organisers of the meeting will reconsider the matter and give up such wrong and unhealthy tactics and abandon the meeting.—Yours, etc.,

N. P. KABADI.

# EXPLOITING THE PALM

## Potential Employment For Five Million Families

NEW DELHI, April 30.

Data palms and palmyras which abound in the country-side in India, if properly exploited, can provide employment to 5 million families besides producing substantial quantity of cheap and wholesome gur.

There are in India about fifty million palm trees, spread over almost all Provinces and States. The palmyra is found in all Provinces except in the East Punjab and Assam and number about forty millions; the rest are date palms. In Madras and Bengal these palms have been tapped, from times immemorial, for gur and the villagers have supplemented their sugar requirements from this simple and inexpensive source.

Sparse location of palms and the consequent difficulty in collecting large quantities of juice at a central place for utilization on a factory scale make the Palm Gur Industry essentially a cottage industry.

#### POTENTIALITIES

The Central Ministry of Agriculture has been for the past one year encouraging the development of palm gur as an indigenous cottage industry. Steps have been taken to teach villagers to exploit the palms in the best manner possible and to interest them in the economic potentialities of this industry. It has been estimated that proper exploitation of the five crores of palms in India on a cottage industry basis will provide at least part-time work for 50 tapper families and many hundreds of potters and smiths who will be required to supply juice collecting pots and tapping tools.

The source of raw material is perennial and does not involve periodical replanting as in the case of sugarcane. Palms grow on waste, lands, require no manuring or irrigation and wild animals can do no harm as in case of sugarcane. Besides, the manufacturing process is so simple that even a single family can conduct independently all the necessary operations from the collection of juice to its final processing into gur.

#### MAHATMA GANDHI'S INTEREST

Mahatma Gandhi, who was impressed with the economic possibilities of date palms had instituted work in Wardha with a view to develop palm gur as a cottage industry. With his guidance and inspiration the All-India Village Industries Association, Wardha opened a Palm Gur Department through which the popular Provincial Ministries were approached for starting work in different provinces. Subsequently, the Ministry of Agriculture of the Government of India opened a Palm Gur Section in December 1947 for the development of palm gur industry. Experienced officers who had worked in Wardha have been put in charge of this Section.

The development of palm gur industry is being pursued in two directions: (i) Further development of the industry in Provinces and States like Bengal, Madras, Cochin, and Travancore where it already exists, by adopting improved methods and (ii) Introduction of the industry in the remaining Provinces and States. While the Provincial and States Governments are primarily responsible for executing the programme, the Central Government assists them by providing the necessary technical guidance and financial assistance on a 50:50 basis.

#### DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES

Development schemes recommended by the Government of India have already been put into execution in Bombay, C. P., East Punjab, U. P., West Bengal, Bhopal, Jaipur and proposals for starting the work in some other provinces and States are under consideration. Bombay, Bihar, C. P., U. P. and West Bengal have also established centres for training in palm gur industry. Each trainee receives a stipend ranging between Rs. 30/- to Rs. 40/- per month for the period of training, which varies between one to four months. After completion of the training, each trained worker is subsidized to the extent of Rs. 50/- to Rs. 100/- for initial investment in equipment and accessories necessary for starting the industry on his own.

#### CENTRAL TRAINING CENTRE

Central Palm Gur Training Centre was established at Moodbdri, Distt. South Kanara, Madras, by the Government of India in September last year to train the staff required by the Provinces and States for development work. The training given covers practical field-work as well as theoretical lessons besides study of the state of industry in different areas in India.

To make palm gur popular demonstrations were given in various provincial centres as well in the Congress Exhibition at Jaipur, in the Bihar Sarvodaya, Exhibition, Patna, and in the All-India Sarvodaya Samaj Sammelan, Indore Practical demonstrations by preparing different kinds of sweets and confectionery were given.

Research on the problems of the industry; preservation of neera and palm gur, economy in fuel consumption, improvement of furnaces, etc. is being carried on by the Indian Agricultural Research Institute at the old Pusa Farm in Bihar.

#### ECONOMICS OF PALM GUR

For maintaining three families, sixty palmyra trees are required which are estimated to produce about 6,000 lbs. of gur a year valued at Rs. 1,500/-. The expenses of the materials required would come to about Rs. 150/- leaving a balance of Rs. 1,350/- as wages for the families. Thus a family of one tapper, his wife and a minor working in this industry is expected to get a monthly return of about Rs. 75/- for six months of the tapping season.

One hundred and fifty date palm trees are required for a family consisting of one male and one female labourer which will produce 3,000 lbs. of gur valued at Rs. 750/. The expenses on materials etc would come to about Rs. 100/- leaving a balance of Rs. 650/- as the family wages.

## *Traffic Control By Radio*

LONDON, (By Cable).

Police motor-cyclists equipped with short-wave radio sets of the "walkie-talkie" type are being employed in Essex for crowd and traffic control at point-to-point meetings and other open air sporting functions.

Although in the experimental stage, it is hoped that this form of communication will be a valuable adjunct to the patrol car radio system now operating successfully in the central and northern parts of Essex.

Tests are being made to find the range and practicability of these small sets in circumstances where cars would merely add to traffic congestion and find quick movement difficult.

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

### Revealing Report

Yet another report of the situation in Indonesia by the U. N. Commission for that country calls attention to the duties of the Security Council and, we are afraid, the response will be yet another exhibition of timidity and escape from a challenge to its authority. It has exposed the claims made by the Dutch, strongly supported by the European friends of the Dutch and meekly accepted, even if by implication, by the council to the effect that they, the Dutch, rule supreme over practically the entire country. "Throughout a great part of the former Republican territory, the Netherlands", reports the U. N. Commission, "controls only the main towns and roads." And even in areas of West and East Java which were under Dutch control prior to December 1948 "there are concentrations of Republican forces." Moreover, the population under direct Dutch control too is no more friendly and does not express its sentiments because it has "received threats from the local Dutch authorities." What emerges clearly from the report is that the Dutch have not conquered the Republican territory, still less have they conquered the people, and that on the contrary Indonesia and its population are distinctly hostile to the Dutch and to Dutch rule. This, of course, strikes at the root of the thesis advanced by the Dutch and their friends. And it is natural they should seek to hide this reality; hence the failure of the Dutch military commanders to give "full co-operation" to the U. N. Commission. But the Commission exposes it all in its report. And it is a commentary on the Security Council that it ignores the reports, and, thus all but repudiates, its own representative organisation on the spot.

### Village Panchayats

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, addressing a village meeting in the Surat District, said that, if sufficient response was received from the public to Government's attempts to establish village panchayats in the province, it would mean a great future for our villages. Government is certainly doing much for village uplift and its efforts deserve the wholehearted co-operation of the people in towns and villages alike. But so far as the village panchayats are concerned, merely giving them more self-governing powers will not yield speedy results, more resources need to be placed at their disposal. Mr. Vartak aptly quoted Sardar Patel who once said that, if Government could only improve the financial position of local unions, all other improvements would follow easily. Villagers also need to be better educated, particularly in local civic affairs. Finally, it is the duty of the educated people in the towns to co-operate with Government in educating their own brethran in the neighbouring villages.

### I.N.T.U.C.

Thanks to Congress neglecting the organisation of Labour during the struggle for independence, workers were easily misled by Communists, who exploited them for their political ends. The result was that the All-India Trade Union Congress came to be more and more dominated by the Communists. The temporary success of the latter led to their tactics being emulated by other Leftists till the Trade Unions came to be, in the words of the President of the I.N.T.U.C., "unresisting instruments of conflicting political ideologies." Only two years ago could the genuine Trade Unions form themselves into the I.N.T.U.C. (Indian National Trade Union Congress) which, while working on nationalist and democratic principles, refused to subordinate Trade Union methods to political tactics. Naturally the I.N.T.U.C. made speedy progress and Mr. Hariharnath Sastri, its President, now claims that it has a membership of 12 lakhs and 800 unions. It should work harder to affiliate more unions. Agricultural workers will welcome his announcement of a plan under preparation to organise them on sound lines.

### Ex-Ruler Of Baroda

The Maharaja of Baroda stated in a farewell message to his people on the eve of the merger of his state with Bombay Province that, though relieved of his responsibility, he felt himself chained to his people by "silken threads of affection and love." But it is curious that, on the day of the merger, he was not present to witness the ceremony, though he had been invited by the Premier. He could well have attended a ceremony which is described as the result of his "uncommon sacrifice and courage". It is said he is planning to leave the country on May 5. Let us hope he will return soon to serve his country. Many fields of service are still open to him and other ex-Rulers if they are really willing to serve.

## In the OPEN AIR

The Lagerstroemia Flos Regina, or Queen's Flower, was in full bloom in the Victoria Gardens last. The tall trees with their rather dark green foliage were covered with large clusters of mauve flowers and looked very lovely. Even prettier than the mauve-flowered variety is that which bears clusters of bright pink, frilly flowers with golden yellow stamens. I know of only one tree of this variety in Bandra, and that, I was told, was brought from Mangalore and planted at the roadside. It has now grown up into a fairly large tree, and when in flower, gives pleasure to all passers-by in a way that would have been impossible had its owner decided to keep it for herself within the walls of her garden! The Crepe Myrtle, or Lagerstroemia Indica is a beautiful garden shrub of the same family which grows to a height of seven to eight feet. It bears its sprays of frilly flowers in white or mauve or pink during the hot weather and at the beginning of the monsoon, and for several weeks the shrubs are things of great beauty.

D. R.

IN CORPORATION

# Mayor Accords Hearty Welcome To Subbalaxmi

## Opposition Attack On Municipal Administration Report

Mrs. Subbalaxmi, the popular Indian singer, was accorded a hearty welcome by Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, when she attended the Municipal Corporation prior to its taking up the business on the agenda on Monday afternoon.

Welcoming Mrs. Subbalaxmi, who was accompanied oy her husband Mr. Sadashivan, the Mayor said that he was extending to the Queen of Indian music a cordial welcome on behalf of the Corporation and the citizens of Bombay.

The Mayor referred to the large amounts raised by Mrs. Subbalaxmi for several worthy causes by means of her concerts and said they ran into several lakhs of rupees. Mrs. Subbalaxmi and her husband left the House after watching its proceedings for a few minutes.

Among the several items adopted by the Corporation on Monday afternoon the most outstanding was the Review of the Administration Report of the Municipal Commissioner for the year 1947-48, prepared for the Standing Committee. The Report was severely criticised by the opposition members and some trenchant remarks were made with the reference to certain portions of the Report.

**DINKAR DESAI'S ATTACK**

Mr. Dinkar Desai in his observations on the Report stated:—

"Inspite of general water shortage, more water was supplied to gardens and bungalows of the rich and also to the Race Course. The quantity supplied to gardens and bungalows in 1947-48 was 332 gallons as against 288 million gallons during the previous year. In the case of the Race Course, the quantity was increased from 62 million to 74 million gallons.

"Upto the end of 1947-48, the total number of plots disposed by the Municipality is 4,080 with an area of 55,92,458 square yards. It was highly improper on the part of the Municipality to dispose of this land.

"The number of larger tenements or flats constructed during the year was 287 while the number of two-room tenements constructed were only 153. This shows that private enterprise is not much interested in building houses for the common people while they are in a position to earn greater profits by building large flats meant for the rich. It is a strange irony that housing motor cars was considered more important and urgent than housing human beings.

"The statement giving the financial position of markets further shows that the Municipality is making huge profits on markets. For instance, profit to the extent of 126 per cent, over the capital cost was made in the case of one market, while in the case of another this percentage was 97.

**INFANT MORTALITY**

"That the Municipality has done practically nothing in recent years for reducing infant mortality is evident from the remarks made by the Executive Health Officer himself in his report.

"The death rate from tuberculosis was higher than during the previous year. The provision made by the Municipality to cure this disease is utterly inadequate.

"The condition of general sanitation is fast deteriorating day by day. As the work of collection of refuge and garbage is not done efficiently, the city streets stink into the nostrils in many areas.

"It is very distressing that the Municipal Commissioner spent only Rs. 1,19,642 out of the budgeted amount of Rs. 5,00,000 during 1947-48. At least Rs. 5,00,000 during 1947-48. At least Rs. 10,00,000 should be budgeted for the ensuing year for this purpose and all this sum should be actually spent.

"That as many as 16 per cent of samples of milk examined were found defective shows the prevalence of adulteration on a considerable scale. This percentage was 15.9 in the case of butter, 18.8 in the case of ghee and 18 in the case of edible oils".

**HOPE IN PATIL'S MAYORALTY**

Mr. Dinkar Desai in conclusion expressed the hope that during the Mayoralty of Mr. S. K. Patil, something concrete would be done to solve the various burning problems that awaited being diligently tackled.

Mr. Naushir Bharucha speaking on the Report next referred to the unsatisfactory manner in which the work of removing refuse was being carried out.

Alluding to the beggar nuisance, he said that it was time that in view of the gravity of the question, the Municipal Commissioner came forward with some concrete proposals to tackle the problem.

Referring to the hawker nuisance in the city, he made a novel suggestion that vast open spaces should be exclusively reserved for hawkers, where they should be segregated to ply their trade instead of causing obstruction to pedestrians on the city's pavements.

Mr. Dharia addressed the House on the Report in Marathi and criticised some parts of it.

Mr. Salebhoy Abdul Kadir, Chairman of the Standing Committee after replying to the various criticisms appealed to the city fathers to co-operate with the Executive, for it was only with the joint efforts of everyone in the House that the city could be made really bright and beautiful, he said.

A resolution on the milk supply scheme run by the Government, pointing out its many defects and demanding remedial measures received top priority by the vote of the House, though it was at the tail end of the agenda.

The resolution however, was thrown out by the House.

## HYDERABAD ADVISORY COMMITTEE'S

### Idea To Be Abandoned

HYDERABAD, May 2 (U.P.I.): The Hyderabad administration is understood to be considering abandoning the idea of formation of Advisory Committees to Government departments, in view of the adverse criticism from the State Congress, the Scheduled Castes Federation and Socialist quarters, it is stated.

The Food department, which has nothing to do with politics will, however, continue to have an Advisory Committee composed of eminent public men to advise Government on the food situation from time to time, it is reported.

### Textile Workers On Fast Unto Death

HYDERABAD, May 2 (U.P.I.): Shankar and Bal Raj, two workers of the Dewan Bahadur Ramgopal textile mills, embarked on a fast unto death today, to bring pressure on the management to concede the demands of workers who are on strike since April 25, following the dismissal of 10 workers.

Negotiations having proved abortive, the management of the mills declared a lockout on April 27. Two persons trying to create trouble between the workers were detained by the police today.

### Foodgrains And Revenue Collection Drive

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 2. (A.P.I.): An intensive drive started for the collection of arrears of land revenue and grain in the Atraf Balda district has yielded about Rs. 2 lakhs and 15,000 maunds of grain, it is learnt.

Mr. Shiveswarkar, Civil Administrator of the district, is planning another such drive in areas of the district not covered by the previous drive.

### Bullion Trade Protests

JULLUNDER, May 2. (A.P.I.): Trading in bullion, both ready and forward, was suspended today in Jullunder, Amritsar, Ludhiana, Hoshiarpur and Ferozepore under instructions from the East Punjab Shroffs' Federation.

This step has been taken as a protest against the enhancement of Sales Tax by the East Punjab Government from four annas per hundred rupees to rupees three and annas two per hundred rupees.

## PRE-CENSORSHIP ORDER ON BENGALI DAILY

CALCUTTA, May 2 (API): The West Bengal Government have issued a pre-censorship order of the local Bengali daily "Dainandin".

The order issued under the West Bengal Security Act directs the paper to submit to the Government for pre-censorship all material, including news items, editorial articles and comments, special articles, statements etc. meant for publication in the paper.

## *FRENCH COMMISSIONER TO MEET BAO DAI*

PARIS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): M. Leon Pignon, French High Commissioner in Indo-China, left Saigon today for Dalat, Annam, to discuss the Franco-Viet Nam agreement of March 18 with the ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam, the French Press Agency reported. The aim of the meeting will be to make the agreement' an effective reality", the agency added.

## *PRISONERS GIVE UP HUNGER-STRIKE*

CALCUTTA, May 2 (API): A West Bengal Government press note confirmed today that 327 security prisoners had called off their hunger-strike, which they started early last week.

The press note added that as a result of the negotiations with the prisoners in the matter of status, personal allowances, family allowances, classification of political undertrials and convicts and conditions of detention generaly, a satisfactory settlement was arrived at.

## SYRIAN GOODWILL MISSION TO IRAQ

DAMASCUS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): A special mission comprising Adel Arslan, Deputy Syrian Premier, and Sabri Assali, a former Minister, left here for Baghdad today to improve relations between the two Governments and return to visit of Nuri Es Said, Iraqi Prime Minister, to Syria.

Aslan said it was hoped to improve inter-Arab relations.

He saw the British Minister here before leaving for the Iraqi capital.

## AFRICAN STEVEDORS STRIKE IN DURBAN

### Better Wages Demand

DURBAN, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): About half of Durban's 1,200 African stevedores were on strike today for a wage of 25 shillings a day.

The strike has seriously affected work in Durban harbour and yesterday only one of the 13 ships could be handled.

Many sailings are expected to be delayed.

Six skeleton gangs, protected by armed police were at work on several ships today, aided by European members of the ships' Crew.

The strike action followed a distribution of a large number of leaflts purporting to come from the Natal Zulu Workers' Union, calling on all Africans to strike until wage demands were met.

Officials hoped the strike would not last long, as the Africans are not really organised for such an action and will receive on strike pay.

## PEAK PRODUCTION OF COAL IN 1948

### 170,000 Tons Exported To Pakistan

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API): Coal production in India reached its peak in 1948 when the total quantity amounted to 30,300,000 tons. Out of this the collieries have despatched about 25 millions tons.

India's coal export to Pakistan in 1948 averaged 170,000 tons a month while Burma, Ceylon and South-East Asian countries together got 85,000 tons a month.

There was an 'ad hoc' demand from Australia in 1948-49 for 100,000 tons and for a similar quantity from Japan. The latter country has upto now received only about 30,00 tons.

It is believed that the coal production maintains the same trend in the current year also.

# INDIA WANTS TIME TO REPLY TO U. N. KASHMIR COMMISSION

**NEW DELHI, May 2. (A. P. I.): The Government of India, it is learned, have informed the United Nations Kashmir Commission informally that it may not be possible for them to comply with its request for a reply within a week to its "final terms" for the truce agreement in Kashmir presented simultaneously to India and Pakistan on Thursday.**

**The reply may not be sent, it is understood, until after Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's return to India.**

## BOUNDARY BODY FOR KASHMIR

SRINAGAR, May 2 (API): A Boundary Committee has been set up by the Government of Jammu and Kashmir to examine the existing boundaries of Tensils and districts, and the present location of Tehsil headquarters in the State.

The Committee will submit its recommendations within the next six months.

## British Industries Fair Opens

### RECORD NUMBER OF BUYERS

LONDON, May (PTI-Reuter): Record number of buyers from almost all over the world queued to see display the British manufacturers at the 28th British Industries Fair which opened simultaneously in London and Brimingham today in three of the country's largest exhibition hall's.

Three thousand firms showed their wares on 26 miles of stands which are expected to attract half a million people during the 11-day exhibition.

At one of the two London halls, there was the largest display of textiles ever arranged under one roof. At the other, products of light industry were on view. Heavy engineering products were displayed at Birmingham centre of Britain's industrial midlands.

This year's Fair has attracted more overseas buyers than ever before—three times the pre-war number from the United States, record attendance from India and Australia, a large Argentinian party, about 1,000 each from Sweden, Holland, Belgium, France and Switzerland and 34 from Hongkong.

Apart from the manufacturers of Britain, the London section of the Fair includes a special Commonwealth exhibit. About 10,000 square feet is devoted to displays by India, Pakistan, Canada, Ceylon, Cyprus, Hongkong, Jamaica, Malay, Malta, Mauritius, Mysore, Trinidad and Tobago and the Windward islands.

## MOVE TO REVITALISE HINDU MAHASABHA

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): A new political programme to "revitalise the Hindu Mahasabha is likely to be discussed at the meeting of the Mahasabha Working Committee in New Delhi on May 7 and 8, a Mahasabha source said today.

Thirty Mahasabha leaders from different provinces have been specially invited to attend the meeting.

## FRENCH LEGION FOR INDO-CHINA

ALGIERS, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): One thousand officers and men mainly from the French Foreign Legion embarked at Oran, North Africa, today for Indo-China.

Despatch of 500 Foreign Legion troops as reinforcements for the French Army fighting Viet Nam Nationalists in Indo-China was reported in March.

## Laconic Liaquat

DUBLIN, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan's Prime Minister, who arrived here by air today from London, smiled and declined to give a direct answer when newsmen asked him if Pakistan would follow India's example and become a Republic either within or outside the Commonwealth.

"My visit here is purely a social one," he said. "I have nothing to add to that".

## Birla In London

LONDON, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Mr. G. D. Birla, the Indian industralist, arrived at Heathrow airport this morning by Air-India International plane.

## INDIA NO PARTY TO ATLANTIC PACT

(Continued from page 1)

only take an interest in their position as a racial minority.

Asked whether it would be possible to arrange an exchange of Indian and British are treasures, the Prime Minister said such a development would always be welcomed, but it would be an expensive and hazardous thing to undertake.

In reply to another question, Pandit Nehru said Congress was the only organisation which could meet the threat of the many disruptive forces in India. It had fulfilled that function in the past and while he could not know what would happen in two or three years' time, he hoped Congress would continue to provide a unifying and progressive force so long as there was a possibility of disruptive tendencies becoming too strong.

Later tonight, Pandit Nehru was dining with the British Opposition leader, Mr. Winston Churchill.

**FOR SWITZERLAND**

He will leave London airport by Air-India International plane tomorrow morning for Switzerland where he is to spend a few days before continuing his air journey to India.

His plane will make a special halt at Zurich where he will be received by the permanent head of the Swiss Foreign Office and other officials. From Zurich he will drive to Berne where he will stay in a villa placed at his disposal by the Swiss Government. He will pay his first visit to the Indian Embassy at Berne and on Tuesday afternoon will call on the Swiss Federal Council. The President of the Council is expected to deliver an address of welcome.

Pandit Nehru will be guest of honour at a reception given by India's Ambassador at Berne, Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, on Wednesday evening. He will meet the Swiss Foreign Minister on Thursday morning and will leave for India from Geneva airport on Thursday evening.

**STUDENTS' PROBLEMS**

Pandit Nehru began his 40-minute address in Hindustani with references to student questions.

Indian students would be selected for foreign studies on the principle of fitting them into the things for which they were best qualified. The financial burden was heavy, but if suitable candidates could be found for suitable jobs it would be a very good investment.

With the independence of India and the partition there was a very big gap in officer personnel, both in the civil service and the army. For example, in the army 8,000 English officers had left and had to be replaced by people who lacked the requisite education and experience. In spite of that, India had been able to overcome the difficulties.

**HEAVY PROGRAMME**

Pandit Nehru fulfilled a heavy eve-of-departure programme today. He is leaving Britain tomorrow morning after the successful conclusion of the Commonwealth Leaders' Conference.

He was saying goodbye to the British Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee this afternoon when the two statesmen were having tea together at Number 10 Downing Street.

The Indian Prime Minister, who spent the week-end with Earl and Countess Mountbatten at their country home, Broadlands, Hampshire, returned to London in the middle of the morning with his sister Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador in Washington and her daughter Miss Rita Pandit.

Mrs Pandit and her daughter had spent Sunday at Broadlands.

Pandit Nehru entertained the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, to luncheon at his hotel. Earlier he had received Mr. Walter Monckton who was Constitutional Advisor to the former Hyderabad Government.

**TALKS WITH REV. SCOTT**

LONDON, May 2 (UPA): India House officials said today that Pandit Nehru has been conferring privately with the Reverend Michael Scott, champion of the oppressed races in Africa.

Scott is a staunch support of Indian claims for full citizenship rights in South Africa and the abolition of segregation from both whites and Africans under Prime Minister Malan's programme of "Apartheid".

# SHORT TRIAL FOR CONSPIRACY

(Continued from page 10)

**a Gwalior subject and is alleged to have committed a crime in Gwalior and the charges framed against him were not adequately covered by Section 120 (B) I.P.C.**

Mr. Justice Achru Ram said that Section 239 (D) was a question of misjoinder. Dr. Parchure had committed a crime. It might be the place was outside the British India. But if he was to be tried, he must be tried once.

Mr. Bannerji however begged to differ.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram drew his attention to the language of Section 239 (D). There might be some legal or statutory bar in trying him in an Indian court. But that had nothing to do with the question of misjoinder.

Mr. Bannerji: The crime was committed in Gwalior.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: It was a part of the same transaction.

Mr. Bannerji: Each abetment is a transaction by itself.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: But you must agree that there will be joint trial because the transaction would be the same.

COURT'S POWER

Mr. Bannerji: That must be under another section.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: Section 239 (D) was applied to a number of cases. Is there any question of misjoinder here? The conspiracy was established from the evidence on record. If the question of jurisdiction is decided against Dr. Parchure where is the question of misjoinder?

Mr. Bannerji: Then there is no question of misjoinder.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: Every one is liable for abetment. What is the other point?

Mr. Bannerji: I submit, My Lord, that the two conspiracies should not have been joined into one.

Mr. Bannerji proceeded to deal with the procedure that was followed by the court and referred to Section 194.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: Section 194 cannot be of any assistance as it does not deal with the procedure to be followed by a court.

Mr. Bannerji: My question is that the trial was without commitment.

The question of the Punjab Public Safety Ordinance was then taken into consideration and a reference was made to the ordinance giving the power to the court to try.

Mr. Bannerji: The provision seems to have been taken from the Punjab.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: The Punjab always goes a whole hog; it never takes the middle course.

The legislature, Mr. Justice Achru Ram added, substitued certain provisions. The court thus framed should also look to the procedure, he said.

Mr. Bannerji then submitted that charges should not be framed without judicial evidence.

ARMS COLLECTION

Resuming his argument after lunch, Mr. Bannerji, counsel for appellants Madanlal and Apte submitted that the court could not draw an inference that the collection of arms had any connection with the design on the life of Mahatma Gandhi. Upto January 9, 1948, Your Lordships could not infer any conspiracy.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: I don't say that it is a necessary inference. But the circumstances taken together make it appear so.

Mr. Bannerji:: I submit that those collections were not made with this object in view. There was evidence according to Badge, that the arms were collected for the Hyderabad State Congress. That Madanlal was in the conspiracy was wrong.

Mr. Justice Bhandari: Did Badge know of any conspiracy on January 9, 1948?

Mr. Bannerji: No. Not until January 15, 1948. Continuing Mr. Bannerji said that the Special Judge had found that Madanlal Pahwa, Apte and Karkare must be in the conspiracy.

Justice Achru Ram: A Judge draws inference from all incidents taken together.

Mr. Bannerji submitted that the evidence on the point of conspiracy was inherently absurd. The whole stuff was collected at the instance of Apte according to Badge. Apte had said he would pay money. No question of payment of money arose because Badge had arms with him.

Justice Achru Ram said it was not improbable that Badge was carrying on illicit sale of arms and making fabulous profits. I do not see how the story could be absurd. It was after January 15 that Badge became an active participant in the conspiracy.

Mr. Bannerji submitted that there was no proof that the conspiracy was hatched on January 10. This was to kill only one man.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: No. The conspiracy was originally to kill three persons, but then they said, one will do.

Mr. Bannerji argued that if they were going to strike a bargain, Badge's shop would have been the proper place. It was improbable that to hatch a conspiracy to murder a man so inportant as Mahatma Gandhi, they should have met at the Hindu Rashtra, the office of a newspaper.

**IMPROBABLE**

Even on January 10, 1948, Mr. Bannerji submitted that Badge was not taken into confidence so far as the alleged conspiracy was concerned.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: Because Badge was a trafficker in arms.

The counsel for appelant said that Apte went to Badge and took him to the Hindu Rashtra office where they were talking in whisper near the door of Godse's room. He failed to understand why they were whispering.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: May be he was asking Badge to do an unlawful thing. The deliberate object of bringing Badge to the Hindu Rashtra office it seemed, was to connect Godse with the talks.

Mr. Bannerji: I submit that Apte going to Badge and taking him to Hindu Rashtra office was unreasonable and unlikely.

Mr. Bannerji then drew Their Lordships attention to pages 81, 112 83 and 158 of the evidence where mention has been made about the handing over of the stuff. Badge kept the stuff with Dixit Maharaj for sale.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram said that they were asking Dixitji for help and he had been purchasing arms.

He added, it is improbable that they should leave with a servant who does not know them and was quite a stranger.

Mr. Bannerji: The main purpose of collecting the arms was for Hyderabad.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: That might be the main purpose but in the meantime some kind of acquisition was made.

Mr. Bannerji submitted that it was unsafe to draw inference against accused on the basis of collection of money.

Mr. Bannerji had not finished when the court rose for the day.

**CONTEMPT OF COURT**

The entry to the court room was regulated by permits and the High Court precincts were heavily guarded by armed police.

Godse, who is personally arguing his case, was brought to the court room at 9-55 a.m. while the other six convicts were represented by their counsel.

Godse, who was dressed in half-sleeved white shirt and grey flannel trousers, sat on the left side of the judges.

Before the judges called upon the appellants' counsel to argue the case, Mr. B. Bannerji, counsel for Narayan D. Apte and Madanlal Pahwa, submitted a petition requesting their Lordships to issue a notice of summons to Prof. J. C. Jain of Bombay for contempt of court for writing a book in Bombay entitled "Bapu Ko Na Bacha Saka" (Bapu could not be saved), or to summon him for examination in the light of the contents of the book.

Their Lordships observed that Prof. Jain was not amenable "to our process and, therefore, we could not take proceedings for contempt of court against him".

## *VNOBA BHAVE'S ADVICE TO GRAMSEVIKAS*

GANDHIGRAM (Madura), April 30 (API).—Acharya Vinoba Bhave today asked the students who had completed their training in the Kasturba Sevika Vidyalaya at Gandhigram, 30 miles from Madura, to spread themselves in villages and bring succour to the rural people by teaching them sanitation and by attending to the sick and preventing spread of diseases among them.

Acharya Vinoba Bhave, who was delivering the Convocation address of the Vidyalaya, said that Gramsevikas should set an example to others in carrying out the constructive programme of Mahatma Gandhi.

Acharya Kripalani presided over the Convocation.

## Java's Sugar Factory Hums With Work

BATAVIA, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): Java's biggest sugar estate and factory Nieuw Tersana near Cheribon, which can produce 3,500 tons of sugar a day at capacity, began work on April 27 for the first time since 1945 when it was abandoned by the Japanese. Attempts to destroy the factory during the first Dutch police action in 1947 were foiled by the removal of explosives

## Gwalior Railwaymen Form Action Committee

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, May 2.

The general meeting of members of Scindia State Railwaymen's Union decided day before yesterday to form an Action Committee to conduct negotiations with the authorities, failing which direct action would be launched in connection with their demands.

Basic wages in Scindia State Railways are said to be about Rs. 15 only and no dearness allowance is allowed to engineering workshop workers.

## ALLAHABAD MOVE TO BAN VANASPATI'

ALLAHABAD, May 2 (API).—A statement calling upon Government to ban the use of Vanaspati has been issued by prominent citizens of Allahabad, including doctors, professors and lawyers.

Twenty-three members of the Allahabad Municipal Board have sent a resolution to the Chairman asking him to call a meeting to discuss the use of Vanaspati by the citizens of Allahabad. The resolution wants the Board to approach the Central Government to get the sale of vegetable ghee banned if it is found to have an adverse effect on the health of the citizens.

## Communists Denounce Commonwealth Pact

The following has been issued by the Central Office of the Communist Party of India on the Commonwealth Pact:

"By signing up on the dotted line of the latest Commonwealth declaration, Pandit Nehru has agreed to join the alliance of imperialist warmongers and enslavers against the liberation movements of the peoples of Burma and Malaya, of Vietnam and Indonesia, to convert India into a military strategic base of their war operations against people's democratic China, against the Soviet Union. This in fact is the real culmination of his mission to London, a visit undertaken at the invitation of the British imperialists—who obedient to the dictates of their American masters, are striving to draw India, Ceylon and Pakistan into an aggressive imperialist political and military alliance, the real meaning of all the talk of the 'defence' of South-East Asia and against "the menace of Communism."

## People IN THE NEWS

**GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS**

BOMBAY, May 2.

The Governor of Bombay received Major J. K. Nariman Mr. M. Subramaniam and his daughter, Kalarani Lalitha, Lt.-Colonel Bhandari and Captain Vazifdar.

Rani Maharaj Singh received Miss Sylla Spencer.

Rani Maharaj Singh attended an "At Home" given by the British Women's Association, at Mrs G. V. Kitson's residence, 20, Nepean Road.

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**DR. M. D. D. GILDER**

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works, Government of Bombay, will leave for Kolhapur on Friday evening (May 6) and inaugurate the tenth session of the Maharashtra and Karnatak Provincial Medical Conference there the following day. He will return to Bombay on Monday morning (May 9).

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**KING GEORGE VI**

LONDON, May 2. (PTI-Reuter):: King George VI will carry out his first public engagement since his illness, on June 21 when he will visit the Colonial Office and open a Colonial Exhibition in London.

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**PRINCE PETER**

ERNAKULAM, May 2. (A.P.I.): After spending a fortnight in Cochin, Prince Peter and Princess Irene of Greece left for Ootacamund today. They were here for anthropological study.

## CHRISTIANITY WILL FAIL IN JAPAN

### Indian Educationist Warns Youths

TOKYO, May 2 (UPA): A prominent Indian lecturer told the Japanese today that the Christian nations were responsible for the last two world wars and warned that "attempts to make Japan peaceful and non-violent by spreading Christianity are bound to fail'.

His statement, distributed by the Indian Diplomatic Mission here, came on the heels of an announcement that General MacArthur was urging the importation of 30,000,000 Bibles "to christianize Japan'.

The Indian educator, S. N. Agarwal, officer of a newly formed association to spread Lord Buddha's teaching, addressed a meeting of the Buddha Worshippers' Association, the International Religious Association and the International Cultural Association. He called on the Japanese to join with Buddhists and followers of Gandhi in China and India to reorganize Asia for peace.

**A WARNING**

Mr. Agarwal warned the young men of Japan not to "imitate American manners, dress and language by being swept off their feet" but to preserve Oriental traditions.

He said, "Attempts to make Japan peaceful and non-violent by spreading Christianity are bound to fail. Religion and culture cannot be transplanted. Japan would be provided all the opportunities for reforming herself through her own cultural heritage. Moreover, we cannot afford to forget the sad fact that the nations who claim to follow Christ were themselves responsible for waging the last two world wars. Let Japan follow Buddha and Gandhi with a real change of heart and all will be well both for her and the world".

Mr. Agarwal told the religious gathering that the "common culture of India and Japan are so similar that I hardly feel I am travelling in a foreign land."

## JAVA'S BIGGEST SUGAR ESTATE

### Work Starts Again

BATAVIA, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Java's biggest sugar estate and factory Nieuw Tersana near Cheribon which can produce 3,500 tons of sugar a day at capacity, began work on April 27 for the first time since 1945 when it was abandoned by the Japanese. Attempts to destroy the factory during the first Dutch Police action' in 1947 were foiled by the removal of explosives.

Since September of that year employees of the estate gradually returned and last year about 4,000 acres were planted so that a start could be made on sugar refining. Eleven thousand Indonesian workers will take part in a big sugar production campaign at the estate plus 2,000 in the factory.

## FOUR-POWER MEETING ON GERMANY

### Date To Be Fixed This Week, Says Schuman

PARIS, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): French Foreign Minister Robert Schuman told a press conference here today: "I think that the date of the four-power meeting will be fixed this week. " They would no doubt fix the date of the proposed four-power meeting, M Schuman said and draw up a precise agenda relating to the organisation of Germany.

M. Schuman denied that there had been any suggestion of a meeting of the heads of states including President Truman and Marshal Stalin. Complete agreement had always been reached between France, Britain and the United States on the replies and suggestions made by Mr. Jessup to M. Malik in New York, M Schuman said.

# BOMBAY Stock Exchange

## Further Small Rise In Tata Steel Shares

Bombay, May 2

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened steady to-day and improved further on continuous short covering and scattered buying and Steel shares. However at the rise the demand was satisfied and a portion of the improvement was lost in subsequent trading but undertone of the market was steady.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1365 and advanced at Rs. 1395 and reacted at Rs. 1385. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 273 and after advancing at Rs. 279 steadied at Rs. 277. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 948 and after advancing at Rs. 960 reacted at Rs. 955. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 260 and after improving at Rs. 282 steadied at Rs. 281. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 302 and hardened at Rs. 304. Scindia shares opened at Rs. 13-12 and after advancing at Rs. 14-6 steadied at Rs. 14-4.

Thereafter there was renewed buying and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1392-8 and Ordinary shares changed hands at Rs. 279. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 22-13 and Bengal Steels were placed at Rs. 18-14. Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 958-12 and Gokaks were done at Rs. 276-4. Simplex shares came in business at Rs. 174-8 and Swadeshi shares improved at Rs. 305. Associated Cement advanced at Rs. 140-10 and Belapurs were quoted at Rs. 204-8. Bombay Burmas were dne at Rs. 277-8 while Central Bank shares were placed at Rs. 83.

Towards the close there was scattered fealising and Tata Steel Defd. shares reacted at Rs. 1381-4 while Ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 276. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 953. Closing tone of the market was steady.

## FORWARD SECTION

### MILL SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Dyeing (10-8) | 953 12 |
| Kohinoor Mills (4-2) | 279 8 |
| Svadeshi Mills (1-4) | 304 0 |
| Central India Mills (4) | 245 0 |
| Simplex Mills (3) | 174 0 |
| New Great Eastern (8) | 155 0 |
| Indore (9 plus 3) | 142 8 |
| Gokak Mills (12) XD | 270 0 |
| Century Spinning (15) | 251 4 |
| Colaba (12) | 152 0 |
| India Bleaching (6) | 152 8 |
| Swan Mills (20) | 317 0 |
| Finlay Mills (15) XD | 258 0 |
| Morarji Gokuldas | 450 0 |
| Edward Sassoon (30) | 200 0 |
| Meyer (12) | 111 4 |
| Apollo Mills (As. 4) | 3 0 6 |
| India United Ord. (0-13-9) | 10 11 |
| India United Defd. (0-2-6) | 1 8 6 |
| Madhusudan Mill (15) | 180 0 |
| Podar (8) | 136 4 |
| Khatau Makanji (5) | 198 12 |

### STEEL SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Tata Steel Ord. (4) | 275 8 |
| Tata Steel Defd. (64-15) | 1382 8 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8) | 139 4 |

### CEMENT

| | |
|---|---|
| Associated Cement (6) | 140 0 |

### INDUSTRIES

| | |
|---|---|
| Burma (12-8) | 277 8 |
| Belapur Sugar (9) | 201 0 |
| Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8) | 26 0 |
| Scindia Steam (0-8) | 14 5 |
| Premier Construction | 89 8 |
| Tata Chemical | 8 11 |
| Tata Oil (2) | 57 8 |
| India Iron (0-12) | 22 14 |
| Bengal Steel (0-8-0) | 19 5 |
| British India Corp. (0-9) | 7 14 |
| I. Copper | 2 0 6 |
| Wimco | 172 3 |
| Alcock | 245 0 |

### ELECTRIC SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Tata Power (25) | 1450 0 |
| Andhra Valley (30) | 1397 8 |
| Tata Power (25) | 1450 0 |

## CASH SECTION

### COTTON MILLS

| | |
|---|---|
| Elphinstone Mills (5) | 61 8 |
| Phonix | 197 8 |
| Indian Mfg | 4150 0 |
| Kuria | 107 8 |
| New City | 180 0 |
| Minerva (12) | 110 0 |
| Bradbury | 450 0 |
| Bharat Mills (2) | 29 4 |
| Bharucha Defd. (0-4) | 4 13 |
| Mysore Spg. Mills (8) | 172 8 |
| Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12) | 14 8 |
| Model Mills (12-8) | 185 10 |
| Lakshmi Cotton (25) | 592 8 |
| Vishnu Cotton (8) | 197 8 |
| Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8) | 9 4 |
| Western India (40) | 4070 0 |
| Standard (15) | 225 0 |
| Sholapur Mills (200) | 3300 0 |
| Hindustan Mills (40) | 4000 0 |
| Tata Mills (2-4) | 54 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance Old (9) | 265 10 |
| Ahmedabad Advance New | 195 0 |
| Sassoon Silk (3) | 29 8 |
| New Union Mills (0-8) | 9 0 |
| Madhusudan B (2-8) | 35 0 |
| Srinivas Mills (8) | 160 0 |
| Raja Bahadur Poona (4) | 78 12 |
| Berar Mills | 281 4 |
| Victoria Mills | 225 0 |
| New Great New | 156 0 |

### ELECTRICS (CASH)

| | |
|---|---|
| Ahmedabad Electric (4-8) | 121 4 |
| Ahmedabad New | 44 8 |
| Surat Electric (2-8) | 145 0 |
| Karachi Electric (2) | 131 4 |
| Broach (0-5) | 10 10 |
| Ajmer Electricity (0-8) | 10 6 6 |
| Amalgamated (0-12) | 12-8 |
| Nagpur Electricity (1-12) | 26 8 |
| Poona Electric Supply (8) | 146 4 |
| Bombay Suburban (3) X.R. | 128 6 |
| Bombay Suburban new (2) | 152 8 |

### BANK SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Imperial Bank of India (35) | 1815 0 |
| Imperial Bank of India P.P (8-12) | 440 10 |
| Central Bank | 85 0 |
| Central Bank New (1-8) | 84 12 |
| Bank of Baroda (2-8) XD | 128 8 |
| Union (0) | 7 8 |
| Bank of India (4) | 183 0 |
| Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8) | 45 0 |
| United Comercial (1-8) | 51 0 |
| Jaipur Bank (1-6) | 35 8 |
| Hindustan Commercial | 26 12 |
| Mysore Bank (8) | 365 0 |
| Eastern Bank (0-14-8) | 105 0 |

### INSURANCE

| | |
|---|---|
| Oriental (125) | 6100 0 |
| Empire (10) | 625 0 |
| New India (1-) | 57 0 |
| Jupiter (1-4) | 16 0 |
| Vulcan (0-10) | 11 8 |
| Indian Mercantile (2) | 37 0 |
| Universal (0-4) | 11 4 |
| B. I. G. (1) | 19 12 |
| Industrial and Prudential | 29 8 |
| Neptune | 6 2 |
| New Great | 25 0 |
| All India General | 15 10 |

### RAILWAY SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| C.P. (1-14) | 111 0 |
| Pachora Jamner Rly. (2-8) | 120 4 |

### MISCELLANEOUS SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Steamer (10) | 222 8 |
| Bombay Burma New (5) | 102 8 |
| Burma Petrol | 1 5 |
| Mackenzie (6) | 70 8 |
| Port Canning (3) | 69 4 |
| Kemp and Co (30) | 415 0 |
| Zandu Pharmacy (7) | 150 0 |
| Industrial Invest Trust (3-12) XD | 89 0 |
| Dharamsey Chemical (2) | 39 0 |
| Mukund Iron | 10 0 |
| Dena Trust (0-12) | 18 0 |
| Alembic (15) | 191 4 |
| Supreme India X.R. | |
| Jam Wire (6) | 67 4 |
| Bombay Uganda | 60 8 |
| Bombay Motor Cycle | 30 0 |
| Indian Cement (1937) | 18 0 |
| Walchand Nagar Industries (E.S.) | 131 4 |
| Associated Cement New (3) | 135 0 |
| United Motor | 32 0 |
| Bombay Safe Deposit '27) | 680 0 |
| Hydary Construction | 19 10 |
| Mahmadi Steam | 96 0 |
| Gujarat Motor | 20 0 |
| Sardar Carbolic X.D. | 700 0 |
| Harvey Press | 310 0 |
| Estrela Batteries | 51 0 |
| Manmad Press | 120 0 |

### PREFERENCE SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Tata Steel 1st (6) | 191 14 |
| Andhra Valley (7) | 1212 8 |
| Tata Power (7-8) | 1280 0 |
| Hydro Electric (7) | 122 8 |
| Bombay Steamer (6) | 308 4 |
| Central India (5) | 625 0 |
| Swadeshi Mills | 128 4 |
| Vishnu Mills (7) | 640 0 |
| Lakshmi Mills | 275 0 |
| New Great Mills (5-8) | 227 8 |
| Podar Mills (4) | 108 0 |
| Shrinivas Mills | 98 0 |
| Elphinstone Mills (7) | 112 8 |
| Bradbury Mills (7-8) | 310 0 |
| Surat Electricity (3-4) | 145 0 |
| Premier Construction 1st (61-4) | 118 0 |
| Premier Construction 2nd (6-4) | 102 0 |
| Amalgamated (5-8) | 123 2 |
| Habib | 72 0 |
| Tata Chemical (5) | 122 8 |
| Walchand Nagar Indus (7) | 130 0 |
| Jupiter General | 19 14 |
| Meyer | 121 4 |
| Mackenzie 1st | 85 0 |
| Mackenzie 2nd | 80 0 |
| Ahmedabad Advance | 132 8 |
| Mysore Mills | 50 0 |
| Standard Mills | 101 0 |
| Madhusudan Mills | 12 0 |
| Khatau Mills | 102 8 |
| Morarji | 106 0 |

### DEBENTURES

| | |
|---|---|
| Andhra 1952 (4) | 103 8 |
| Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8) | 101 10 |
| Indian Hume Pipe (6) | 101 0 |
| Walchand Nagar (6) | 105 0 |
| Tata Power 1951 | 103 0 |

### OUTSIDE SHARES

| | |
|---|---|
| Burma Corporation | 2 3 0 |
| New Victoria Mill | 2 0 |
| New Victoria Mills (Pref) | 4 12 |
| Phalton Sugar (8) X.D. | 105 0 |
| Gold Mohur (20) | 312 8 |
| New Kaiser-Hind | 360 0 |
| Sajjan Mills (20) | 180 0 |
| Osmanshahi Mills (10) | 265 0 |
| Azam Jahi Mills (10) | 270 0 |
| Air Service XR | 6 8 |
| Air India | 91 0 |
| Hind Motor | 3 14 0 |
| India Steam | 6 7 |

## GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, May 2.

The local bullion market was irregular today with somewhat increased selling in Silver while Gold was steady.

At the opening forward Silver for Vaishakh delivery was quoted at Rs. 181-12 and advanced at Rs. 182 under moderate buying. At this level there was scattered realising and the market declined at Rs. 181-14 and steadied at Rs. 181-10. Ready Silver was quoted at a decline of annas ten at Rs. 181.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114-2 and improved at Rs. 114-6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115-10 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 74-8.

Final quotations were as under:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver | 180 | 12 | 0 |
| Forward Silver | 181 | 6 | 0 |
| Ready Gold | 115 | 0 | 0 |
| Forward Gold | 113 | 15 | 0 |

## PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, May 2.

The Government has suspended new transactions in Castorseeds and final settlement rates are fixed for May and September contracts. Today there was increased selling in groundnuts and linseed with little demand.

Quotations were as under

GROUNDNUTS—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Khandesh quality | 38 | 0 | 0 |
| Coromandal | 36 | 14 | 0 |
| Bold ready | 36 | 8 | 0 |
| Bold April-May | 36 | 7 | 0 |
| Bold-June-July | 36 | 14 | 0 |
| CASTORSEEDS— | | | |
| Ready | 27 | 4 | 0 |
| LINSEED— | | | |
| Ready | 31 | 8 | 0 |
| April-May | 30 | 9 | 0 |
| June-July | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| GROUNDNUT OILS— | | | |
| Ready | 20 | 6 | 0 |
| Ready receipts | 20 | 5 | 0 |
| May | 20 | 6 | 0 |
| June | 20 | 10 | 0 |
| July | 20 | 11 | 0 |
| Linseed oil | 18 | 12 | 0 |
| Castorseed oil first pressing quality | 17 | 8 | 0 |
| Castorseed of commercial quality | 18 | 8 | 0 |

## GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, May 2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 1/2 per cent 1954 | 98 | 7 | 0 |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1950 | 100 | 5 | 0 |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1955 | 99 | 10 | 0 |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1961 | 96 | 8 | 0 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1960 | 99 | 8 | 0 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1962 | 99 | 3 | 0 |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1976 | 96 | 10 | 0 |
| 3 per cent non-terminable | 98 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1986 Con. | 98 | 10 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1949-52 | 100 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1951-54 | 101 | 3 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1953-55 | 101 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1959-61 | 101 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1959-61 | 100 | 15 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1963-65 | 100 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1966-68 | 100 | 2 | 0 |
| 3 per cent 1970-75 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954-59 | 104 | 10 | 0 |
| 4 per cent 1960-70 | 110 | 8 | 0 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950-55 | 103 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 | 111 | 9 | 0 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1953-58 | 114 | 14 | 0 |

### PROVINCIAL LOANS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 3/4 per cent U.P. 1961 | 97 | 10 | 0 |
| 2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961 | 97 | 8 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1955 | 100 | 12 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1958 | 100 | 10 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Punjab 1949 | 99 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 per cent Madras 1952-53 | 100 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 per cent U.P. 1952 | 100 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 per cent C.P. 1952 | 100 | 6 | 0 |
| 3 per cent N.W.F. 1952 | 97 | 4 | 0 |
| 3 per cent U.P. 1961-66 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 per cent B.P.T. | 110 | 12 | 0 |
| 4 per cent B. Municipality | 110 | 8 | 0 |
| 5 per cent B. Municipality 1959 | 114 | 0 | 0 |
| 6 per cent B. Municipal 1954 | 115 | 0 | 0 |
| 3 per cent B. Municipal 1950-60 | 107 | 0 | 0 |

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, May 2.

Closing quotations at 2-30 p.m.:—Tata Ordinary 275/8; Tata Deferred 1382/8; Indian Iron 22/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 19/1; Bombay Dyeing 953/12; Central India 245; Gokak 270; Kohinoor 279/8; Simplex 174; Swadeshi 304/6; Tata Power 1450; Associated Cement 140/10; Belapur 201/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 277/8; Scindia 14/5; Central Bank 85; New India 57; Tata 2nd Pref. 139/6.

ART SILK YARN.

BOMBAY, May 2.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 120 | Italy | Ready | 3 4 | 0 |
| 150 | Italy | Ready | 3 10 | 0 |
| 120 | Japan | Ready | 3 7 | 0 |
| 150 | Japan | Ready | 3 9 | 3 |
| 150 | D. Box | May | 719 0 | 0 |
| 150 | D. Box | June | 728 0 | 0 |

## Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, May 2.

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 264-6 65-10.
Apollo 3 3-1 3-0-6.
B. Dyeing 950 51-4 48-12 61-4 53-12.
C. India 243 46 44-8 45.
Colaba 152.
Elphinstone Ord. 611-8.
E. Textiles 200.
Finlay 258.
Gokak 270 69 70.
Bharucha Defd. 4-12 4-13.
I. U. Defd. 1-8 1-9 1-8-6.
I. U. Ord. 10-11 10-12-6 10-11.
Indore 142-8.
Kohinoor 280 79 82-8 79-8.
Laxmi 592-8.
Meyer 110 11-4.
Model 185 85-10.
New Great 155.
Minerva 110.
Sassoon Cotton 9-2.
Simplex 175 76 74.
Svadeashi 302-8 1-2 5 3-8 4.
Tata Mills 54.

STEAMER

B. Steam 220 25 22-8.
Scindia 13-10 14-8 14-3 14-5.

BANKS

Baroda 128-8.
Central 82-12 85.
Central A New 84 84-12.
Imperial Old 1790 18-15.
Imperial New 435 40-10
India 181-8 83.
Union 7-8.
U. Commercial 50-8 51 (Ex. Div.)

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 121-4 20
Surat 145
Hydro 147
Hydro Pref 122-8
Power X 1462-8
Power Pref 1270 80

INSURANCE

New India 56-12 57-8 57

STEEL

B. Steel 18-10 19-2 19 19-4.
I. Iron 22-8 22-15 22-14
Tata Defd 1365 70 60 93-12 82-8
Tata Ord 272 74 73-8 79 77 78 75-8
Tata 2nd Pref 139 39-4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 242-8 37-8 45
A.C.C. Old 138-4 38-8 38-4 41-4 40
A.C.C. New 133 35
Belapur 200 4 1
B. B. Old 276-4 78-12 76-14 77-8
B. B. New 102-8
B. B. Petrol 1-5-3 1-5
B.I.C. 7-13-6 7-14
I. Copper 2-0-6
P. Construction 86 85 91-8 88-8 90 89-8
Port Canning 69 69-4
Shivrajpur 25 26
Tata Chemical 8-14 8-11
Tata Pref 120
Tata Oil 57 58 57-8
Wimco 168-12 72-8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 45

## BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, May 2.

There was no forward business today in the cotton market as quotations were above the ceiling level.

**INDIAN COTTON PARITY**

Indian cotton July contract is 855 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

## Receipts And Exports Of Cotton From Bombay

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

BOMBAY, April 29.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Exports by rail from 1st Septemuber 1948 to 28th April 1949 | 419473 |
| Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay 1st September 1948 to 28th April 1949 | 882247 |
| Same period last year | 700485 |
| Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 28th April 1949 | 460233 |
| Same time last year | 1014881 |

RECEIPTS AND EXPORTS OF COTTON FROM BOMBAY.

RECEIPTS FROM 1st Sept. To 28th April

| | 1948-49 | 1947-48 |
|---|---|---|
| By Rail & Sea | 1116036 | 1467201 |
| By Road (estimated) | 15000 | 23500 |
| Total | 1131036 | 1490701 |
| | 1945-46 | 1944-45 |
| By Rail & Sea | 1735683 | 1388761 |
| By Road (estimated) | 5000 | 14500 |
| Total | 1740683 | 1403261 |

EXPORTS FROM 1st Sept. To 31st March

| | 1948-49 Bales. | 1947-48 Bales. |
|---|---|---|
| United Kingdom | 16111 | 45139 |
| Continent | 108393 | 275896 |
| China | 16601 | 163996 |
| Japan | 12444 | 136486 |
| U. S. A. | 12376 | 38054 |
| Other Foreign Countries | 3594 | 22637 |
| Total all Foreign Countries | 169519 | 683108 |
| Cost Ports | 130392 | 55483 |
| Total | 299911 | 738591 |

EXPORTS FROM 1st Sept. To 28th April.

| | 1948-49 | 1947-48 | 1946-47 |
|---|---|---|---|
| United Kingdom | 17661 | 52449 | 8606 |
| Continent | 129927 | 297186 | 46685 |
| China | 16601 | 186324 | 84740 |
| Japan | 16144 | 136486 | ..... |
| U. S. A. | 13801 | 40484 | 3214 |
| Other Foreign Countries | 4444 | 24715 | 1816 |
| Total all Foreign Countries | 198578 | 739644 | 151061 |
| Cost Ports | 136002 | 67559 | 35620 |
| Total | 334580 | 807203 | 186681 |
| | 1945-46 | | 1944-45 |
| United Kingdom | 33040 | | 18722 |
| Continent | 51867 | | ..... |
| China | 80971 | | ..... |
| Japan | ..... | | ..... |
| U. S. A. | 12412 | | 464 |
| Other Foreign Countries | 9189 | | 3845 |
| Total all Foreign Countries | 184779 | | 24031 |
| Coast Ports | 88034 | | 81405 |
| Total | 281813 | | 105436 |

TRANSHIPMENT IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

| From 1st Sept. to 31st March. | 1948-49 | 1947-48 |
|---|---|---|
| During the month of March. | | |
| United Kingdom | ..... | ..... |
| Continent | ..... | ..... |
| China | 600 | 6039 |
| Japan | ..... | ..... |
| U. S. A. | ..... | ..... |
| Other Foreign Countries | 150 | 11300 |
| Coast Ports | 76 | 501 |
| Total | 226 | 17840 |
| | 1946-47 | 1945-46 | 1944-45 |
| United Kingdom | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Continent | 990 | ..... | ..... |
| China | 4859 | 203 | ..... |
| Japan | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| U. S. A. | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| Other Foreign Countries | ..... | 505 | 43/5 |
| Coast Ports | 212 | 319 | 522 |
| Total | 6061 | 1027 | 4827 |

## MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 2

B C Rates 1 1 D D 1-5 15/16 Ready.
B C Rates 1 1 D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying D D 1/6 1/8 7th and 9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th—9th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month
New York and Montreal B C Rate T T Rs. 332 1/4.
Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs. 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs. 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Banks Selling T T Fcs 7960
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 8060
Amsterdam Banks Selling T T D Fl. 79
Belgium Banks Selling T T D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D D Gldg 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs 157
Manila Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 165 1/4
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs. 52, 57-53. 43 London/Alexandra Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tol. 40; London-Belgium Cross Rat Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hongkong Cross Rate Kr. 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128-130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Ratio dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4-02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rates Fcs 1061-1063; London-Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 17.34-36.

London Discts 3 Mos 5/8 p c: London Discts 6 Mos 3/4 p c

Reserve: Bank Rate 3 p c; Bank of England Rate 2 p c.

Money:—Call 3/4 pc; 3 Mos 1 p c; 6 Mos 1-1/4 p c; 12 Mos 1-1/2 p c.

## LARGE IMPORTS OF RAW METALS

Presiding over the Annual General Meeting of the Metal Exchange Association Ltd., Mr Gopaldas Gupta said:

Turning to our Industry and Trade. We find that there has been a change simultaneously with the change in times. When we met last, the sale and distribution of Non-ferrous metal was controlled our association and other znal bodies being entrusted with the task. In response to a number of representations, the Government lifted the controls and allowed the distribution and sale through the normal trade channels. Since then our Trade and Industry have progressively developed. Many new plants have been imported and some of them are in the course of erection, which when completed, will make India self-sufficient. In calculating the total production of the country, we have to take into consideration the production being made by the small scale factories by crude methods of manufacture. These factories are required to be placed on a better footing, to enable them to manufacture within the specification fixed by the Indian Standards Institution. Year before last, India imported 8916 tons of raw metal Copper and Zinc and 5782 tons of brass and Copper sheets. During the last year, Bombay imported 28,429 tons of raw metals Copper and Zinc and only 2,255 tons of Brass and Copper sheets. The figures reveal how rapidly we are becoming self-supporting in respect of semi-fabricated materials. It was only during the last war that the Government and the Industrialists realized the necessity of developing the Industry in India. The Government issued licences liberally for the import of requisite machinery and plants. They also imposed protective duty on semi-fabricated Non-ferrous metal, to protect the indigenous industry. This Industry is in its infancy and although some factories have erected their plants, they are in the course of teething troubles. The protection granted upto March, 1950, will fall short of time and will have to be extended, to enable the Industry to grow and stand on its own legs.

**VIRGIN METAL PRODUCTION**

India is deficient in the production of virgin metal Copper and Zinc, and therefore, Government is issuing licences freely to the trade and the industry. In order that the dollars are properly utilized, the imports should be planned in such a manner, so as to provide a free flow of raw materials to the Industry. The stock position of Coppee Ingots with the trade is very meagre, taking into consideration the requirements of the Industry. The local importers are a bit shy to import virgin metals. This will tend to steady the local market.

Although Government have granted relief by allowing additional depreciation on machinery, etc., the Capital is fighting shy, because of the vague attitude of the Government and Labour. The Industrialists must view their Industry from the national and patriotic point of view, and must not take it in purely selfish terms. Such progressive minded industrialists will have little trouble in tackling their day to day problems. It would be advisable to standardize the conditions of Labour in the Industry on provincial basis.

In the course of time, India apart from being self-sufficient will be able to export Non-ferrous products to the neighbouring countries, and in order to encourage them to export, I would request Government to allow a certain percentage of production to be exported from now itself, so that the Manufacturers installing precision machinery should be given a chance to show the world that their products are as good as any other country.

I refer to the encouraging remark made by the Hon'ble Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee, Minister for Industries and Supplies, regarding the Speculative Tendency, in which the Minister had warned that the Speculative Tendency is evident in the market, and that if the Government found their attitude to prevail to the detriment of the Industry, they will take steps to put a stop to it. There is no doubt that this Speculative element is created by outsiders to the detriment of the Trade and Industry. It is high time that the Government took steps to put stop to speculation in Non-ferrous metals, to stabilize the conditions in the Trade and Industry.

## New York Cotton Prices Establish New Seasonal High Levels

Old crop months established new seasonal high levels reflecting heavy covering in May prior to the first notice day and persistent demand for July against of 55,900 bales to the army for Japanese rehabilitation. Prices receded under considerable volume of profit-taking initiated by the E.C.A. action in halting cotton shipments to China as well as indications that price-fixing operations against Japanese sales were completed. Traders are inclined to favour the buying side based on belief that new crop futures are selling under probable loan rate. The expected mid-April parity price of 30.50 cents would indicate a loan around 29.66 cents for middling 15/15ths inch, should the parity remain unchanged between now and July 15. In the South several European countries, notably France, Italy and Belgium, are expected to enter the market for sizable quantities as soon as E.C.A. funds are allocated.

# Shipping News

## IMPORTS

S.S. BAMORA

From Karachi—811 bags goalwar; 1000 bales cotton.

S.S. DAGHESTAN

From Baltimore—2867 boxes tinplate.

From Philadelphia—59 cases skf pillow blocks, 448 drums diesel oil, 146 drums leather dressing.

From New York—27 drums lubricating oil, 79 boxes power pump and parts, 92 ctns surgical goods, 39 cases bolts and nuts, 108 cases drugs and medicines, 28 ctns cought drop, 25 boxes equipment, 35 crates iron sheets, 32 cases steel cork washers, 48 ctns brake fluid, 247 kcs auto wheels, 62 cases steel screws, 60 bdls. gasholders, 43 cases steel bolts and nuts.

From St. John—91 boxes pole line hardware, 12256 bdls. birchwood, 1200 crates insulators, 132 boxes auto parts.

S.S. MAMANAGE

From Antwerp—88 cases crown corks, 186 cases sheet glass.

Mrom Gevoa.—295 bales cottonyarn; 25 bales silk staple fibreyarn; 40 Cases voil rayon yarn: 47 Cases art silk varn; 105 Cases rayon yarn;

From Legharn.—5140 pcs marble tiles; 2934 pcs marbles; 100 drum boric acid;

S. S. DERRYMEEN

From Yokohama.—262 bdls conduit pipes; 35 Cases art silk yarn; 269 Cases brass wire; 2500 Cases figured glass sheets; 60 bags glass mat printed; 50 Cases automobile head lamp lens; 31 Cases automatic socks macking machine; 200 Cases white zinc; 58 cales woollen yarn; 25 Cases steel surgical instruments; 126 Cases electric light bulbs; 40 Cases hurricane lanterns; 60 Cases metal lamps; 105 bales woollen yarn; 115 Cases conduit tubes; 30 Cases flexible table lamps: 75 Cases sewing machine threadle type: 35 Cases spoons: 137 Cases scientific appliances and apparatus; 50 bales spun rayon yarn: 166 Cases Crown Corks: 50 Cases timepices: 122 Cases alarm clocks; 70 Cases waliclocks: 58 Cases ball bearings; 38 Cases fishing hooks: 80 Cases umbrella ribs; 34 Cases thermos flasks: 119 Cases preparatory machine: 45 Cases sewing machines: 418 Cases conduit pipes: 131 Cases hand sawblades; 75 Cases sewing machines; 38 Cases microscope and accessories: 20 Cases cycle parts;

From Nagoya: 209 crates wall tiles, 400 cases metal lamps, 100 cases hurricane lanterns, 100 cases art silk yarn, 287 cases porcelain ware, 54 oales woollen yarn, 140 cases electric motor complete, 2,000 crates motor glazed tiles, 50 cases copper sulphate, 1,336 crates earthern ware. 1886 crates glazed tiles, 250 crates sanitary ware, 350 packages broken tiles, 100 crates wall tiles, 209 cases cycle parts.

From Kobe: 40 cases glass mirrors, 30 cases cycle accessories, 138 cases electric accessories, 25 cases umbrella ribs, 98 cases glass tumblars, 300 cases camphor powder, 92 cases thermos vaccum flasks, 214 bales woollen yarn, 1,009 cases art silk yarn, 1,350 bales woollen yarn, 35 bales staple fibre yarn, 696 bundles conduit pipe fittings, 115 bundles conduit tubes, 375 cases artificial silk yarn, 509 bales cotton piecegoods, 50 cases staple yarn, 400 cases shuttles, 45 cases thermo flasks, 600 cases zinc oxide, 201 bundles marbles, 97 cases domestic sewing machines, 55 cases belt fasteners, 68 cases glass shell and tubing and reals 50 bales grass mats, 100 cases rayon horses, 197 cases vaccum bottles, 50 bales cotton yarn, 130 cases electrical goods, 40 cases wire healds 60 cases studio cameras, 305 cases ground sheet glass, 79 crates earthern ware tiles, 169 cases ball bearings, 400 cases hurricane lamps, 260 cases bicycle parts and accessories, 104 cases woollen yarn.

## EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORTS

s.s. DARA—

To Karachi—
280 drums paint— J. F. Kapadia.

s.s. CIRCASSIA

To Liverpool—
43 bales cotton hosiery — C. Sarabbas. & Co. 150 bales waste—Zandu Pharmacutical work.

—s.s. FATIMA—

To Karachi—
10 bdls biddies— H. Karrim.

—s.s. RIZWANI—

To Aden—
30 bdls coirrope— G. F. Poonawalla and Co.

—s.s. KHAANDALA—

To Mombassa—
9 cases jomestri — Tanna Trading Co.

s.s. NAGARA—

To Oslo—
150 bales cotton waste— . O. Vora.
To Haumburg—
500 bales cotton waste— L. O. Vora

—MAHANGE—

To Antwerp—
200 bales cotton

s.s. STAVELEH—

To Antwerp—
200 bales cotton waste— L. O. Vora

—s.s. CITY OF PORT SMOOTH—

To Liverpool—
387 drums crude glycerin— Lever Bros. Co. Ltd.

## Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, May 2:

**ARRIVALS**

ARGOFLEX from Kobe with 3,000 tons of general cargo on May 1. Agents: Shaw Wallace.

EROS from New Orleans with 9.600 tons of corn on April 30. Agents: Graham Trading Co

NORBRYN from Hamburg with 7,036 tons of general cargo on April 30. Agents: Volkart Bros.

M. V. GREENWICH from Port Arthur (U. S. A.) with 9,000 tons of wheat in bulk on April 30. Agents: Turner Morrison & Co.

NIAGARA from Chittagong with 3,000 tons of general cargo on May 1. Agents: United Lines Agencies of India Ltd.

S. S. NAVARCHOS from Novorossisk with 10,055 tons of wheat on May 2. Agents: James Mackintosh.

S. S. LINDEKERK from Basrah with 4,336 tons of general cargo on May 2. Agents: Volkart Bros.

S. S. VICTORIA MARIA from Badagara 1,250 tons of general cargo on April 30: Agents: Merchant Steam Navigation.

M. V. STAVELOT from New York with 1,690 tons of general cargo on April 30. Agents: Graham Trading Co., Ltd.

S. S. JALA GOPAL from Bedi-Bunder with 3,729 tons of general cargo on April 30 Agents: Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

**DEPARTURES**

WARLA for Colombo with 2,050 tons of general cargo on May 1.

NIKOBAR for Calcutta with 3,900 tons of general cargo on April 30.

S. S. PORT CHESTERFIELD for Odeess in ballast on May 1.

HERBORG for Basrah with 8,000 tons of general cargo on May 1.

TAURINIA for Genoa with 800 tons of general cargo on May 1.

CARRICK BEND for Manila with 3,800 tons of general cargo on April 20.

S. S. LAXMI for Cochin with 165 tons of general cargo on April 30.

S. S. BHARATKUMAR for Cochin with 1.581 tons of general cargo on May 1.

**DUE TO ARRIVE**

S. S. JALA USHA from U. K.-Continent on 3rd May. Captain C. W. Read.

S. S. JALA KENDRA from U. S. A. on 3rd May. Captain A. Keir

M. V. PORT SAID from Mediterranean Ports on 4th May. Captain ?

**CHEQUES CLEARED**

Cheques delivered through the Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 29-4-1949 were as under:

Number of Cheques: 187416.

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 51.80,27,149-9-0.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, April 30.

May 2,17-5/8.
July 1,94-3/8.
September 1.94-1/2.
December 1.96-3/8


WONDERFUL HEALING OF CUTS, WOUNDS, ULCERS & SORES by using world-famous Zam-Buk

Zam-Buk is the world's greatest antiseptic healer of skin diseases and injuries. Its beneficial action is quick and effective because its active medic

OUR PAKISTAN LETTER

# HINDUS IN SIND FACE THREAT OF BOYCOTT

## Indus Changing Course: Special Engineer's Report On Damage To Sukkur Barrage

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (By Air Mail): Following the damage reported some time ago to Sind's famous Sukkur Barrage, the Governments of Sind and Pakistan seem at present much perturbed over a report that the river Indus itself is changing its course. The author of this report is Khan Bahadur Mohomed Din, a special engineer, who was recently called to report on the extent of damage to the Lloyd Barrage and to suggest necessary repairs thereto.

Besides making his suggestions for the repairs after noting down actual damage to the barrage construction, Khan Bahadur Mohomed Din has sounded a note of warning that the river Indus itself might change its course.

**According to him, within about 25 years, the course of the river Indus will be changed India-wards and it is expected to pass through the Rann of Cutch, wherefrom it used to pass many years ago.**

Khan Bahadur Mohomed Din has, therefore, suggested taking of early steps to check this course-changing of the river also if the Government desire that the huge expenditure on the present Sukkur Barrage may not go waste and thereby reduce the agricultural prosperity of Sind, which at present is on top in comparison to other provinces of Pakistan.

Giving his reasons in this connection, this special engineer has submitted that river Indus flows from a high place where at present much silt is accumulated. If, at any time, there is a huge flow of water from this point, the river is bound to change its course immediately unless some steps are taken to clear this silt and take other precautionary measures immediately.

The authorities of Sind and Pakistan accordingly are faced with this another worry added to that of the damage to the Sukkur Barrage, since they fear that if the prophecy of Khan Bahadur comes true, not only the Sukkur Barrage will become useless but their plan of constructing yet another similar barrage in Lower Sind will have to be shelved.

**COUNTERFEIT PAKISTAN NOTES**

Although Pakistan Currency notes have been put into circulation only a few months ago, people have started making counterfeit notes which too are said to be in circulation since some time.

Some of these counterfeit notes of rupees five, ten and hundred were detected in Karachi a few days ago and since then the police were on the look out for the persons responsible for their manufacture and circulation. They have now been able to apprehend two Muslims from the Cantonment area. Police were also able to recover some of these counterfeit notes from their possession as also from their residences.

It is felt that a regular gang is operating in this connection all over Pakistan and the police are now on the look out for the remaining members of this gang.

**ENDING HUR TROUBLE IN SIND**

Strong demand for the re-establishment of the 'Gadi' of Pir Pagaro, the fantastic religious head of the Hur Community, was made at a mass meeting of the Pir's followers held in Hyderabad (Sind).

The speakers emphasised that if the Governments of Sind and Pakistan agreed to recall Pir Pagaro's sons from England and install them on their father's Gadi, the Hur trouble will soon be over as no Hur can ever dare to over-rule the orders of the Pir occupying the Gadi.

Khaliff Mohomed Rahim, who has recently been released from detention, has been making strenuous efforts in this connection, meeting officials, Ministers and even the Governor of Sind and the Governor-General of Pakistan.

**BOYCOTT OF HINDUS**

**Hindus, still remaining in Pakistan, are facing yet another obstacle since a sort of propaganda is being carried on for their boycott by which Muslims are asked not to buy anything from the shops owned by the Hindus.**

Accordingly, the hopes of these Hindus to continue to live in Pakistan and earn their livelihood are being shattered and the only way open for them seems to be the migration to India.

**PLIGHT OF SINDHI MUSLIMS**

Sindhi Muslims seem much perturbed over the sheer callousness shown towards them by the Pakistan authorities.

Although, Sind could be said to have laid the foundation-stone of Pakistan and allowed its capital to be made in Karachi, Sindhis are being ignored totally in all branches of the Government services.

**Giving facts and figures in this connection, local Sindhi League daily 'Alwahid' has pointed out that out of nearly 40,000 employees of the Central Pakistan Government, only two are Sindhis, while there is not a single Sindhi in the Pakistan Foreign Service.**

The paper has pointed out a number of pledges and assurances given by Pakistan ministers in this connection and said that though it was promissed that after taking over Karachi from Sind and making it Pakistan's Capital, more and more Sindhis would find places in its administration, the facts are quite the contrary since even those Sindhi officials, who were taken over by Pakistan for Karachi's administration, are being gradually replaced by non-Sindhis (mostly Punjabis) and Sindhis are made to revert to their original provincial services.

**MEASURES TO MEET SIND'S DEFICIT**

**In order to meet their huge budgetary deficit, the Government of Sind propose to reduce the number of employees in all their departments, as also effect a flat reduction of Rs. 10 per month from the salaries of all their remaining employees.**

A special officer appointed to make recommendations in this connection has besides, suggested the abolition of the posts of the Parliamentary Secretaries and the stopping of the monthly allowance of the members of the Sind Legislative Assembly.

The officer has also recommended that half of the expense incurred on special guards posted on the Sind border be recovered from the Central Pakistan Government and that the fees in the Government secondary schools be doubled.

# LINGUISM A NECESSITY

## Pattabhi's Plea

BANGALORE, May 2. (A.P.I.): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian National Congress, said here today that it was not practicable to ask for un-lingual provinces, they were a necessity.

Dr. Pattabhi who was addressing Congress workers, said the problem was not present in North India where the provinces were more or less un-lingual. But in the south, he added, six languages were spoken in three provinces. In Madras alone, four different languages were current.

The Congress President said the case for linguistic provinces did not require any justification.

He advised workers not to try to destroy the Ministry unless they could put a better one in its place.

**CIVIC ADDRESSES**

Civic addresses were presented to Dr. Pattabhi by the municipalities of Bangalore and Tumkur today.

Addressing the gathering at Bangalore, the Congress President congratulated the municipality on the beauty, purity and cleanliness of the city and hoped the administration was also as clean.

Later, the President visited a village near Dodballapur where 100 students are doing rural welfare work during their summer vacation.

Dr. Pattabhi has cancelled his tour of Coorg and will return to Madras on Thursday morning by air. He left by car for Mysore tonight. After a day there, he will return to Bangalore on Wednesday.

# RED SHELLING OF BRITISH WARSHIPS

## Attlee To Make Another Statement

LONDON, May 2, (U.P.A.): The Cabinet met at Prime Minister Clement Attlee's office today and prepared for the parliamentary debate scheduled for Thursday on Chinese Communist shelling of British warships on the Yangtse river.

It is understood that Attlee, who made a preliminary statement on the incident in the Commons last week, will make another statement in a full dress debate.

Mr. Winston Churchill, who had demanded "power retaliation" against the Chinese Communists for the shelling, was expected to follow Attlee in the opposition's opening statement.

It is believed Defence Minister A. V. Alexander also would speak.

# ADMINISTRATION OF SANDUR STATE

## Power Delegated To Madras Government

MADRAS, May 2, (A.P.I.): The delegation of powers by the Government of India to the Government of Madras in respect of Sandur State has been notified in a Gazette Extraordinary issued today.

The delegation of authority is "full and exclusive, extra-provincial for, and in relations to, the governance of the State".

The exercise of the jurisdiction is subject to the control of the Central Government.

The ruler of Sandur had recently stated that he had not signed any merger agreement with the Government of Madras.

# CLOSURE OF BRITISH CONSULATES

## Rumanian Request

BUCHAREST, May 2, (U.P.A.): A British Legation spokesman said today the Rumanian Government has requested the British to close their consulates in Constanza and Cluj.

He said the request was made in a note handed to the Legation here last Saturday following a Rumanian Government decree shutting off most of Rumania to foreign travel. Both the consulates are located in prohibited areas.

The note said the Rumanian Government considered them "inopportune".

# MILITARY DISPLAY IN LONDON

LONDON May 2, (U.P.A.): Troops, armoured cars and tanks will parade through London Thursday for Britain's biggest military display since V-E Day.

## Strike Instigators Fined

MADRAS, May 2 (A.P.I.): The Chief Presidency Magistrate today convicted six persons, including the President and Secretary of the Madras Government Bus Transport Workers Union, on charges of having instigated the Government Transport workers to go on strike on January 20 last. They were sentenced to pay fines ranging from Rs. 50 to Rs. 200 each.

Prior to the strike, the Government had declared the Government Bus Transport an "essential service", under the Madras Maintenance of Public Safety Act.

## Monument To Nazi Victims

VIENNA, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): The ill-famed Nazi concentration camp at Mauthausen, near Linz, which has been turned into a national monument to the memory of the prisoners who lost their lives there, was opened today.

The "Punishment House" was restored to its former state, with gas chamber, crematorium and execution and prison cells, and the hut known as "Starvation Hut". A stone monument marks the rifle butts where thousands were executed.

# MAYOR OPENS PRE-FABS AT WADALA

Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay, performed the opening ceremony of the pre-cast folding houses at Wada la on Sunday morning.

# I. A. S. SELECTIONS: 38 CANDIDATES

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API): The Special Recruitment Board have completed their interviews in all the Provinces except East Punjab and U.P. Interviews of East Punjab candidates are now proceeding and those of U.P. will be taken up thereafter, a Home Ministry press note announced today.

In the meantime the Government of India have decided, on the recommendation of the Board, to offer appointments to the Indian Administrative Service, subject to their being found medically fit, to the following 38 candidates whose ranking renders it certain that sufficient vacancies are available for absorption of all candidates attaining the same standard in the final all-India list.

Mr. Nripendarnath Chatterjee, Mr. Anil De, Mr. Siba Pada Sen, Mr. Baidyanath Basu, Mr. Dabendranath Banerjee, Mr. Jitendralal Kundu, Mr. George Jacob, Mr. Birendra Kumar Bhattacharya, Mr. Abani Bhusan Rudram, Mr. Sambhunath Banerjee, Mr. T. C. A. Ramanujachari, Mr. Baleshwar Prasad, Mr. R. Balasubramaniam, Mr. Sarangapani Krishnaswami, Mr. Ajoy Kumar Mazumdar, Mr. Elijah Ephraim Jhirad, Mr. Bhairavanath Rohatgi, Mr. Jagadesan Subbuswamy, Mr. Nabendudutta Majumdar, Mr. Probat Kumar Chakravarti, Mr. Jadavji Jeram Ashar, Mr. Somnath Nanda, Mr. Gopal Handra Dash, Mr. C. R. Krishnamoorthy, Mr. Mannil Sree Ram, Mr. Bidya Shankar Mukherji, Mr. Keshsar Kishore Sar, Mr. Avadh Behari Lal, Mr. Vishnu Sitaram Tilak, Mr. Joseph John Benedict Aloysius Martin, Mr. Joseph Eric Augustus Brown, Mr. Himansu Kumar Ghosh Mr. Pulikool Kannan Nambiar, Mr. Natesa Ramesan, Mr. Mathuranath Goswami, Mr. Binay Bhushan Mandal, Mr. Khsitis Chandra Ray and Mr. A. Venkatesan.

A third and final list of selected candidates will be published when interviews in the remaining two Provinces are completed. This list will not inclue candidates selected from the Province of East Punjam and U.P. but may include some more candidates from the other Provinces, on the basis of their ranking in the final all-India list.

## Soviet Invitation For Student Delegation

BOMBAY, May 2 (API): The All-India Students' Federation has received an invitation from the Anti-Fascist Committee of Soviet Youth to send a delegation of "fraternal youth" to the Soviet Union.

No information was available here regarding the exact purpose and duration of the visit. But it was stated that the Soviet Union would make arrangements for the delegation's stay etc.

The All-India Students' Federation, which has Communist leanings, has decided to send a delegation of Indian youth, and has asked its provincial branches to nominate delegates.

**V. P. MENON IN INDORE**

INDORE, May 2 (A.P.I.): Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, Government of India arrived in Indore this morning by plane. It is learnt Mr. Menon during his short stay here will discuss the question of privy purses and private properties of the Central India states rulers.

**PAKISTAN MINISTERS CONFER**

LAHORE, May 2 (PTI-Reuter): Four ministers of Pakistan Cabinet discussed here this morning the truce proposals of the United Nation's Commission for India and Pakistan. The Secretary General, Mr. Mohammad Ali was also present.

# *NATIONAL CADET CORPS MAKES GOOD PROGRESS*

NEW DELHI, May 2 (API): The National Cadet Corps scheme, it is learnt, is making good progress and has been implemented in the provinces and in the majority of States.

The strength of the corps in 1948 was 14,585 cadets in the senior division and 19,660 cadets in the junior division.

During 1949 the strength will be increased to 24,000 in the senior division and 45,000 in the junior division. The girls division will come into being with an initial strength of 360.

Three women professors each from the Central Provinces, East Punjab and West Bengal are being trained in Delhi area for the Girls' Division. They started their lessons on April 25 and are expected to finish their training in citizenship, physical training, squad dril, first aid, signalling, operation of service telephones and exchanges and wireless sets, rope work, knowledge of motor engines and model-making. They will be shown round service establishments and factories.

The object of the Girls' Division is to make the girls self-reliant, build up their physique and enable them in an emergency to take charge of some of the duties normally carried out by men.

## Jerusalem Quiet

TEL AVIV, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): An official Israeli spokesman stated here today that Jerusalem was quiet this morning and that Israeli troops now occupied all positions allocated to them under the armistice agreement with Transjordan.

# SALES OF PAKISTAN TEA

DACCA, April 30, (PTI-Reuter): Sales of Pakistan tea will start at Chittagong shortly.

A decision to this effect was taken at a conference of tea planters and brokers held here this week to clear a good quantity of the undisposed tea crop.

Over 50 per cent of last year's tea crop has still remained undisposed and a few banks financing the traders, it is stated have, expressed difficulties in continuing to do so until advances made hitherto have been paid up.

The conference also passed a resolution requesting the Pakistan Army to purchase tea produced in Pakistan.

**AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET**

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, May 2.

Market opened quiet, fluctuations were narrow, but general trend was to buy at declines. Calico opened 1161, highest 1165, closed 1164. Arvind opened 1526, highest 1534, closed 1531. Deferred opened 1365, lowest 1361, higest 1397, closed 1379. Closing quotations: Arvind 1531, Ambika 421, Calico 1164, deferred 1397, Ajit 310, Nutan 432-8-0, Bihari 263-12-0, Rohit 112-8-0, Saraspur 615, Atul 36.

**SAURASHTRA MARKET**

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT May 2.

Rajkot Silver Vaishak 181/6/0, Rajkot Aranda September 136/8/0, Jamnagar Silver Vaishak 181/2/0, Jamnagar Aranda September 136/3/0, Wadhwan Cotton Jeth 28/12/6, Wadhwan Sugar Vaishak 16/1/0.

**HAPUR MARKET RATES**

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, May 2.

Wheat 20-22 gram 13-4, barley 13-4, maize 13 bajra 16, juwar 16, guawar 12, peas ready 13, Jeth 12-6, arhar ready 13-2, Jeth 12-12, urd 18, moong 21, masoor 13-15, sarson 27-12, taraseed 21-23, mustardoil 74, oilcake 9-4, groundnut 17-8, cottonseed 15-8, oats 10, gur ready 16, 14-12, Shakkar 16-8, Baishak 13-13, Fagan 11-3, red bardana ready white 124, 100, Asuj 98, September 113, silver 174-9, bearish gold 112-8.

Market steady.

# INTENSIFYING PROVINCE'S FOOD PRODUCTION DRIVE

## Bombay's Agriculture Minister Calls First Conference At Poona

BOMBAY, Monday.—A series of district conferences to intensify the province's food production drive and to work out details thereof have been called by Bombay's Minister for Agriculture Mr. M. P. Patil.

Departmental officials and local non-officials will participate in these conferences, the first of which will commence at Poona on May 8. The detailed programme for each district will be decided at the conference.

Revealing this to pressmen today, Mr. Patil said that every inch of land has to be brought under the plough to bring about the desired self sufficiency in food in the province. He, however, expressed the opinion that the province would not become self-sufficient by 1951, which was the time-limit fixed for the whole country. The normal deficit for the province was about 7 lakhs tons per year, but it has risen to 10 lakhs owing to famine and cyclone havoc.

The Minister further pointed out that Sir John Boyd Orr expressed his satisfaction at the food plans of the Central and provincial Governments at the Delhi Food Ministers' Conference. He was also optimistic that if the plans were carried out within the specified time, India would become self-sufficient in food by 1951.

Mr. Patil further said that Government had issued orders to District Collectors to pay special attention to the food drive in their respective districts.

**IN MERGED AREAS**

A survey was also being carried out to assess the total acreage of waste lands in the merged States which could be brought under the plough. Last year a survey was conducted in respect of about two lakhs of acres and it was found that one-third of it could be brought under cultivation.

Steps were also being taken to educate public opinion to popularise Government's grow-more-food campaign, Mr. Patil said.

# LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

**NEW YORK COTTON JULY**

NEW YORK, May 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 32.45 |
| Today's Opening | 32.43 |
| Difference | —.02 |
| Today's Closing | 32.47 |
| Difference | +.02 |

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

NEW YORK, May 2.

Opening prices: Anaconda Copper Mining 30, General Motors unquoted, United States Steel common 73-1/8, pref unquoted.

**LAST QUOTATION**

BOMBAY, May 2.

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| Silver Vaishak | 181 | 6 |
| Gold Vaisahk | 114 | 0 |
| Silver Bullion | 181 | 0 |
| Silver Mint | 182 | 6 |
| Gold Ready | 115 | 4 |
| Sovereign | 74 | 8 |
| EXPECTATION: | | |
| Cotton Jarila May | 625 | 0 |

# LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

## Displays Quiet Trend

LONDON, May 2 (PTI-Reuter):—A premium of one per cent was established for the new British gas stock when this was introduced on the London Stock Exchange today. The issue was three per cent at war 1990 to 96 and to holders of stock in Gas Companies on the nationalisation of the industry.

Most sections on the exchange were quiet with slight irregularity in prices. The present account ends tomorrow and there was the usual reluctance to deal at such time.

Many of the leading industrials showed gains of few pence but tobaccos and textiles inclined lower. Cable and wireless (ordinary) were again a weak market and lost five points at 223.

European bonds reacted with firmness to the possibility of an early lifting of the Berlin blockade. German and Austrian issues were fractionally higher in quiet trading.

Good results from copper producers attracted support for copper shares and firmness was widespread in the section.

South African gold minings were neglected and occasionally easier.

# CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 2 (API).—The Stock Exchange ruled steady and active today, and fair business was put through. Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.

GOVT SECURITIES: Three per cent Government Paper 98/6, three per cent India Government Loan 1986 98/13, three per cent Victory Bond 1957 101/1, three per cent loan 1951-54 101/2, three per cent loan 1970/75 100, three per cent loan 1953/55 101/8, four per cent loan 1960/70 110/5.

BANKS: Calcutta National Bank 14, Hindustan Commercial 23/4.

COALS: Bengal 398, Borrea 17/2, Burrakur 11/2, Central India 4/3, Equitable 34/2, Talcher 3/8.

JUTES: Lally preference 148, Cheviot preference 149.

MININGS: Burma Corp. 2/3, Consolidated Tin -/15/-, Ind. Copper Corp. 2/-.

ENGINEERINGS: Ind. Iron and Steel ordy 22/13, Ind. Standard Wagon 61, Kumardhubi Engineering 7/7, Steel Corp. of Bengal Ordy. 19, Textile Machinery 6/4.

MISCELLANEOUS: Tone Valley Cement 517, Assam Match 22/8, British India Corp. 7/14, Indian Cables 33/12, Bengal Paper Mills 30/-, Titaghur Paper Mills 31/4, Calcutta Landing and Shipping 13/2, India Steamship 6/8.

SUGARS: Darbhanga 9/-, Murree Brewery 9/9, New India Sugar 7/8, Ramnugger Cane 12/4.

TEAS: Bishnauth 32/4, Dhlakhat 12/8, Hansqua 15/12, Hasimara 45, Loobah 5/3, Namburnadi 7/2, New Chumta 22/12.

**KARACHI COTTON MARKET**

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 2.

Cotton Sind NT 91, Punjab 289 F 94-8, LSS 86-8, Four F 84. Steadily held but featureless spot sales 2554, 2250 bales exports 2823 of which 1500 for Kobe, 300 for Bombay. New crop NT October quoted 80 to 81 but no business. Local stocks estimated 262,000 against 145,000 last year.

Cottonseeds NT ready 9, May 9-5, steady stock exchange Habib Bank 178, Karachi electric 136, Mohammadi steamship 96-8, ex-dividend three per cent 1960 loan 101-9, quiet.

PATNA, May 2, (A.P.I.): In the Bihar Assembly today, the Speaker disallowed an adjournment motion moved by Mr. Haribans Sahay (Congress) to discuss the drying up of Sur canal in Camparan.

# ISRAEL'S ENTRY INTO U. N.

## Pakistan Opposition

FLUSHING MEADOW, May 2 (PTI-Reuter).—Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, of Pakistan, headed opposition in the U.N. General Assembly today to a proposal to speed up consideration of Israel's admission to the United Nations.

The Assembly had before it a Steering Committee recommendation that the matter be referred to the minor rather than the regular Political Committee.

The Assembly was also requested to approve recommendation setting a target date of May 14 for completing this session's work.

Sir Mohammed maintained that the Assembly had already decided to refer Israel's admission to its regular Political Committee and had decided to act only on that Committee's recommendation.

Under the rules of procedure, a two-thirds majority would be necessary to alter that decision and re-allocate the matter to the minor committee, he said.

# BOMBAY ORDER ON MARATHI WEEKLY

BOMBAY, May 2, (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay has served an order on Mr. R. A. Joshi, Editor, Printer and Publisher of "Akhand Bharat", a Marathi weekly of Poona, prohibiting him from printing and publishing in his paper till May 12, 1949, any matter bearing directly or indirectly on the trial of Nathuram Godse and others accused in the Gandhi Murder Case or the Rashtriya Swayamsevak Sangh.

Announcing this today a Bombay Government press note said that a similar order was served on Mr. A. D. Inamdar, keeper of the Shree Sharada Mudranalaya where the "Akhand Bharat" is printed. The orders have been issued under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947". The Provincial Press Advisory Committee was consulted before taking th's action", the press note said.

## India's Envoy To I. L. O. Industrial Committee

MADRAS, May 2 (UPI): The third session of the International Labour Organisation Industrial Committee on inland transport will meet at Brussels (Belgium) from 17th May the session will last for ten days.

Mr. H. Sitarama Reddi, Minister for Labour, Madras Government, who will lead the Government of India's delegation to the session will be leaving Bombay on 13th for Burssels by an Air-India International.

## Evacuees From Burma Arrives In Madras

MADRAS, May 2 (API): Indian evacuees from Burma numbering 2,500 arrived in Madras yesterday and today.

S. S. JALADURGA which arrived last evening carried 2,400: The rest arrived by S S KORAVA this morning. Half of the evacuees belong to Tamil districts and Malabar.

**PROTEST AGAINST ADVERTISEMENT TAX**

AHMEDABAD, May 2 (API).—A protest against advertisement tax imposed by the Government of Bombay was voiced at the special session of All Gujerat Newspapers Editors' Conference held today.

**Stop Press**

**LAND REVENUE REMISSION IN BARODA**

BARODA, May 2 (A. P. I.): The Government of Bombay have granted a land revenue remission of ten per cent in Baroda territory for the current year, to commemorate Baroda's merger with Bombay.

The concession will apply only to those landholders who have not been granted any remission during the year.

**CAIRO EXPLOSION INJURES TWO**

CAIRO, May 2. (U.P.A.): Two persons were injured today when an explosive, apparently discarded in rubbish heap on May Day, went off and shook buildings in Central Cairo.

The blast occurred while a garbage man was collecting rubbish in a side street. He was injured seriously and a passerby injured slightly. Damage was light. The explosion followed a police search for munitions.

# "SUNK STEADILY IN THE MIRE"

## Muslim League—A Corrupt Organisation

JAMMU (By Mail):

"The Pakistan Times", in its issue of the 6th April, describes in detail the manner in which the Muslim League Organization, "has sunk steadily in the mire". The gentlemen who run the organisation are selfish and corrupt and have absolutely no interest in the common man. The paper reports that no decision concerning the people was taken in the recent meeting of the Working Committee of the Muslim League which fact, according to the paper, is "one more illustration of utter incompetency or worse on part of the gentlemen concerned."

The "Inqilab" (Lahore—6th April) in an editorial note deplores the undemocratic and unrepresentative character of the Muslim League. The League has become the monopoly of the few. The whole machinery of the organisation is corrupt from top to bottom. The President, Ch. Khaliq-uz-Zuman, according to "Inqilab", is responsible for encouraging factional intrigues and causing rift in the ranks with the obvious purpose of continuing his dictatorship. It is he who made Mr. Abdul Qayum the centre of plots under whose control the whole province of N.W.F.P. is smarting. He is maintaining himself by winning over the Assembly Members by bribes, by weaving plots against his opponents and adopting ingenious methods of interfering in the work of courts and dispensation of justice. The League is a body which has no programme except nominating candidates to the legislatures and seeking gainful employments for their friends.

# LAND FOR ITALY'S LANDLESS

ROME, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): About 200,000 Italian families now without land, should get about 15 acres of farm land each if land reports proposed by Signor Alcide De Gasperi, are successful, according to farming experts.

Signor De Gasperi proposed that about 3,000,000 acres should be seized and handed over to efficient farm labourers. Landowners would be compensated according to the fertility of the land. About 8,000 landowners would be affected.

# *HOME FOR GERMAN ORPHANS*

LONDON, (By Cable).

The Lord Mayor of London is providing funds to endow a home for orphaned children in Germany. He is making a grant of £6,000 (Rs. 80,000) to the Salvation Army from his Children's Fund.

A special building is to be equipped near Hanover in the British Zone for unwanted children and orphans and for those whose parents have disappeared during the move from the Soviet Zone to Western Germany. It will make a comfortable home for 100 of them.

Other promises of financial aid have also been receive by the Salvation Army. These will enable them to care for a further 100 children in the near future.

# *INDEPENDENT BEATS LEAGUER*

DACCA, May 2 (UPI): Janab Shamsul Huq, an Independent candidate, was declared elected in the bye-election to the East Bengal Legislative Assembly from Tangail south rural Muslim constituency, defeating the Provincial Muslim Muslim League nominee Janab Khurrum Khan Pani by 60 votes.

It may be recalled that the bye-election was caused by a decision of the election tribunal which set aside the election of Maulana Abdul Hamid Vasani from this constituency.

## India Ratifies I. L. O. Convention

NEW DELHI, May 2 (U.P.I.): The I. L. O. has just announced the ratification by India of the Labour Inspection Convention adopted in 1947. The Convention requires countries ratifying it to maintain a Labour Inspection System, which conforms to standards set out in the Convention.

India is the second country to ratify the Convention, Norway having accepted it in January.

## French Troops Leave For Indo-China

ALGIERS, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): One thousand officers and men mainly from the French Foreign Legion embarked at Oran, North Africa, today for Indo-China.

Despatch of 500 Foreign Legion troops as reinforcements for the French Army fighting Viet-Nam Nationalists in Indo-China was reported in March.

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# Half A Million Live On City Pavements

## TEXTILE INDUSTRY AND INFLUX OF REFUGEES RAISE POPULATION

## Big Shortage And Difficulty Of Fixing Housing Targets

**BOMBAY, MAY 1 (A.P.I.): ABOUT ONE AND A HALF MILLION PEOPLE IN BOMBAY ARE EITHER HOMELESS OR ILL-HOUSED AND NEARLY HALF A MILLION OF THEM LIVE ON THE PAVEMENTS, ACCORDING TO A TEAM OF A.P.I. STAFF REPORTERS WHO HAVE JUST CONCLUDED A STUDY OF THE CITY'S HOUSING PROBLEM.**

Their report is based on interviews wit Municipal authorities and housing experts, and on-the-spot investigations in various localities.

The A.P.I. fact-finders of the housing situation in Bombay reported:—

(1) The pressure on housing is acute; accommodation available at present can house Bombay's population only at the rate of 20 to 30 per room of 10 feet by 10 feet.

(2) Bombay's population increased from one and a half million to over 3-1/2 million in the last ten years; only about 12,000 new houses were built during the period.

(3) Overcrowding has resulted in the deterioration of the city's health services and social amenities. The water supply is inadequate, sewers are surcharged, and electricity and gas supply have been curtailed.

(4) The Bombay Government's housing organisation, with its current building programme costing Rs. 60,000,000 has constructed 4,000 tenements, providing accommodation for about 16,000 people.

(5) Bombay's present population needs at least 35,000 new houses—17,000 low-income homes; 15,000 medium-income homes and 2,500 high-income homes.

Overcrowding at hotels, markets, stores and restaurants, long queues at bus stands, railway stations, tram stops and places of entertainment, ugly spaces, rows and rows of sleeping men, women and children on the footpaths—these are some of the features of Bombay's population problem.

The available land surface of the city — some of which was reclaimed from the sea — is literally crammed with more than 35 lakhs of human beings, which is more than three times the capacity of the city under normal conditions.

There have been systematic accretions to the city's population during the past two decades, but very few new houses have been built to meet their demands.

Housing conditions in Bombay were bad enough in the past and have steadily grown worse ever since.

In 1940 nearly a lakh of people were living at the rate of ten to nineteen persons in a small room.

Today, with its population more than doubled, and with not many new houses coming up, large portions of the population are faced with acute stringency of housing accommodation.

One of the main causes for the rapid growth of the city's population is the development of the textile industry. The textile mills now work round the clock. This avenue of employment has attracted a large number of villagers to the city.

### INFLUX OF REFUGEES

**Then followed the huge influx of refugees from Sind and the Punjab, following partition. Their strength in the camps and the city is estimated at five lakhs.**

As against this increase in the population, the growth of buildings in Bombay has not kept pace with the demand. Further, some insanitary dwellings had been demolished, no new buildings taking their place.

Bombay's houseless and floating lakhs are a formidable problem to the enumerator and the election officer. Without proper addresses, the voters' list, which is to be drawn up on the basis of adult suffrage is bound to be incomplete.

One of the main difficulties in the solution of the housing problem in the city is the definite limitation imposed by the geographical configuration of the Bombay island. The city is capable of growing only in one direction, namely the north, the three other directions being enclosed by sea.

Greater Bombay, however, might develop so as to provide accommodation for over 35 lakhs of people, but its terrain consists mostly of hills alternating with low-lying ground, entailing enormous costs of clearing and levelling up.

### FIXING TARGETS

Housing targets, particularly for Bombay, are also difficult of fixation. There is the question of availability of raw materials and the uncertainties caused by lack of information on yearly family incomes. This latter is essential to determine the rent-paying capacity of the tenants and to draw up plans for homesteads suitable for different classes of tenants.

## RED TROUBLE IN HYDERABAD

HYDERABAD, May 2 (UPI).—Recrudescence of Communist activity in Huzurnagar Taluka of Nalgonda district has been reported here. On April 29, a band of armed Communists led by two ring-leaders—Appiah and Sitaramayya—entered the village of Vellabunda and killed a villager.

Another gang of Communists looted the houses of two wealthy merchants of Bhatavalla, another village in Hazurnagar taluka, on April 28.

Armed Communists attacked villagers in Lingagiri, an Indian Union enclave in the State, on Saturday last and wounded two persons.

The villagers, it is reported, were returning from fields with palm leaves loaded in bullock carts when the gangsters pounced upon them and drove away the animals and robbed them of their cash.

## ALL-PARTY RULE IN HYDERABAD

### Socialist's Suggestion

HYDERABAD, May 2 (UPI).—"An All-Party Interim Government for the transitory period until the future of the State is decided will go a long way in solving the problems which the present bureaucratic Government has failed to tackle," said Mr. B. S. Mahadev Singh, Socialist leader, in an interview today.

As regards the proposed Advisory Committees, he said that apart from serving any useful purpose they would rise to unnatural leadership which had nothing to do with the masses. "I believe no well-wisher of Hyderabad will agree to serve on these committees", he added.

### Advisory Committees In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Dn), April 30 (API).—Mr. G. S. Melkote, member of the Hyderabad State Congress Working Committee, in a statement said that the Advisory Committees proposed by the Military Government of Hyderabad to help them in the various aspects of administration, "have no place in the present set up".

He added: 'If the military Government feels its job finished it should quit: otherwise if it is to continue it is desirable to continue without trying to boost up unnatural leadership".

# TRIAL FOR CONSPIRACY NOT IN ORDER

## BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS

### 90. The Kabab—Seller

**You are no connoisseur of food if you haven't visited this corner of Mohomedali Road during some week-end and tasted the Kababs fresh from the "segri", when no friend or relative is watching. The tang of this meat dish, according to the seller, is bound to remind you of the Moghul days. With many a snob patronising him secretly on holidays, this vendor has a tendency to turn a braggart. He talks of his family being famous all over Delhi or Lucknow for quite a century for Kabab-making. He may even call himself a genuine descendent of the "Karims of the Shami Kabab fame." There is only one drawback about this Karim who migrated to Bombay. He is a bit crooked in his trade. Those deal-wood boxes piled up behind him give away the game: Painted on them are the code letters which make you recall the war years—"M and V rations (with peas)—180 tins—18 months." Those tins of meat have been sold by the Disposals Directorate on a mass scale at the end of hostilities. Though the eighteen months referred to on the deal-wood box have ended more than 24 months ago, our vendor still uses this old, discarded meat for Kababs.**

## *Expansion Of Madras Cabinet Deferred*

### *RAJA-PRAKASAM TALKS FAIL*

MADRAS, May 2 (A.P.I.): Negotiations between Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, the Premier, and Mr. T. Prakasam, former Premier, for broad-basing the present Ministry have virtually broken down.

These negotiations commenced with the assumption of office by the new Ministry on April 6, when Mr. Kumaraswami Raja announced that he would have a composite Cabinet comprising members from all groups within the Congress Legislature Party.

Since then a series of meetings have taken place between Mr. K. Kamaraja Nadar, President, Tamil Nad Congress, Dr. P. Subbaroyan and Mr. Prakasam.

These talks culminated in Mr. Kumaraswami Raja meeting Mr. Prakasam this evening at the latter's residence.

At the end of half an hour's discussion, Mr. Prakasam told the waiting pressmen that "the negotiations have broken down as they could not agree to our demands".

Mr. Raja also told pressmen that he could not concede the demands made by Mr. Prakasam.

**INCLUDE THE BEST**

Mr. Prakasam demanded that the present Ministry should resign "en bloc" and the leader, Mr. Kumaraswami Raja should re-form the Ministry on the lines of the East Punjab Cabinet including "the best available member of the Congress Legislature Party".

If this could not be done, the entire question of the formation of Madras Ministry should be referred to the Congress Parliamentary Board for their decision, he said.

Mr. Prakasam considered the Premier's offer to take in only two members from Mr. Prakasam's group, namely Dr. P. Subbaroyan and Mr. Teneti Viswanatham, as "too niggardly" in view of the fact that he had the support of 90 members as against 105 for Mr. Raja.

Mr. Raja said in an interview that inview of the deadlock in their negotiations, he had deferred the expansion of the Ministry for the time being.

Any expansion in the Cabinet, in his view, should bring about an understanding among all the groups contributing to the stability and strength of the administration.

### Standing Finance Committee

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): The Standing Finance Committee will meet here from May 9 to 14 to consider the Economic Committees' report.

## *"OCCUPATION OF JAPAN NO LONGER NECESSARY"*

### *Allies' Purposes Fulfilled, Says MacArthur*

TOKYO, May 2 (P.T.I.-Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Allied Supreme Commander, told the Japanese people today that as far as they are concerned the occupation of Japan is no longer necessary. "Allied purposes enunciated at Potsdam in many essential respects have been fulfilled", he said in a message on the second anniversary of Japan's democratic constitution tomorrow.

"You have worked diligently and faithfully to discharge your surrender commitments. That Allied forces still occupy your native soil is by no means due to a fault of yours since the inception of the occupation, but rather to events and circumstances elsewhere beyond your capacity to influence or control."

General MacArthur said the character of the occupation had changed from stern rigidity of military operation to friendly guidance of protective force.

He added that it was his purpose to speed this transition as rapidly as the Japanese were able to assume the attendant responsibility.

# Defence Contention In Godse Appeal

## ARGUMENTS BEFORE EAST PUNJAB HIGH COURT

**SIMLA, May 2 (A.P.I. & U.P.I.): Nearly two and a half months after he was sentenced to death by a Special Court in Delhi for murder of Mahatma Gandhi, Nathuram Godse appeared before a full bench of the East Punjab High Court today to argue in person his appeal against his conviction on the charge of conspiracy.**

Six others—also convicted with him by the Delhi Court in connection with the murder of Mahatma Gandhi—were appealing today but through Counsel.

The heavily guarded court room—the drawing room of the old Viceregal Lodge—was packed to capacity as Godse, dressed in a half-sleeved white shirt and grey flannel trousers was brought in to argue his own case. He sat in a specially constructed dock to the left of the bench.

Mr. Bannerji, Counsel for Madanlal and Apte opening his arguments in the appeal preferred by Nathuram Godse, Mahatma's assassin and his five accomplices raised two important legal points.

They are (1) the procedure adopted by the Special Court was not warranted by law and (2) when a conspiracy ends in a crime the conspiracy merges into the crime.

In support of his contention he cited three authorities. A good part of the day was devoted to the argument of this point. The Court rose when Mr. Bannerji was still arguing his case.

The hearing of the appeal against the charges of a conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi and the sentences passed by Mr. Atma Charan, Special Judge on February 10, 1949, commenced at 10 a.m. this morning before a Full Bench of the East Punjab High Court consisting of Mr. Justice A. N. Bhandari, Mr. Justice Achru Ram and Mr. Justice G. D. Khosla.

Mr. C. K. Daphtary, Advocate-General, Bombay, along with Messrs. Pettigara and M. J. Vayaharkar appeared on behalf of the Crown. The following appeared on behalf of the appellant: Mr. B. Bannerji for Apte and Madanlal, Mr. Dange for Karkare, Mr. Wasti for Shankar Kistayya and Mr. P. L. Inamdar for Gopal Godse and Dr. Parchure Nathuram V. Godse appears in person.

### NO CLEAR EVIDENCE

Appearing for Apte and Madanlal, Mr. Bannerji said that charges against them were that they had entered into a conspiracy to murder Mahatma Gandhi and had committed various crimes in pursuance of that conspiracy which had been carried out successfully by murdering Mahatma Gandhi.

The prosecution, he said, was not able to prove when, with whom and where the conspiracy was hatched. He referred to page 96 Vol. III of the judgment of the Special Court and said that there was no clear evidence forthcoming regarding the conspiracy.

Justice Achru Ram: There seldom is.

Proceeding Mr. Bannerji submitted that the facts of the case were summarised in two chapters of the judgment, in Chapter 3 prosecution witnesses, and in Chapter 5 defence witnesses. He then read out exhaustively from Chapter 3 and said that there were two most important points of the conspiracy mentioned in the Chapter, namely, that they had conspired to kill Pandit Jawaharlal, Suhrawardy and Gandhiji, and the statement that their work would be successfully finished.

While reference was being made to the explosion in Birla House, Mr. Justice Khosla, intervened: Was the explosion before or after the car started?"

Justice Achru Ram: Prosecution witness said the driver was not sure of that.

Mr. Bannerji: The driver said: "Just before or after."

Justice Achru Ram: Your point is that Nathuram was lying unwell and did not come to the Birla House and that Gopal Godse never came.

### GWALIOR VISIT

As Mr. Bannerji was reading out from the judgment, Mr. Justice Bhandari asked: What was their object of going to Gwalior if not for procurement of the pistol?

Mr. Bannerji: So far as the procurement of the pistol was concerned, Your Lordship will not find the name of Apte. Goel gave the pistol to Dandwate to be given to Nathuram.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: That makes no difference. Nathuram goes with Apte, if the prosecution is to be believed, to get a useful revolver from Dada and Dixitji Maharaj. Failing there, they went to Gwalior.

Mr. Bannerji: To get a revolver for two pistols. The second pistol was returned to Apte. It was in exchange for a pistol.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: The question is: "What use was intended to be made of that."

Mr. Bannerji: Why this inference, My Lords.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: That is what we are here for.

Mr. Bannerji drew Their Lordship's attention to page 90 line 31 of the judgment where the basis of the charges was laid down.

**Referring to Chapters 10 and 14 of the judgment, the counsel for the appellant submitted that according to these chapters, it was established that the accused were associated with each other. No explanation as such was given by the accused and the explanation was not satisfactory.**

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: That is hardly a fair way of putting it.

Mr. Bannerji: My submission is that failure to prove the demonstration will not prove conspiracy.

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: Certainly not.

Mr. Justice Khosla: The prosecution proved the association of the accused. You give a different explanation. If the explanation is not proved are we to go back to the proof?

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: If the evidence of the prosecution is otherwise unconvincing, the Court should reject it.

### CONSPIRACY AND CRIME

Mr. Justice Achru Ram: That is a novel proposition.

When Mr. Bannerji made a reference to English law to prove his contention, Mr. Justice Achru Ram again intervened: Whatever may have been the motive of the then Government, the offence of conspiracy is much wider in scope than in England.

**Mr. Bannerji submitted that conspiracy to commit a felony merges with the crime and conspiracy to commit a misdemeanour merges with the misdemeanour. Judges strongly disapprove of this course of action.**

Mr. Justice Bhandari: Which course of action?

Mr. Bannerji: Conspiracy and crime being charged together.

The enactment of Section 120 (B) and 107 (II) I.P.C. was next brought into consideration and discussions began on their interpretation.

Continuing Mr. Bannerji said that Nathuram Godse had also been convicted under Section 120 (B) and 115 I.P.C. for conspiracy and abetment. It was really a startling proposition that Godse who had been convicted for murder should also be convicted of abetment of murder. This, he said, was a misjoinder of charges and trial.

Mr Justice Achru Ram remarked that the question of misjoinder of charges will be taken up later. Let us first take up our point whether there can be no trial for conspiracy where the offence for which conspiracy had been alleged was actually committed?

Mr. Bannerji quoted several law reports to substantiate his contention whereupon Mr. Justice Achru Ram remarked that those authorities did not help him. They rather went against him. The Judgments cited by Mr. Bannerji, including that of Lahore High Court held that separate conviction can take place, although separate sentence may not be necessary.

The Counsel submitted that he had raised this question because his client Madanlal had been awarded a separate sentence for conspiracy.

### SAME TRANSACTION

The question of English law having been referred to again, Mr. Justice Achru Ram said: Indian law has not departed from the English law on the side of liberty. Section 40 is designed to be much wider than the English law.

**Continuing, Mr. Bannerji referred to the inclusion of Dr. Parchure. He was**

(Continued on page 7)

## *Mixed Grill*

IT is, surely, a far cry from the days when governments had nothing more to do except to collect taxes and maintain law and order. Today, it is their job to sell grain, find accommodation for buffaloes, settle quarrels between employers and employees, teach peasants new types of ploughs, and hold conferences dealing with everything under the sun from the Commonwealth to compost manure.

But the latest in the list is perhaps the most difficult. The story comes from Madras how that harried Government has to act a marriage broker and get two girls married off. It was in a rash moment that the Government agreed to take over the management of an institution for destitute girls, with the promise that it would run the institution under the old rules — and yet run it better. Everything went along smoothly till two girls completed their courses of study and waited breathlessly for developments. Under the rules (and no bureaucrat ever breaks rules) it was their right to get married. And so the usual advertisements were inserted and a hundred chivalrous men from distant parts of the country responded to the advertisement. The girls will now be allowed a free choice among the applicants.

This may be just the faint beginning of greater things to come. Soon the newspapers, instead of carrying small, obscure, tabulated adlets under the general heading 'MATRIMONIAL', might have long ads placed by a government department along the lines of those placed by the various Public Service Commissions.

Whereas, the advertisement might say, even girls are in need of marriage, intending suitors should send applications to the Government Marriage Bureau; Applications enclosing a treasury receipt for Rs. ten must reach this office before May 15. Applications must be in triplicate and must contain information under all the heads listed below. Testimonials must be enclosed; and each candidate must provide the reference of at least two respectably married persons. Selected candidates might be called for interview at their own expense.

Canvassing, direct or indirect, writing love-letters, sending flowers or any other manner of wooing, overt or covert will be regarded as a serious disqualification.

**FORM OF APPLICATION**

**Full name, beginning with surname if any, (in block letters).**
**Height.**
**Weight.**
**Do you wear spectacles?**
**Are you bald or grey?**
**Do you limp, stutter, blink or hiccup?**
**Complexion.**
**Any peculiarity of head or limbs?**
**Language you speak, if any.**
**Details of pedigree.**
**Unmarried or widowed?**
**Any other autobiographical material which may be of special interest.**

*Grumbler*

## ISRAELIS MASTER RAILWAY LINE

### Tel-Aviv Jerusalem Train Service Resumed

TEL AVIV, May 2, (PTI-Reuter): Israeli forces were today masters of the whole railway line from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem following clashes with Arabs yesterday.

Trains were able to run again after Israeli troops occupied a seven mile stretch of the line near Jerusalem, but it will take a fortnight to mend the bridges damaged.

The occupation, in accordance with a bilateral agreement between Nyifhol and Transjordan, met with opposition from irregulars whose resistance was overcome.

Fighting began when local Arabs objected to Israeli occupation of the area south of Jerusalem which was described as essential to the Lydda-Jerusalem railway.

### Orders On Appeals Of Akalis Reserved

NEW DELHI, May 2, (A.P.I.): The Sessions Judge, Delhi, reserved orders today on the appeals preferred by Sardar Ajit Singh, former North-West Frontier Province Minister, and five other Akali leaders against their convictions for addressing a meeting in Rakabganj Gurdwara in February last in defiance of the District Magistrate's order banning public meetings.

The appelants were arrested on February 19 here and tried by a Magistrate who sentenced them to six months rigorous imprisonment each.

The appellants pleaded that the congregation in the Gurdwara which they had attended was of a purely religious nature.

The public Prosecutor opposing the appeals pressed for the enhancement of the sentence and said that the fact that the accused had previous knowledge of the ban was evident from their statement.

### Pak Premier In Dublin

DUBLIN, May 2, (U.P.A.): Pakistan Premier Liaquat Ali Khan arrived here by air from London today for a two-day visit.

He was given a reception by members of the Indian colony at the Shelbourne Hotel. Later today he was received by President Sean T. O'Kelly and tonight is scheduled to confer with Premier John A. Costello.

MUTT AND JEFF—What Do You Expect On Meatless Tuesday — By BUD FISHER

STEAK ONLY $2.75? I'LL HAVE A STEAK AND HURRY IT!
YES SIR!
HEY WAITER! WHERE'S MY STEAK?
STEAK? I BROUGHT YOU YOUR STEAK, SIR!
THE HECK YOU DID? YOU BROUGHT AN EMPTY PLATE!
OH, GOLLY! I MUST HAVE WALKED TOO FAST!
- AND IT BLEW OUT THE WINDOW!

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